

SINEAX G536

Phase Angle or Power Factor Transducer

Carrying rail housing P13/70

Application

The transducer **SINEAX G536** (Fig. 1) measures the phase angle or power factor between current and voltage of a single or 3-phase balanced network having a sine wave form.

The output signal, in the form of a **load independent** DC current or voltage, is proportional to the phase angle resp. power factor between the 2 measured quantities current and voltage.

The transducer fulfils all the important requirements and regulations concerning electromagnetic compatibility **EMV** and **Safety** (IEC 1010 resp. EN 61 010). It was developed and is manufactured and tested in strict accordance with the **quality assurance standard** ISO 9001.



Fig. 1. Transducer SINEAX G536 in housing P13/70 clipped onto a top-hat rail.

Features / Benefits

- Measuring input: Sine, rectangular or distorted wave forms of input quantities with dominant fundamental wave

Measured variables	Nominal input current	Nominal input voltage	Measuring range limits
Phase angle or power factor	0.5 to 6 A	10 to 690 V	Min. span 20 °el Max. span 360 °el

- Measuring output: Unipolar, bipolar or live zero output variables
- Measuring principle: Measurement of the zero crossing interval
- AC/DC power supply / Universal
- Standard as with maritime execution (formerly GL, Germanischer Lloyd)

Technical data

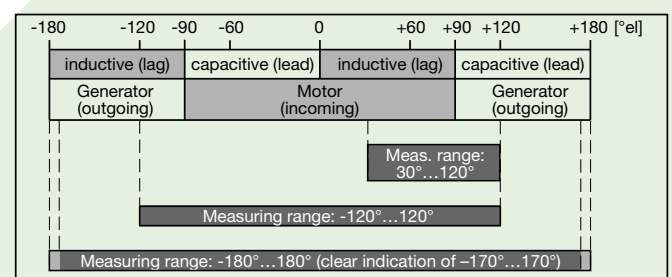
General

Measured quantity: Phase angle or power factor between current and voltage

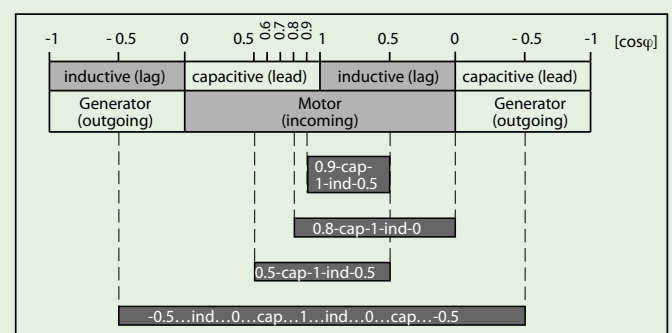
Measuring principle: Measurement of the zero crossing interval

Measuring input

Examples of measuring ranges with φ -linear output



Examples of measuring ranges with $\cos\varphi$ -linear output



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Nominal frequency f_N : 16 ... 400 Hz
 Nominal input voltage U_N : 10 ... 690 V
 (max. 230 V with power supply from voltage measuring input)
 Response sensitivity: 10 ... 120% U_N
 Nominal input current I_N : ≥ 0.5 to 6.0 A
 Response sensitivity: $< 1\%$ I_N
 Own consumption: < 0.1 VA per current path
 $U_N \cdot 1.5$ mA per voltage path

Overload capacity:

Input variables $I_N \cdot U_N$	Number of applications	Duration of one application	Interval between two successive applications
$1.2 \times I_N$	—	continuously	—
$20 \times I_N$	10	1 s	100 s
$1.2 \times U_N^1$	—	continuously	—
$2 \times U_N^1$	10	1 s	10 s

¹ But max. 264 V with power supply from voltage measurement

Measuring output \rightarrow

Load-independent DC current: 0 ... 1 to 0 ... 20 mA resp. live-zero
 1 ... 5 to 4 ... 20 mA
 ± 1 to ± 20 mA

Burden voltage: + 15 V, resp. - 12 V

Load-independent DC voltage: 0 ... 1 to 0 ... 10 V resp. live-zero
 0.2 ... 1 to 2 ... 10 V
 ± 1 to ± 10 V

Load capacity: Max. 4 mA

Voltage limit under $R_{ext} = \infty$: ≤ 25 V

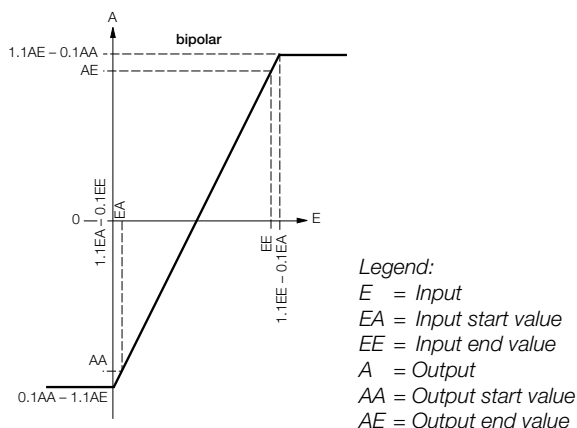
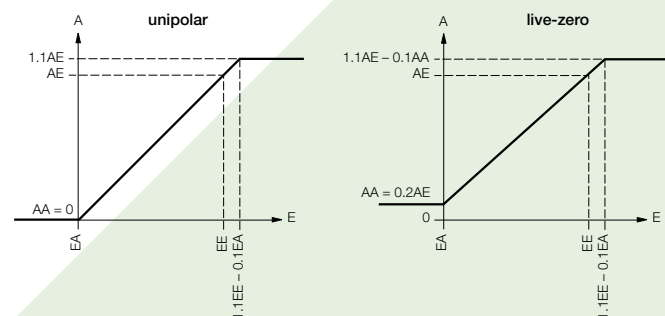
Current limit under overload: Approx. 30 mA

Residual ripple in output current: $< 0.5\%$ p.p.

Nominal value of response time: 4 periods of the nominal frequency

Other ranges: 2, 8 or 16 periods of the nominal frequency

Output characteristic



Accuracy (acc. to EN 60 688)

Reference value: Output span
 Basic accuracy: Class 0.5

Reference conditions

Ambient temperature: 15 ... 30 °C
 Input current: 0.8 ... 1.2 I_N
 Input voltage: 0.8 ... 1.2 U_N
 Frequency: $f_N \pm 10\%$
 Wave forms: Sine wave
 Power supply: At nominal range
 Output burden: ΔR_{ext} max.

Additional errors (maxima):

Voltage influence between 0.5 and 1.5 U_N : $\pm 0.3\%$
 Current influence between 0.4 and 1.5 I_N : $\pm 0.3\%$
 between 0.1 and 1.5 I_N : $\pm 0.5\%$

Safety

Protection class: II (protection isolated, EN 61 010)
 Housing protection: IP 40, housing (test wire, EN 60 529)
 IP 20, terminals (test finger, EN 60 529)

Contamination level: 2

Overvoltage category: III

Rated insulation voltage (against earth): 230 V resp. 400 V, inputs
 230 V, power supply
 40 V, output

Test voltage: 50 Hz, 1 min. acc. to EN 61 010-1
 3700 resp. 5550 V, inputs versus all other circuits as well as outer surface

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Test voltage
(continuation): 3250 V, input U versus input I
 3700 V, power supply versus output
 as well as outer surface
 490 V, output versus outer surface

Power supply → ○

AC/DC power pack (DC or 50/60 Hz)

Table 1: Rated voltages and permissible variations

Rated voltage	Tolerance
85 ... 230 V DC, AC	DC - 15 ... + 33%
24 ... 60 V DC, AC	AC ± 15%

or

Power supply from
voltage measuring input: 24...60 V AC or 85...230 V AC

Option: Connect to the low tension to terminals 12 and 13
 24 V AC or 24 ... 60 V DC

Power consumption: 3 VA

Installation data

Mechanical design: Housing **P13/70**

Material of housing: Lexan 940 (polycarbonate),
 flammability Class V-0 acc. to UL 94,
 self-extinguishing, non-dripping,
 free of halogen

Mounting: For rail mounting

Mounting position: Any

Weight: Approx. 0.24 kg

Connecting terminals

Connection element: Screw-type terminals with indirect
 wire pressure

Permissible cross section
of the connection leads: ≤ 4.0 mm² single wire or
 2 x 2.5 mm² fine wire

Environmental conditions

Operating temperature: - 10 to + 55 °C

Storage temperature: - 40 to + 70 °C

Relative humidity: ≤ 75%, no dew

Altitude: 2000 m max.

Indoor use statement!

Ambient tests

EN 60 068-2-6: Vibration

Acceleration: ± 2 g

Frequency range: 10 ... 150 ... 10 Hz, rate of frequency
 sweep: 1 octave/minute

Number of cycles: 10, in each of the three axes

EN 60 068-2-27: Shock

Acceleration: 3 x50
 3 shocks each in 6 directions

EN 60 068-2-1/-2/-3: Cold, dry heat, damp heat

IEC 1000-4-2/-3/-4/-5/-6
EN 55 011: Electromagnetic compatibility

Maritime product features (formerly GL, Germanischer Lloyd)

Type approval certificate: No. 12 261-98 HH

Ambient category: C

Vibration: 0.7 g

Table 2: Specification and ordering information

Description	*Blocking code	no-go with blocking code	Article No./ Feature
SINEAX G536	Order Code 536 - xxxx xxxx xx		536 -
Features, Selection			
1. Mechanical design Housing P13/70 for rail mounting			4
2. Measuring mode For phase angle (φ-linear)	A		1
For power factor (cosφ-linear)	B		2

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Description	*Blocking code	no-go with blocking code	Article No./ Feature
SINEAX G536 Order Code 536 - xxxx xxxx xx			536 –
Features, Selection			
3. Application Single-phase AC			1
U: L1 & L2 I: L1 3 or 4-wire 3-phase balanced load			2
U: L2 & L3 I: L2 3 or 4-wire 3-phase balanced load			3
U: L3 & L1 I: L3 3 or 4-wire 3-phase balanced load			4
U: L1 & L3 I: L1 3 or 4-wire 3-phase balanced load			5
U: L2 & L1 I: L2 3 or 4-wire 3-phase balanced load			6
U: L3 & L2 I: L3 3 or 4-wire 3-phase balanced load			7
U: L1 & L2 I: L3 3 or 4-wire 3-phase balanced load			A
U: L2 & L3 I: L1 3 or 4-wire 3-phase balanced load			B
U: L3 & L1 I: L2 3 or 4-wire 3-phase balanced load			C
4. Nominal input frequency			
50 Hz			1
60 Hz			2
Non-standard [Hz] ≥ 16 to 400 Hz With power supply from measuring input min. 40 Hz			9
5. Nominal input voltage			
$U_N = 100 \text{ V}$	C		1
$U_N = 230 \text{ V}$	C		2
$U_N = 400 \text{ V}$	D		3
Non-standard [V] ≥ 10 to 690 V With power supply from measuring input min. 24 V, max. 230 V, see feature 9, lines 3 and 4 3-phase system: Input voltage = phase to phase voltage			9
6. Nominal input current			
1 A			1
5 A			2
Non-standard [A] ≥ 0.5 to 6.0 A			9
7. Measuring range			
Phase angle – 60 ... 0 ... + 60 °el		B	1
$\cos\varphi$ 0.5 ... cap ... 1 ... ind ... 0.5		A	2
Non-standard [°el] or [cosφ] Measuring range within – 180 ... 0 ... + 180 °el or – 1 ... ind ... 0 ... cap ... 1 ... ind ... 0 ... cap ... – 1, but clear indication only to – 170 ... 0 ... + 170 °el Measuring span ≥ 20 °el			9
8. Output signal			
0 ... 20 mA			1
4 ... 20 mA			2
Non-standard 0 ... 1.00 to 0 ... < 20, – 1.00 ... 0 ... 1.00 to – 20 ... 0 ... 20 (symmetrical) [mA]			9
1 ... 5 to < (4 ... 20) (AA / AE = 1 / 5)			
0 ... 10 V			A
Non-standard 0 ... 1.00 to 0 ... < 10, – 1.00 ... 0 ... 1.00 to – 10 ... 0 ... 10 (symmetrical) [V]			Z
0.2 ... 1 to 2 ... 10 (AA / AE = 1 / 5)			
AA = Output start value, AE = Output end value			

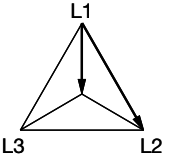
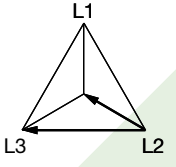
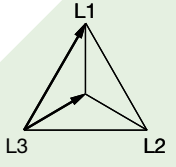
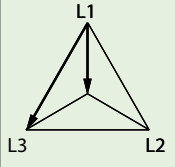
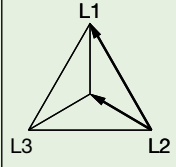
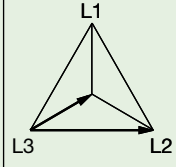
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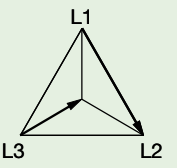
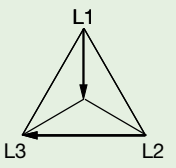
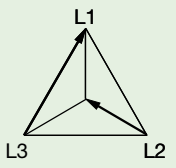
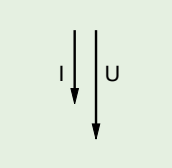
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Description	*Blocking code	no-go with blocking code	Article No./ Feature
SINEAX G536	Order Code 536 - xxxx xxxx xx		536 –
Features, Selection			
9. Power supply			
85 ... 230 V DC, AC			1
24 ... 60 V DC, AC			2
Internal from measuring input (24 ... 60 V AC)		C	3
Internal from measuring input (85 ... 230 V AC)		CD	4
Connect to the low tension 24 V AC / 24 ... 60 V DC			5
10. Response time			
4 periods of the input frequency (standard)			1
2 periods of the input frequency			2
8 periods of the input frequency			3
16 periods of the input frequency			4

* Lines with letter(s) under "no-go" cannot be combined with preceding lines having the same letter under "SCODE".

Application notes

Current connection in phase	L1	L2	L3	L1	L2	L3
Voltage connection between	L1 & L2	L2 & L3	L3 & L1	L1 & L3	L2 & L1	L3 & L2
Vector diagrams						

Current connection in phase	L3	L1	L2	L
Voltage connection between	L1 & L2	L2 & L3	L3 & L1	L & N
Vector diagrams				

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Electrical connections

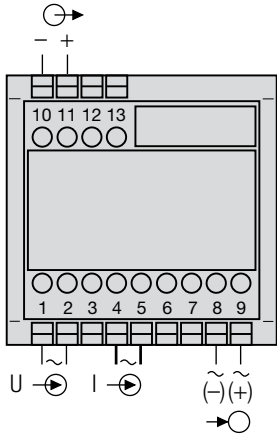


Fig. 2. Power supply connected to terminals 8 and 9.

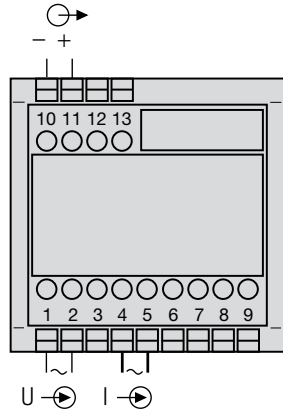


Fig. 3. Power supply internal from measuring input, without separated power supply.

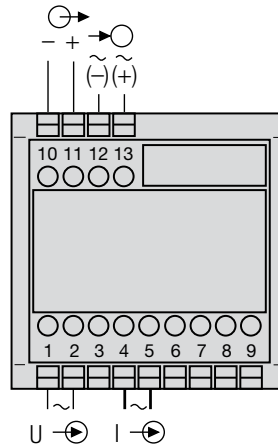


Fig. 4. Power supply connected to the low tension terminal side 12 and 13.

- = Measuring input
- = Measuring output
- = Power supply

Measuring inputs			
Application	Terminal allocation	Application	Terminal allocation
Phase angle or power factor measurement in single-phase AC network		Phase angle or power factor measurement in 3 or 4-wire 3-phase network U: L1 & L2 I: L1	
Phase angle or power factor measurement in 3 or 4-wire 3-phase network U: L2 & L3 I: L2		Phase angle or power factor measurement in 3 or 4-wire 3-phase network U: L3 & L1 I: L3	
Phase angle or power factor measurement in 3 or 4-wire 3-phase network U: L1 & L3 I: L1		Phase angle or power factor measurement in 3 or 4-wire 3-phase network U: L2 & L1 I: L2	
Phase angle or power factor measurement in 3 or 4-wire 3-phase network U: L3 & L2 I: L3		Phase angle or power factor measurement in 3 or 4-wire 3-phase network U: L1 & L2 I: L3	

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Measuring inputs			
Application	Terminal allocation	Application	Terminal allocation
Phase angle or power factor measurement in 3 or 4-wire 3-phase network U: L2 & L3 I: L1		Phase angle or power factor measurement in 3 or 4-wire 3-phase network U: L3 & L1 I: L2	

Dimensional drawing

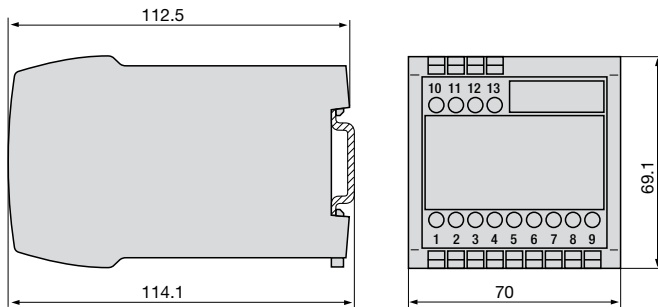


Fig. 5. Housing **P13/70** clipped onto a top-hat rail (35 x 15 or 35 x 7.5 mm, acc. to EN 50 022).

Standard accessories

1 Operating instructions in three languages: German, French, English



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