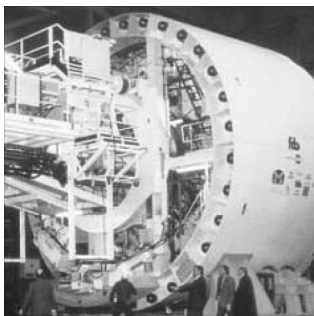


Dynamix 2500 Data Collector

Catalog Numbers 1441-DYN25, 1441-DYN25-Z



Important User Information

Solid-state equipment has operational characteristics differing from those of electromechanical equipment. Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation and Maintenance of Solid State Controls (publication [SGL-1.1](#) available from your local Rockwell Automation sales office or online at <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/literature/>) describes some important differences between solid-state equipment and hard-wired electromechanical devices. Because of this difference, and also because of the wide variety of uses for solid-state equipment, all persons responsible for applying this equipment must satisfy themselves that each intended application of this equipment is acceptable.

In no event will Rockwell Automation, Inc. be responsible or liable for indirect or consequential damages resulting from the use or application of this equipment.

The examples and diagrams in this manual are included solely for illustrative purposes. Because of the many variables and requirements associated with any particular installation, Rockwell Automation, Inc. cannot assume responsibility or liability for actual use based on the examples and diagrams.

No patent liability is assumed by Rockwell Automation, Inc. with respect to use of information, circuits, equipment, or software described in this manual.

Reproduction of the contents of this manual, in whole or in part, without written permission of Rockwell Automation, Inc., is prohibited.

Throughout this manual, when necessary, we use notes to make you aware of safety considerations.



WARNING: Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can cause an explosion in a hazardous environment, which may lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss.



ATTENTION: Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss. Attentions help you identify a hazard, avoid a hazard, and recognize the consequence



SHOCK HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that dangerous voltage may be present.



BURN HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that surfaces may reach dangerous temperatures.

IMPORTANT Identifies information that is critical for successful application and understanding of the product.

Allen-Bradley, Rockwell Software, Rockwell Automation, Dynamix, Enpac, Emonitor, Datapac, and TechConnect are trademarks of Rockwell Automation, Inc.

Trademarks not belonging to Rockwell Automation are property of their respective companies.

This manual contains new and updated information. Changes throughout this revision are marked by change bars, as shown to the right of this paragraph.

New and Updated Information

This table contains the changes made to this revision.

Topic	Page
Calibration	27
Updating the Operating System	34

Notes:

Preface

Optional Extension Modules..... 9
 Dynamix 2500 Data Collector and the Emonitor Software 10
 Software Compatibilities 10
 USB Driver and Communication Software 10
 Operating System 10
 Document Conventions 10
 Using Online Help..... 11
 Help Screen..... 11
 Additional Resources..... 12

Chapter 1

The Dynamix 2500 Data Collector

Safety Information 15
 Optical Ports..... 15
 Laser Radiation Ports 15
 Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Kit Parts List 15
 Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Optional Parts List 16
 Parts of the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector 17
 External Connections..... 19
 Connector A and Connector B Inputs 19
 POWER /USB/TRIGGER..... 20
 Using the Headphones..... 20
 Connecting to the External Power Adapter 21
 Status Indicators 22
 Strap Attachment 23
 Battery Pack 23
 Check the Battery Level..... 23
 Insert and Remove the Battery Pack..... 26
 Battery Maintenance..... 27
 Calibration 27

Chapter 2

Configuring the Dynamic 2500 Data Collector

Apply Power to the Data Collector 29
 Installing the USB Drivers for the Data Collector..... 30
 Install ActiveSync or Mobile Device Center Software..... 30
 Install USB Drivers..... 31
 Updating the Operating System 34
 Install the Dynamix 2500 OS Loader Application..... 35
 Install the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Firmware 37
 Restarting the Data Collector 42
 Perform Soft Restart..... 42
 Perform Hard Restart..... 42
 The Data Collector’s Engineer Mode..... 43
 Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Main Menu..... 45
 Main Menu 45
 Display the Operating System Version Number 46

Change the Display Backlight..... 47

Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Setup Screen 48

 Set the Date, Time and Date Format 50

Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Data Collection Screen 51

 View Settings for Current Measurement Definition 54

Setting Up the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector 55

 Configure the Data Collector..... 55

 Configure the Data Collection Options 57

Using Memory Cards..... 64

 Insert and Remove a Storage Card..... 64

Chapter 3

Setting Up Measurements

Measurement Definition Options..... 66

 Measurement Types..... 67

 Measurement Filters 67

 Measurement Units..... 74

Setting Up Collection Specifications 75

 Edit the Measurement Definitions 75

 Measurement Input Types..... 76

 Measurement Window Types..... 77

 Measurement Signal Detection Types 77

 Measurement Maximum Frequencies..... 78

 Measurement Resolution 79

 Number and Type of Averages 80

 Order Normalization for Orders Track Spectrum 81

 Using Frequency Items for the Diagnostic Frequency Cursor 82

 Setting Up Speed References..... 83

 Unsupported Measurement Selections..... 85

Setting Up Measurement Definitions 86

 Magnitude Measurement Definitions..... 86

 Magnitude and Phase Measurements at Orders..... 89

 Numeric (Process) Measurement Definitions 92

 Spectrum Measurement Definitions..... 95

 Time Waveform Measurement Definitions 98

 Voltage Measurement Definitions..... 100

 Combine Measurement Definitions for a Location 101

 Set Up Tri-axial Measurements 102

Setting Up Alarms, Lists, and Inspection Codes..... 104

 Alarms and the Data Collector..... 104

 Lists and the Data Collector 105

 Inspection Codes and the Data Collector 105

Chapter 4

Loading and Unloading

Set Up Communication..... 107

 Use the USB Connection..... 107

 Install ActiveSync Software..... 108

Create the Connection from the Data Collector to a Computer	108
Set Up the Current Data Collector in the Emonitor software ...	110
Loading Lists to the Data Collector	113
Prepare the Data Collector before Loading	113
Initialize the Data Collector before Loading	114
Loading Inspection Codes	116
Load Frequency Labels	117
Override the Collect On Alarm Setting	117
Select the Lists	118
Load Selected Lists to the Data Collector	119
Display the Data Collector Driver Version Number	120
Unloading Lists from the Data Collector	121
Unload Lists in the Emonitor Software	122
Unload Multiple Measurements Points in the Emonitor Software	122
Unload Unscheduled (Offroute) Data from the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector	123
Unload Measurements using Smart Unscheduled Mode	125
Automatically Print Reports after Unloading	126
Quickload Files	127
Load a list to the Storage Card	128

Chapter 5

Collecting and Reviewing Data

Preparing for Data Collection	129
Connect a Transducer to the Data Collector	130
Select the Data Collection Options	130
Collecting Route Data	131
Select a Route	131
Move through a List	133
Start Data Collection	135
Select Inspection Codes	137
Manually Enter a Numeric Measurement	138
Collect a Process DC Voltage Measurement	139
Collect a Magnitude Measurement	141
Collect a Spectrum Measurement	142
Collect a Time Waveform Measurement	145
Collect Magnitude and Phase Measurements at Orders	146
Collect Multiple Measurements for a Point	148
Collecting Offroute Data	149
Methods for Collecting Offroute Data	149
Collect Offroute Data using a Pre-defined Measurement	150
Create and Collect a User-defined Point	152
Storing Unscheduled Data	159
Changing Display View	161
Reviewing Data	161

Review Route Data	162
Review Offroute Data.....	162
Review Data.....	164
Use Diagnostic Frequency Cursors with a Spectrum	166
Review Waterfall Spectra Data.....	167
Delete a Measurement.....	168
Capturing Screens	168
Print Reports and Plots by Using the Emonitor Software.....	168

Chapter 6

Multi-channel Measurements

Two Channel Measurements	169
Predictive Maintenance Program.....	169
Orbit Measurements.....	170
Understanding an Orbit Plot	170
Set Up Orbit Measurements Definitions	
in the Emonitor Software.....	173
Set Up Offroute Orbit Measurements	176
Collect Orbit Measurements.....	178
Review Orbit Data Screen	182
Cross Channel Phase Measurements	182
Phase Tables.....	183
Multi-channel Cursor, Display Expand, and	
Full Scale Adjustments	183
Set Up Cross Channel Phase Measurement Definitions in the	
Emonitor Software.....	184
Set Up an Offroute Cross Channel Phase Measurement.....	185
Collect a Cross Channel Phase Measurement	188
Review Cross Channel Phase Data	190
Dual Channel Measurements.....	192
Set Up Dual Channel Measurement Definitions	
in the Emonitor Software.....	192
Collect an Offroute Dual Channel Measurement.....	193
Magnitude and Phase Offroute Measurement.....	196
Multi-channel Measurements.....	197
Collect a 4-channel Measurement	197
Collect Multi-channel Measurements	198
Collect a Tri-axial Measurement	202

Chapter 7

Installing Optional Extension Modules

Install Optional Extension Modules.....	205
Uninstall an Extension Module.....	207
Manage Extension Modules	209

Index

This manual covers the Dynamix™ 2500 data collector module which is used for predictive maintenance using noise and vibration analysis.

When using the Dynamix 2500 data collector, you can do the following:

- Create lists of measurement definitions.
- Load lists from Emonitor® into the Dynamix 2500 data collector.
- Use an 80 Khz fmax, Route and Offroute.
- Collect magnitude, process, spectrum, time, and phase data.
- View selected alarms.
- Select inspection codes to store with a measurement.
- Define and collect unscheduled measurements
- Unload the data from the Dynamix 2500 data collector directly into the Emonitor database.
- View the high resolution, up to 25,600 lines on the data collector.

Optional Extension Modules

These are the optional extension modules for the Dynamix 2500 data collector:

- 1441-DYN25-4C, 4-Channel Activation ⁽¹⁾
The 4-channel activation lets you take 3 and 4 channel magnitude, time waveform, spectra, and Offroute measurements.
- 1441-DYN25-MBMP Bump Test
A bump test (or hammer test) determines the natural frequencies of a machine or a structure.
- 1441-DYN25-MBAL Balancing
Balancing application resolves single-plane, two-plane, and static-couple balances with high precision.
- 1441-DYN25-MFRF Frequency Response Function
The FRF test lets you determine the natural frequencies of a machine as well as sophisticated information about the frequency response of the structure being tested.
- 1441-DYN25-MREC Time Recorder
The Time Recorder test uses a the instrument as a data recorder for real-time data acquisition and analysis.
- 1441-DYN25-MRUC Run Up Coast Down
The RUCD test records and analyzes data from intermittent events and transient vibration signals from non-steady state machines.

See [Additional Resources on page 12](#) for a listing of available publications.

(1) This is an activation license for the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

Dynamix 2500 Data Collector and the Emonitor Software

The terminology in the data collector and the software differ in several ways. This table illustrates the differences.

Table 1 Terminology Differences

Dynamix 2500 Terminology	Emonitor Terminology
Offroute Measurements that are taken but are not downloaded on to the instrument from Emonitor. These measurements can be upload to Emonitor.	Unscheduled measurements Measurements that are not defined in the list of measurements downloaded by Emonitor. These measurements are unscheduled.
Route The Dynamix 2500 data collector uses the term 'route' to refer to a list loaded in the data collector.	List The Emonitor software uses the term 'list' for an ordered set of measurement definitions.

Software Compatibilities

The Dynamix 2500 data collector requires the following software versions.

USB Driver and Communication Software

- USB communication with Microsoft Windows 2000 and Windows XP is supported using Microsoft ActiveSync software version 4.5 or greater
- USB communication with Microsoft Windows 7 is supported using Microsoft Mobile Device Center
- Microsoft Windows 7 32 bit and/or Microsoft Windows 7 64 bit are supported

Operating System

- Microsoft Windows 2000 (SP4) with ActiveSync software
- Microsoft Windows XP (SP3) with ActiveSync software
- Microsoft Windows 7 with Mobile Device Center software installed

Document Conventions

These are document conventions used in this manual.

- The Dynamix 2500 data collector is referred to as a data collector and an instrument in this manual.
- The different versions of the Emonitor software are Enterprise, Factory, and Workstation. These are all are referred to as the Emonitor software in this manual.
- The Emonitor software screen captures are from version 3.4 and reference the Enpac 2500 data collector. The next version of the Emonitor software and this manual will reflect the name Dynamix 2500 data collector.

Using Online Help

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector each include online help:

- Emonitor Online Help

The Emonitor online help is available from the Emonitor Help menu or by pressing F1.

- Dynamix 2500 Online Help

The Dynamix 2500 data collector online help is available from any screen where the Help function appears. Press F1 (Help) to access the online help.

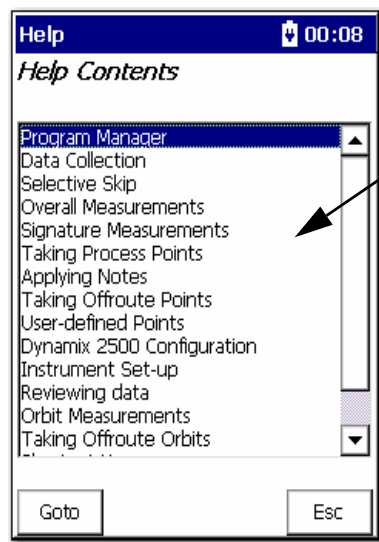
On some screens that do not display the Help function, pressing Shift(0) provides access also to the Help.

Help Screen

Press F1 (Help) to access online help from any screen where the Help function is displayed on the screen.

1. Press F1 (Help) to access the online help.

The Help Contents screen appears.



To highlight a topic, use the Up or Down arrows.

2. Select the topic for which you want to view and press F1 (Goto).
3. When you are finished viewing the topic, press F1 (Contents) to return to the Help Contents screen or press F4 (Esc) to exit the online help.

Additional Resources

These documents contain additional information concerning related products from Rockwell Automation®.

Resource	Description
Bump Test Extension Module for the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector User Manual, publication 1441-UM002	Describes how determine natural (or resonant) frequencies of a machine or structure.
Frequency Response Function Extension Module for the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector User Manual, publication 1441-UM003	Describes how to determine the natural frequencies of a machine or structure using modal hammer.
Balancing Extension Module for the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector User Manual, publication 1441-UM004	Describes the direct method to balance your rotating machinery in one or two planes.
Time Recorder Extension Module for the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector User Manual, publication 1441-UM005	Describes how to use the data collector as a data recorder for real-time data acquisition, post processing, and analysis.
Run Up Coast Down Extension Module for the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector User Manual, publication 1441-UM006	Describes how to record and analyze data from intermittent events and transient vibration signals from nonsteady state machines.
Emonitor User's Guide, publication EMONTR-UM001	Describes data management for predictive maintenance services.
Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Kit Release Notes, publication 1441-RN001	Provides important information on the latest updates, for example, firmware, certifications, warnings, and hardware changes for the data collector.
Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Optional Extension Modules Release Notes, publication 1441-RN002	Provides important information on how to install the Optional Extension Modules onto the Dynamix 2500 data collector.
Industrial Automation Wiring and Grounding Guidelines, publication 1770-4.1	Provides general guidelines for installing a Rockwell Automation industrial system.
Product Certifications website, http://www.ab.com	Provides declarations of conformity, certificates, and other certification details.

You can view or download publications at <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/literature>. To order paper copies of technical documentation, contact your local Allen-Bradley® distributor or Rockwell Automation sales representative.

The Dynamix 2500 Data Collector

This chapter describes the Dynamix 2500 data collector and explains the instrument's basic and configuration and operation.

Topic	Page
Safety Information	15
Parts of the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector	17
External Connections	19
Connector A and Connector B Inputs	19
Using the Headphones	20
Connecting to the External Power Adapter	21
Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Kit Parts List	15
Status Indicators	22
Battery Pack	23

The Dynamix 2500 data collector is a real-time multi-channel Fast Fourier Transforms (FFT) analyzer and data collector for predictive maintenance and machinery vibration diagnostics. It is capable of measuring, processing, displaying and storing a wide range of analysis functions. It can operate as a stand alone instrument or you can download your measurements to your software application for program analysis.

The combination of the Dynamix 2500 data collector with the Emonitor software provides you with the tools for predictive maintenance using noise and vibration analysis. The data collector can be used for a variety of other applications also, such as balancing or bearing analysis.

A predictive maintenance program helps you decide when equipment needs to be serviced or replaced. Part of a complete predictive maintenance program includes vibration monitoring. The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector let you to perform vibration analysis by collecting data samples.

With the combination of predictive maintenance software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector, you can do the following:

- Create lists of measurement definitions for data collection.
- Load lists from the Emonitor software into the Dynamix 2500 data collector.
- Collect magnitude, process, spectrum, time, and phase data.
- View selected alarms with the data.

The Dynamix 2500 data collector alerts you when a measurement exceeds an alarm.

- Define and collect unscheduled measurements.
- Select inspection codes to store with a measurement, documenting the condition of the machine.
- Unload the data from the Dynamix 2500 data collector directly into the Emonitor database, along with any inspection codes and unscheduled measurements.

In addition, the Emonitor software can optimize your data collection by combining measurement definitions at a location. For example, the software can combine magnitude and spectrum measurement definitions so that the list appears to contain only a single measurement. This lets you to collect all three measurements at one time, minimizing the time you spend collecting data.

Safety Information

Be aware of these safety precautions.

IMPORTANT Avoid Water

The Dynamix 2500 data collector is splash and dust resistant. However, avoid direct contact with water, wet surfaces, or condensing humidity. Keep this instrument away from wet locations, for example, laundry, wet basements, swimming pools.

If the data collector subject to these conditions, adverse operation may result. Before you use it, let the instrument dry thoroughly before operating.



ATTENTION: To avoid damage or injury, place the Dynamix 2500 data collector on a solid stable surface when not in use and do not place any heavy objects on it. Use only the accessories recommended by Rockwell Automation. Keep liquids and foreign objects away from the instrument, and never operate it if any liquid or foreign object has entered it.

Optical Ports



ATTENTION: When the laser on the data collector is active, viewing the laser beam can expose your eyes beyond the maximum permissible exposure recommendations and cause harm.

Laser Radiation Ports



ATTENTION: Class 1 laser product. Laser radiation is present when the system is open and interlocks bypassed. Only trained and qualified personnel should be allowed to install, replace, or service the instrument.

Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Kit Parts List

This table list the parts list for the data collector kit.

Table 2 - Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Kit Parts List, 1441-DYN25-2C

Catalog No.	Description
1441-DYN25-Z	Dynamix 2500 data collector
1441-DYN25-CAP	Dust Cap Set for Inputs
1441-DYN25-CD	Operating System and Documentation CD
1441-DYN25-PS	Global Power Supply
1441-PEN25-BAT	Battery
1441-PEN25-CASE-T	Transit Case
1441-PEN25-COMS-US	Communication Cable USB Power Splitter
1441-PEN25-HS	Hand Strap
1441-PEN25-RBS	Rubber Bump Sleeve

The Dynamix 2500 data collector, catalog number, 1441-DYN25-Z-2C, is for ATEX Zone 2 and IECEx for hazardous environments. This kit contains the same parts as the Dynamix 2500 data collector, catalog number 1441-DYN25-2C except 1441-DYN25-Z replaces 1441-DYN25.

Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Optional Parts List

This table lists the optional hardware parts list for the data collector.

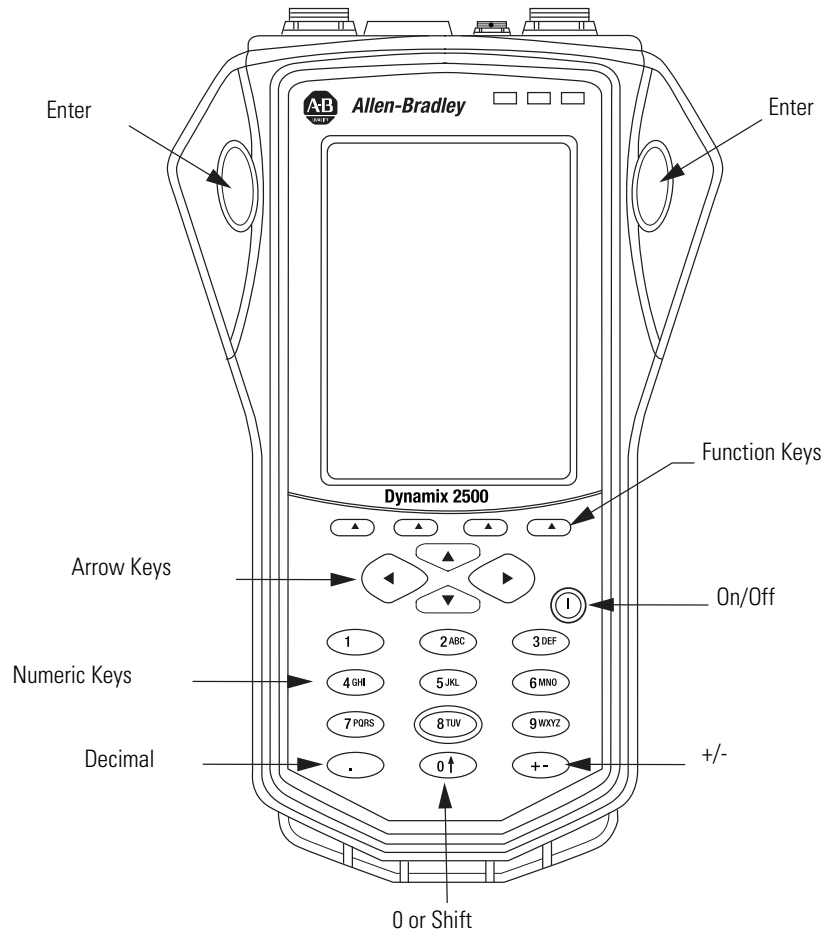
Table 3 - Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Optional Parts List

Cat. No.	Description
1441-DYN25-CBL2CH	2 Channel Adapter Cable for Connectors A or B
1441-DYN25-CBLHS	Headset Adapter Cable
1441-DYN25-CD	Dynamix 2500 Operating System & Info CD
1441-DYN25-M4CH	4 Channel Activation
1441-DYN25-MBAL	2 Plane Balancing Extension Module
1441-DYN25-MBMP	Bump Test Extension Module
1441-DYN25-MFRF	Frequency Response Extension Module
1441-DYN25-MREC	Time Recorder Extension Module
1441-DYN25-MRUC	Run Up Coast Down Extension Module
1441-DYN25-PS	Global Power Supply
1441-PEN25-BAT	Spare Battery
1441-PEN25-CASE-T	Transit Case
1441-PEN25-COMS-US	Communication Cable USB Power Splitter
1441-PEN25-HS	Hand Strap
1441-PEN25-NS	Neck Strap
1441-PEN25-RBS	Rubber Bump Sleeve
1441-PEN25-Z2-100	100 mV per G Zone II Accel Kit
1441-PEN25-Z2-50	50 mV per G Zone II Accel Kit

Parts of the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector

This section describes the basic components of the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector including key definitions, hardware connections, and status indicators.

Figure 1 - The Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Keys



32142-M

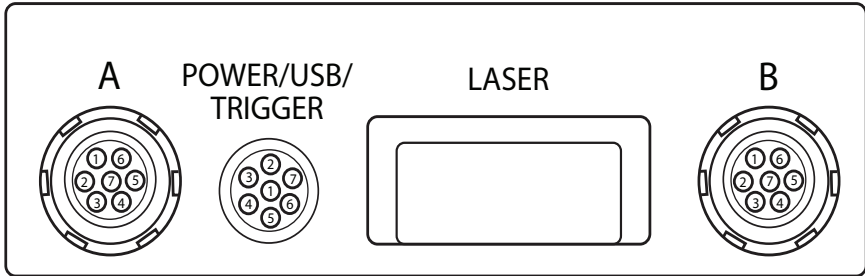
Table 4 - Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Key Definitions

Keys	Definition
Enter	<p>The two Enter buttons are on either side of the LCD display. In any screen, pressing one of the Enter buttons selects the highlighted option, or progresses through data collection screens.</p> <p>Either left/right Enter key does the following in different situations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Same as using the Apply function key. • Starts collecting data for the current point or accepts the current measurement. • Accepts changes to parameter selections. • May be referred also as the Fire, Read, and OK key. • In many screens the Left arrow will take you back one screen as will F4 (Esc) and the Right arrow will act the same as Enter and go forward.
Function keys	<p>The four function keys used are F1, F2, F3, and F4. The functions change depending on the current state of the data collector.</p> <p>The data collector displays the current function of the keys in the data collector screen. When no text appears above a function key, the key is inactive in the current window.</p> <p>Many functions provide an additional row of function keys. By pressing the shift (0) key, the data collector provides another row of function keys, still referred to as F1...F4.</p> <p>For example: When you go to the Setup menu, F1...F4 appear as Help, Cont. - (less screen contrast), Cont. + (more screen contrast), and Apply. After pressing the shift (0) key, the functions change to Extn Mngr (Extension Manager) and Calib (Calibration).</p> <p>You will notice that if you don't hold down the shift (0) key for a longer period of time the first set of functions reappear.</p>
Up arrow	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Moves to the previous field or menu selection. • Decreases the Y-axis scaling in a signature plot.
Down arrow	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Moves to the next field or menu selection. • Increases the Y-axis scaling in a signature plot.
Left arrow	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Displays the previous screen of information if there is more than one screen, for example, selecting a point in the Data Collection screen. • Closes the menu selection on the Setup and Instrument Configuration screens. • Moves the signature cursor to the left.
Right arrow	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Displays the next screen of information if there is more than one screen, for example, selecting a point in the Data Collection screen. • Opens the menu selection on the Setup and Instrument Configuration screens. • Moves the signature cursor to the right.
On/Off	<p>Turns the instrument on and off.</p> <p>To turn the instrument off, press and hold the On/Off key for one second.</p>
Numeric	Enter alpha/numeric values.
Decimal (.)	Check the status of the battery, or type a decimal point in a numeric field. See Check the Battery Level on page 23 for more information.
+/-	Expand or compress a signature plot on the data collector screen.
0	<p>Acts as a `shift' key that has multiple uses depending on the current data collector operation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In a Setup screen numeric input field, the key acts as a zero. • In all other screens, pressing and holding the key displays alternate functions for the function keys.

External Connections

The external hardware connections for communication and data collection are located on the top panel of the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

Figure 2 - External Hardware Connections



32144-M

Connector A and Connector B Inputs

The data collector has two signal inputs (LEMO connectors), connector A and B. Headphone access is supported on Connectors A and B.

Table 5 - Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Pin Assignments

Pin	Connector A	Connector B	POWER/USB/TRIG
1	Audio Output	Audio Output	USBV
2	Channel X	Channel Y	USB+
3	Channel Z	N/C	USB-
4	Strobe Out	Strobe Out	DIGITAL GND
5	ANALOG GND	ANALOG GND	EXT-DC-IN
6	Channel Y	N/C	± 25 V EXT-TRIG-IN
7	Channel R	Channel Z	+5V DC TACHO SUPPLY

The measurement Input signal range is ± 25 V maximum. Input over voltage protection is AC ± 50 V peak, DC ± 50 V. The inputs are protected ± 50 V AC or DC sustained against high-voltage transients, but trigger range over-voltage input levels must be avoided.

Voltage can be DC or AC coupled, while the third option, Accel (ICP) 24 V DC @ 2.4mA, is available for direct connection of integrated circuit piezoelectric transducers. These settings are specified in the Emonitor software.

TIP In some circumstances you may find a reference to channel numbers instead of X, Y, Z or R. Channel numbers can be cross referenced to X= Ch(1), Y = Ch(2), Z= Ch(3), R = Ch(4).

See [Setting Up Measurements on page 65](#) for more information.

POWER /USB/TRIGGER

This socket connects the Dynamix 2500 data collector to either an external trigger, power adapter, or a USB interface. The external trigger enables the synchronization of the data acquisition process to external events, such as tachometer inputs for rotational synchronization for balancing applications, or for order normalization of frequency spectrum. You can use the trigger pulse also to collect running speeds of machinery. The pin assignment for the trigger is shown in [Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Pin Assignments on page 19](#).

Using the Headphones

The Dynamix 2500 data collector lets you listen to the vibration signal as measurements are being recorded. You need to have the optional part, the headset adapter cable.

You can use either Connector A, or Connector B to listen to any data being collected. The accelerometer would be connected to the opposite connector. When collecting data, the headphone output is switched to listen to another input channel (X, Y, Z, and R) by using the shift + left and right arrows.

The headphone output always cycles through X, Y, Z, and R, but only outputs sound when set to a channel that is currently measuring data. The channels that are collecting data are controlled by which connector (A, or B) that the accelerometer is connected to.

See [Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Optional Parts List on page 16](#).

You can control the volume using the keypad on the data collector. You can listen to any channel.



The status bar on the top of the screen indicates the monitored channel and the headphone volume. You can listen to the following:

- Connector A: Channels X, Y, Z, and R
- Connector B: Channels Y and Z

Table 6 - Headphone Controls

Keys	Description
6(M)	Toggles mute on and off for current channel
Shift, up arrow or shift, down arrow	Adjusts the volume 0...10
Shift, left arrow or shift, right arrow	Cycle through channels you are monitoring

Connecting to the External Power Adapter

The external power adapter can be used to charge the internal battery and the battery pack.



WARNING: When you are powering or charging the data collector, place the power adapter in a well ventilated area. The data collector may overheat and cause a fire.

WARNING: Only the provided power supply may be used. Any other supply may cause permanent damage to the data collector.

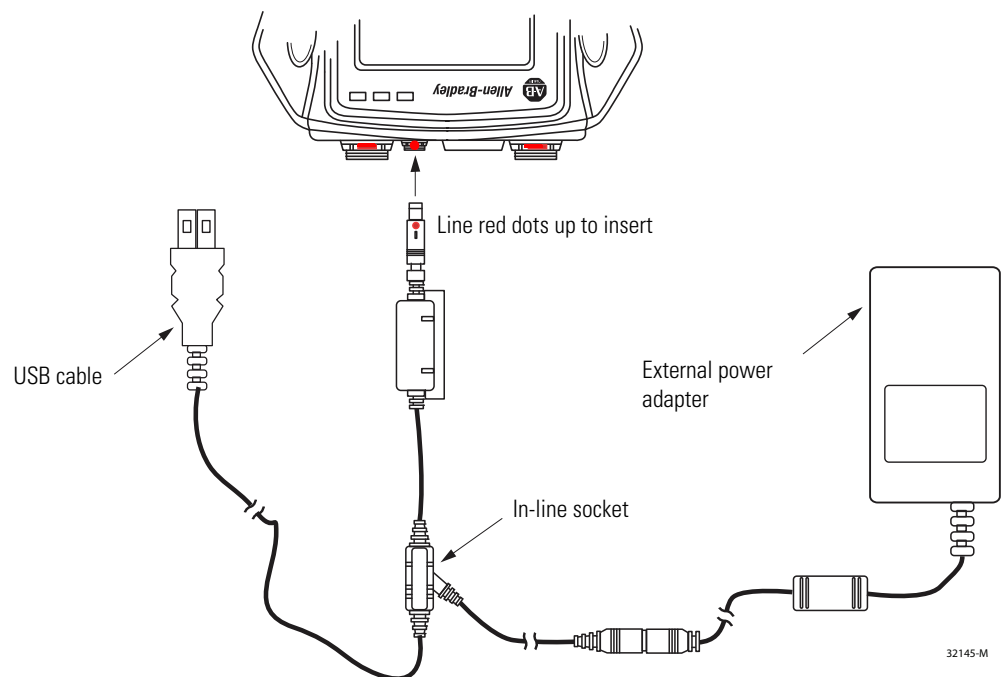
WARNING: Connect the power supply only in a safe nonhazardous area.

1. Connect the data collector to the DC output of the power supply to the in-line socket of the USB power splitter cable.
2. Connect the Fischer plug into the POWER/USB/TRIGGER socket on top of the instrument.
3. When needed, use the USB splitter cable to connect to a computer.

The interface is configured as a Client to provide an automatic connection to a computer through the Microsoft ActiveSync software. This interface lets you to copy files and transfer data from the data collector to your computer.

See [Install ActiveSync Software on page 108](#) for more information.

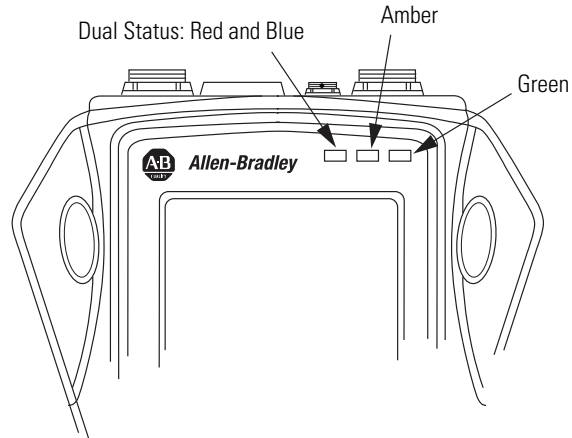
Figure 3 - The Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Connections for the USB/Power Splitter Cable



Status Indicators

The Dynamix 2500 data collector has four status indicators located in the upper-right side of the instrument nameplate.

Figure 4 - Status Indicators



32146-M

Table 7 - Status Indicators

Status Indicator	Operation	State	Definition
Dual State Status Red	Charging Battery	Flashing	When first connected to the power adapter, the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector tests the condition of the battery pack. Within 30 seconds, the status indicators should go to a solid state. If the status indicator continues to flash, the instrument has diagnosed a fault in the battery pack and it will not charge the battery. The anomaly may be that the cell temperature is too high or there is a fault with the battery pack.
		Solid	The battery pack is OK. The power adapter is connected to the instrument and charging. The battery pack is maintained by a trickle charge from the power adapter for as long as it remains attached to the instrument.
Blue	Data Collection	Solid	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An alarm condition has been set. Input signal is out of range. ICP check has failed and there is an ICP fault condition. The power adapter is connected to the instrument.
	Communication	Solid	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Communicating to Emonitor through the USB connection.
Amber	Data Collection	Solid	Acquisition sub-system is settling.
Green	Data Collection	Solid	Input signal is stable and data is ready to be stored.

Strap Attachment

The strap can be fitted to either the left or right side of the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

1. Feed the ends of the strap through the top and bottom corner pillars.
2. Loop the ends of the strap through the buckles and adjust the tightness to suit.

Battery Pack

The Dynamix 2500 data collector can be powered either from the battery pack or the external power supply. The internal back-up battery maintains the system settings is used while replacing the battery pack. This internal battery keeps the data collector on for a very short period of time.



WARNING: To make sure proper and safe Dynamix 2500 data collector operation, **only** use the supplied battery pack.

If you do not replace the battery pack quickly the data collector will shut down resulting in a hard restart. If this occurs, the following happens:

- Data you have not saved will be lost.
- Last system settings will be reset to defaults.
- You will not be taken back to your last the location when the restart occurs.

The most efficient way to replace the battery pack is to do one of the following:

- Connect to a power source then remove the battery.
- Save your data and turn off the data collector to remove the battery.

Check the Battery Level

You can check the level of the data collector's battery at any time by looking at the top status bar on the screen.



This table shows the typical battery life for a fully charged battery pack

Table 8 - Battery Capacity

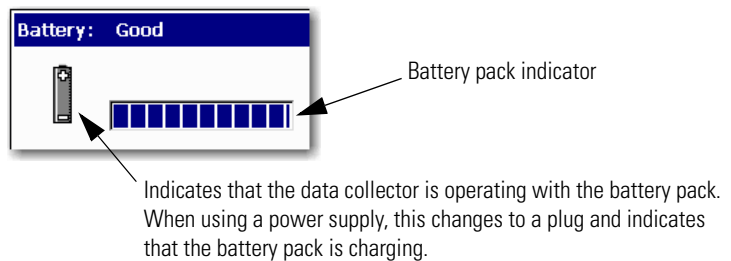
Mode	State	Typical Battery Life
On	Performing typical data collection	8 hours minimum
	Idle mode	14 hours minimum
Off	Main battery & back-up battery	14 days minimum
	Main battery removed & instrument running on back-up battery	2 days minimum
Main Battery Charge Time	100%	5 hours
	70%	3 hours

IMPORTANT If you let the main battery discharge completely, the instrument will behave as if it has experienced a hardware reset. On restart the current date, time and status information will be lost.

You can check the status of the battery also in the instrument by pressing the decimal (.) key. This function is available on most screens.

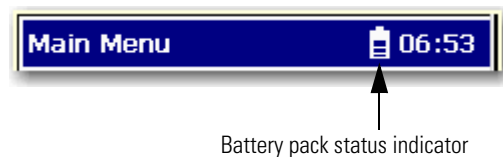
The Battery status display reports the status of the internal battery and the condition of the instrument’s back-up battery. The back-up battery charges while the instrument is connected to the external DC power adapter or when the instrument is powered on using the internal battery.

Figure 5 - Battery Status Display







The battery status appears in the upper-right corner of the caption bar, as illustrated below.

Figure 6 - Battery Pack Status Indicator



The battery status icons show the strength of the battery.

Table 9 - Battery Status Icons





Battery Icon	Meaning
	Battery status is good: >30% life remaining.
	Battery status is low: >10% life remaining.
	Battery status is very low: <10% life remaining.
	Battery is charging.

IMPORTANT

The Dynamix 2500 data collector automatically notifies you when the battery status is at 30% or lower. To clear the notification, press the decimal (.) key. The notification periodically appears until the battery is recharged or the power adapter is attached.

To prevent any loss of data, we do not recommend that you use USB communication when the battery status is at 10% or lower.

Table 10 - Dynamix 2500 Extension Module Battery Icon Descriptions

Battery Icon	Meaning
	Battery status is good: >30% life remaining.
	Battery status is low: >10% life remaining.
	Battery status is very low: <10% life remaining.
	Battery is charging.

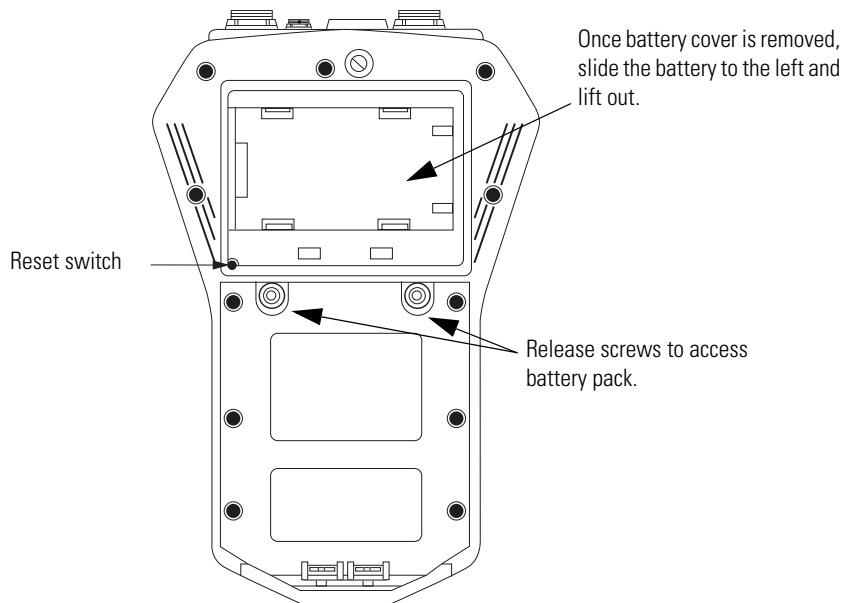
Insert and Remove the Battery Pack



WARNING: To make sure proper and safe Dynamix 2500 data collector operation, **only** use the supplied battery pack.

1. On the back of the instrument, use a flat head screwdriver to unlatch the release screws.

Figure 7 - Rear View of the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector



2. Remove the battery cover.



WARNING: Only remove the battery in a nonhazardous environment:

- Avoid Battery Compartment Exposure.
- Do not open the battery compartment in a hazardous area, or in locations where contact with water or other contaminants may occur.

WARNING: To minimize the risk of serious injury or damage do the following:

- Do not expose the battery pack to temperatures in excess of 60 °C (140 °F).
- Do not disassemble, incinerate, or short-circuit the battery pack.
- Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.
- Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- Do not open battery compartment in a hazardous / explosive area.

3. Slide the battery pack to the left and lift it out.

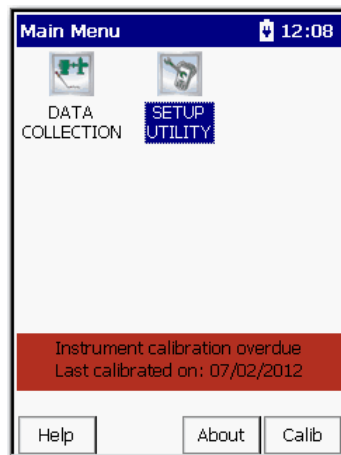
Battery Maintenance

These are recommendations to extend the life of the battery pack:

- If the data collector is not in use and/or not regularly charged, it should be recharged at least every 25 days to prevent damage to the battery cells.
- If the battery pack is not installed recharge the battery pack every 12 months to prevent damage to the battery cells.
- Recalibrate the electronic state of charge meter around every 30th recharge. This prevents the state of charge from showing an incorrect battery charge percentage. To do this, fully discharge the battery pack and then fully charge it without any interruptions, ideally with the data collector off. It will take longer to charge the battery if the data collector is on while charging.
- The battery capacity is reduced at temperature extremes, high and low.

Calibration

After a 12-month period, you may notice that a calibration reminder message appears at the bottom of the Main Menu screen. This is just a reminder to get your instrument calibrated. To hide the reminder message, select Calib (F4) and the message will be hidden until the following month.



We recommend that you return the Dynamix 2500 data collector annually to Allen-Bradley for calibration. For more information, see [Rockwell Automation Support](#) on the back cover.

Notes:

Configuring the Dynamic 2500 Data Collector

This chapter describes what you need to do to configure the data collector.

Topic	Page
Apply Power to the Data Collector	29
Installing the USB Drivers for the Data Collector	30
Updating the Operating System	34
Restarting the Data Collector	42
Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Main Menu	45
Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Setup Screen	48
Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Data Collection Screen	51
Setting Up the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector	55
Using Memory Cards	64

Apply Power to the Data Collector

After connecting the data collector to AC power or installing the battery, a single press of the On/Off key applies power to the instrument. However, to power off the instrument you need to press On/Off for a period of one second. The instrument resumes operation at the last screen you viewed when you powered off the data collector.

TIP The first time you turn on the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector or following a reset, the Instrument Setup screen automatically appears. See [Set the Date, Time and Date Format on page 50](#) for more information.

Installing the USB Drivers for the Data Collector

You can communicate between the Dynamix 2500 data collector and your computer by installing specific USB driver files and communication software. If you want to load and unload routes to your data collector you must install Microsoft ActiveSync software and the USB drivers.

Install ActiveSync or Mobile Device Center Software

When using Microsoft Windows 2000 or Windows XP, use the ActiveSync software to communicate through the USB connection. You can download the ActiveSync software from <http://www.microsoft.com/downloads>. Follow the instructions on the website to download and install ActiveSync software.

TIP We recommend that you use ActiveSync software version 4.5 or later when using the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

When using Microsoft Windows 7, use the Mobile Device Center software. You can download the Mobile Device Center software from <http://www.microsoft.com/downloads>. Follow the instructions on the website to download and install the Mobile Device Center software.

TIP Microsoft ActiveSync software automatically launches and asks to Set Up a Partnership. Select No and click Next. ActiveSync software then displays its Connected dialog. See [Install ActiveSync or Mobile Device Center Software on page 30](#) for more information.

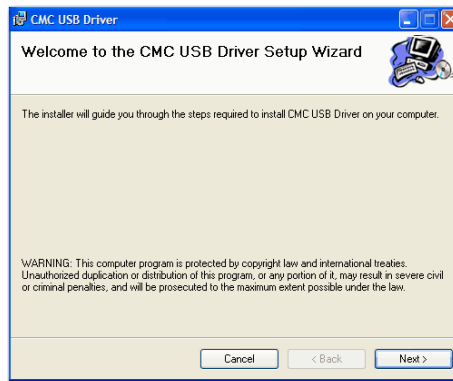
Install USB Drivers

You can communicate between the Dynamix 2500 data collector and your computer by installing specific USB driver files.

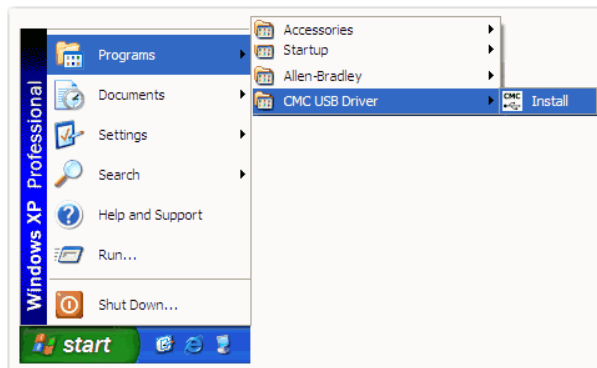
When you connect Dynamix 2500 data collector to a computer for the first time, the computer identifies new mobile device hardware. The instrument requires a USB driver installed on you computer. Once you have installed the driver, it will not be required to be installed again

Follow these steps to install the USB driver files.

1. From the Dynamix 2500 data collector product CDROM USB Driver folder, run the USB driver setup wizard.

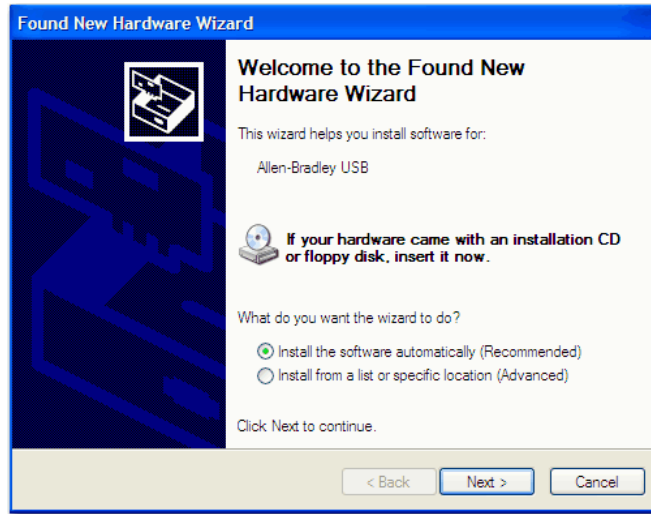


2. From the Start menu, choose CMC USB Driver/Install.

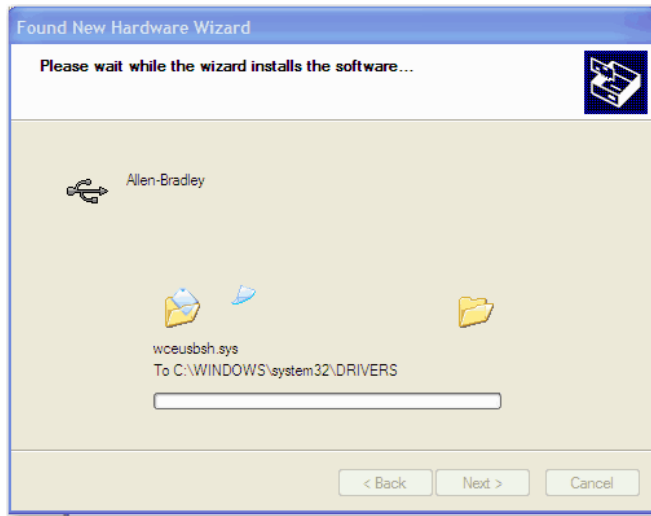


3. Apply power to the Dynamix 2500 data collector and connect the instrument to the computer using the 1441-PEN25-US USB/Power Splitter Cable.

The Found New Hardware Wizard dialog box appears prompts you, “What do you want the wizard to do?”



4. Check Install the software automatically (Recommended) and click Next.



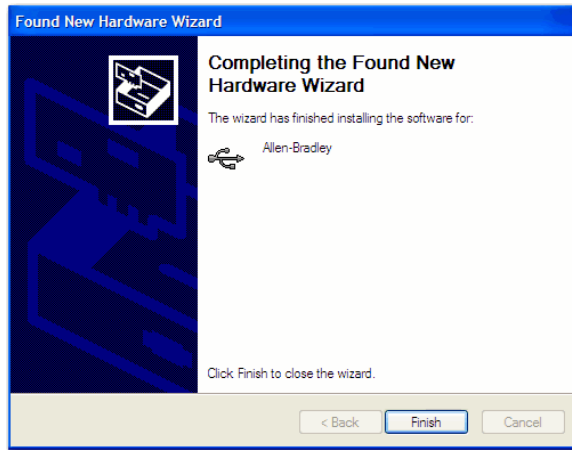
5. Wait while the new hardware installation wizard proceeds to install the Dynamix 2500 data collector software.

A Windows compatibility warning appears.



6. Click Continue Anyway.

The wizard completes the process.



7. Click Finish.

Dynamix 2500 data collector automatically connects to the computer. USB drivers are now installed and the instrument is able to communicate with your computer.

TIP If Microsoft ActiveSync software is already installed on the computer. ActiveSync software will automatically launch and asks to Set Up a Partnership. Select No and click Next. ActiveSync software then displays its Connected dialog.
See [Install ActiveSync or Mobile Device Center Software on page 30](#).

Updating the Operating System

Download the Dynamix 2500 .zip upgrade file from <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/>. Choose Downloads > Firmware Updates > Condition Monitoring.

IMPORTANT We recommend that you delete all older versions of the installer loader .msi files from your computer before updating the Dynamix 2500 data collector's operating system.

You can load the operating system/firmware from Dynamix 2500 data collector product CD by using the USB connection. Use the Dynamix 2500 OS Loader application on the product CD or at <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/firmware.html>

To use the Dynamix 2500 OS Loader application, the following must be installed on your computer:

- Microsoft's ActiveSync software

Communication is supported through the USB port using Microsoft ActiveSync software version, 4.5 or later.

If you have not installed ActiveSync software, see [Install ActiveSync or Mobile Device Center Software on page 30](#) for more information.

- USB Drivers

If you have not installed the USB drivers for your Dynamix 2500 data collector, see [Install USB Drivers on page 31](#) for more information.

IMPORTANT Whenever you rerun the OS Loader software, you will reload only the main OS firmware. The OS loader will back up licence files and data, but not the optional extension modules. Once you have updated the OS firmware, install the latest version of your optional extension modules.

Before performing the 1.020 firmware upgrade, take note of the modules installed on the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

TIP To confirm which modules are installed and the version, press F3 (About) on the Main Menu.

Table 11 - Data Collector Modules

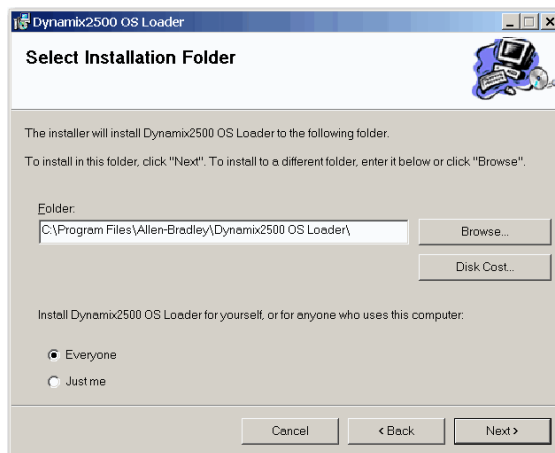
Cat. No.	Module	Version
1441-DYN25-MBAL	Balancing Upgrade	
1441-DYN25-MBMP	Bump Test	
1441-DYN25-MFRF	FRF - Frequency Response Function	
1441-DYN25-MREC	RuCD - RunUp CoastDown	
1441-DYN25-MRUC	Recorder	

Install the Dynamix 2500 OS Loader Application

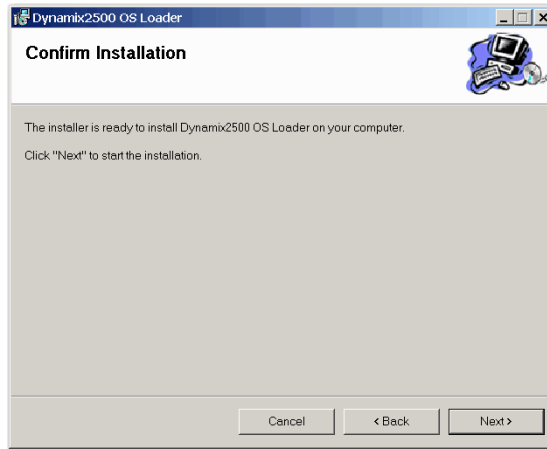
1. Double-click the Dynamix 2500 Dynamix2500_OS_Loader_v1.02.13506.msi file on your computer.



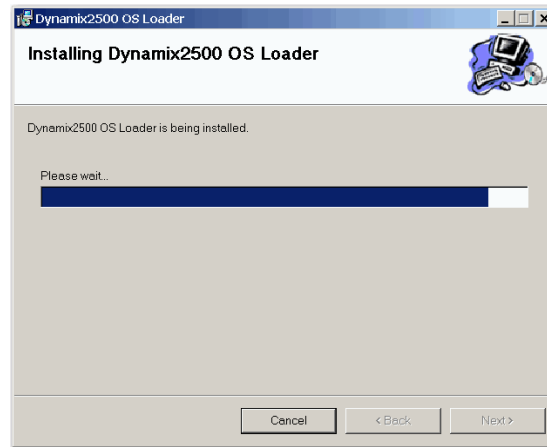
2. Click Next.



3. Select an installation folder and click Next.

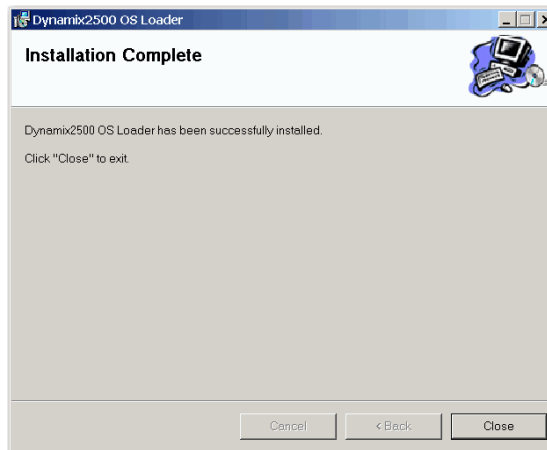


4. Click Next.



The loader is installed.

The installation is complete.



5. Click Close.

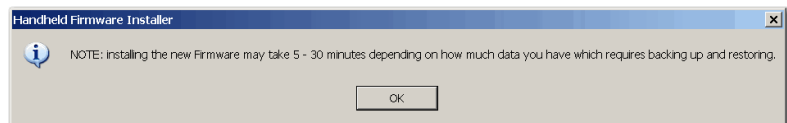
Install the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Firmware

This procedure details the steps necessary to reinstall or upgrade your data collector's firmware by using the Dynamix 2500 OS Loader application.

TIP We recommend that you upload your data to Emonitor before you update the operating system just in case there is an error with the firmware installation, such as a cable disconnect.

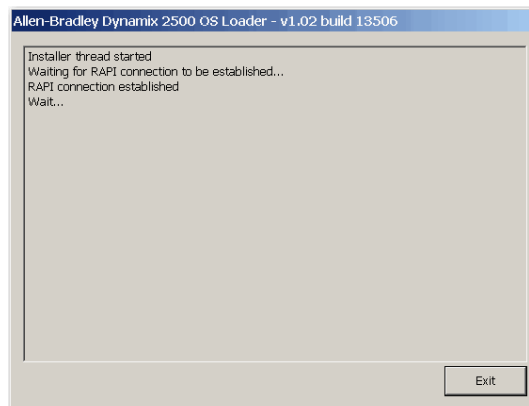
Follow these instruction to install the firmware.

1. Apply power to the data collector.
2. Connect your Dynamix 2500 data collector to the computer by using the splitter cable USB connection.
3. Make sure the ActiveSync software is running.
4. From the Start Menu, choose Programs>Allen-Bradley>Dynamix 2500>Dynamix 2500 OS Loader.



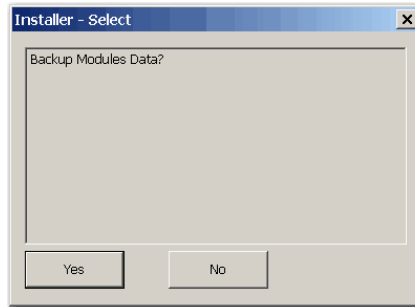
5. Click OK.

During the installation, the Dynamix 2500 data collector restarts several times and multiple screens are displayed. Disrupting or disconnecting the data collector from the computer causes the installation procedure to terminate and may leave the data collector in a corrupted state.



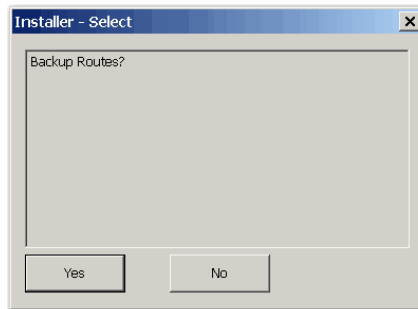
You will be prompted to back up module data, for example, Run-up Coast-down measurements, route database, and measurement data. You can choose to backup this data; it is automatically restored later in the firmware installation process. Any module data that is not backed up will be erased.

6. Click Yes, if desired.

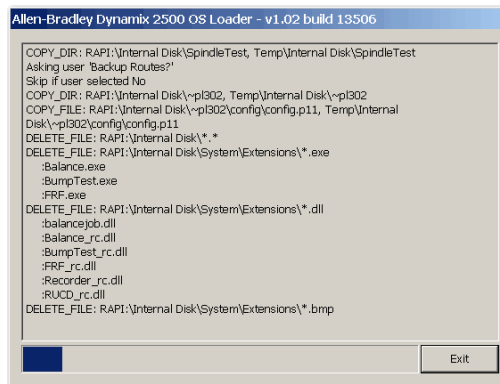


You will be prompted also to back up Routes. If backed up, these are also automatically restored later in the firmware installation process. Any Routes that are not backed up will be erased.

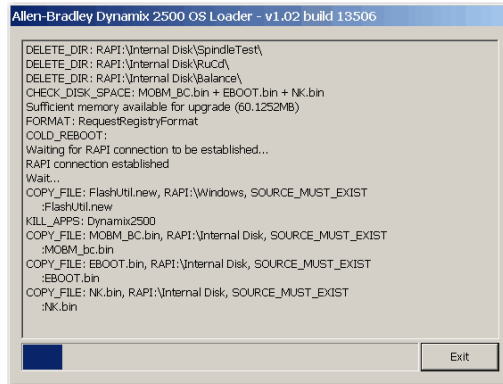
7. Click Yes, if desired.



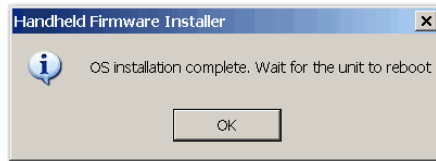
The loader goes through a series of backing up, deleting, and copying files.



You will notice that the unit will reboot and ActiveSync will disconnect and reconnect. Let the loader run through its processes. Do not remove any cables or press any keys on the data collector.

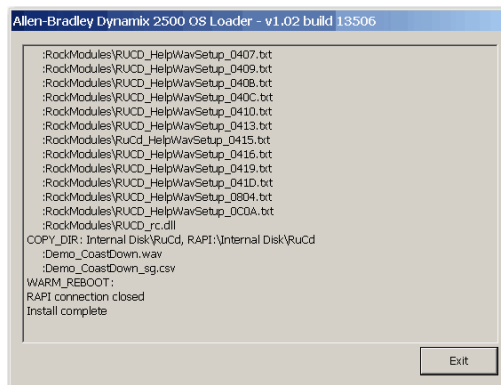


8. Click OK.



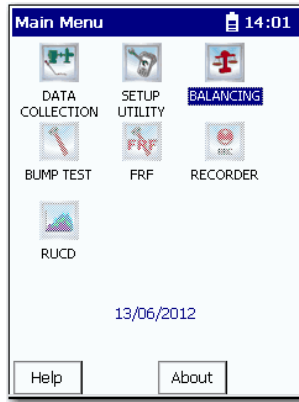
Installation is complete.

9. Click Exit.



Module Licensing

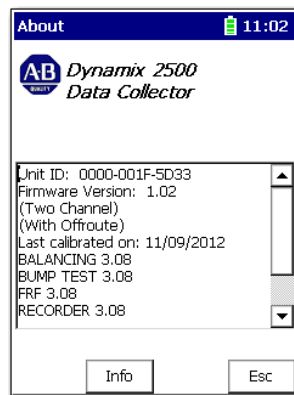
Any modules that were licensed prior to the upgrade will still be licensed. Any modules that are installed, but which have not been licensed will appear grayed out as unavailable.



To activate grayed-out modules, contact your local Allen-Bradley distributor or Rockwell Automation sales representative. Use the table [Data Collector Modules on page 35](#) to identify what modules you need to order.

IMPORTANT It will be necessary to reenter the date and time in the data collector.

TIP To confirm that the correct revision was loaded, press F3 (About) on the Main Menu. The firmware revision should match the operating system file just loaded.



Upgrading the Emonitor Software

The Dynamix 2500 data collector, firmware revisions 1.010 and 1.020, are compatible with the Emonitor software, revision 3.4 and later. For instructions on how to upgrade your Emonitor software, refer to one of the Emonitor installation manual.

Figure 8 - Emonitor Installation Manuals

Publication	Publication Number
Emonitor Gupta Single User Installation Manual	EMONTR-IN001
Emonitor Gupta Multi User Installation Manual	EMONTR-IN002
Emonitor Oracle Multi User Installation Manual	EMONTR-IN003
Emonitor MSSQL Multi User Installation Manual	EMONTR-IN004

Restarting the Data Collector

You should restart the Dynamix 2500 data collector if the instrument locks up and does not respond to any key presses including the On/Off key.

When you need to reset the data collector you can perform a hard or soft reset. A hard reset resets the default values of the date, time, and time zone. A soft reset keeps the current values. A reset does not delete data or Routes.

Perform Soft Restart

When doing a soft restart, all files and programs present in memory remain in memory following the restart.

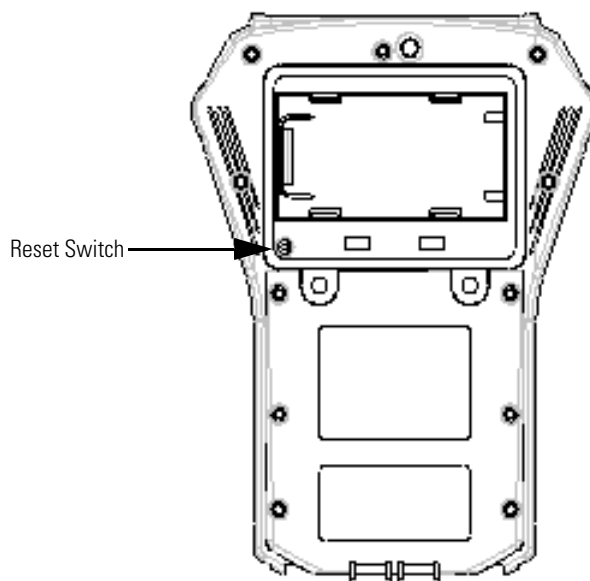
TIP Most of the time, a soft restart will reset any anomalies you are having with the data collector.

With the data collector on, simultaneously hold down the 2, 7, 8, and 9 keys for about a second. The data collector restarts and the Main Screen appears.

Perform Hard Restart

A hardware reset lets you to reconfigure the Dynamix 2500 data collector back to the factory default setup. Programs or data files stored in RAM are cleared, but any programs or files stored in internal memory and any registry changes will be maintained.

The reset switch is located behind the battery access panel on the underside of the instrument. The reset switch can only be pressed using a 1/16- in diameter pin or a straightened paper clip.



IMPORTANT A hardware reset can also initiate the Engineer Mode Menu. See [The Data Collector's Engineer Mode on page 43](#) for more information.

Follow these steps to replace the battery.

1. Using a flat head screwdriver, remove the two latch screws on the battery access panel.
2. Remove the battery access panel.
3. Press the Reset button using a 1/16th inch diameter pin or a straightened paper clip.
4. Replace the battery access panel and tighten the two screws.

The Dynamix 2500 data collector automatically powers on.

Allow at least thirty seconds for the instrument to reconfigure and activate the display after the Instrument Setup screen appears.

IMPORTANT The current date, time and some status information will be lost, and the backlight setting will be returned to the default setting following a hardware reset. See [Set the Date, Time and Date Format on page 50](#) for more information.

IMPORTANT Any data held in internal memory is secure and will not be lost nor destroyed during a hardware reset.

The Data Collector's Engineer Mode

The Engineer Mode Menu lets you to perform various maintenance operations such as resetting the instrument to the default settings, or upgrading the Dynamix 2500 data collector's firmware.



ATTENTION: The Engineer Mode Menu can only be initiated manually. This menu should be used only by an experienced person who is familiar with these options.

ATTENTION: If you are not experienced and attempt to run options 2, 3, and 4, expect unwanted behavior and hardware damage.

Follow these steps to initiate the Engineer Mode Menu by performing a hardware reset.

1. Remove battery access cover.
2. Press the reset button while continually holding down the Right and left arrow keys until the menu appears.

The Engineering menu appears.

```
ENGINEERING MENU

Bootloader vx.xxxx

IP xxx.xxx.xx.x - 255.255.255.0

1. Force Clean Reboot
2. Upgrade from SD Card
3. Upgrade from RNDIS
4. Force Internal Disk Format
5. Run Windows CE
```

3. Press a numeric key to choose an item from the Engineering Menu.

Table 12 - Engineer Mode Menu

Function	Description
1 Force Clean Reboot	During a normal start sequence, the instrument automatically updates the registry contents into nonvolatile memory so that any changes are permanently stored. Select this option to bypass the normal start sequence and revert back to a 'clean' or default setup.
2 Upgrade from SD Card	This option is for hardware maintenance and testing. Contact Rockwell Automation Technical Support at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support .
3 Upgrade from RNDIS	This option is for hardware maintenance and testing. Contact Rockwell Automation Technical Support at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support .
4 Force Internal Disk Format	This option is for hardware maintenance and testing. Contact Rockwell Automation Technical Support at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support .
5 Run Windows CE	Exit the Engineer Mode Menu and launch the Dynamix 2500 data collector's operating system.

Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Main Menu

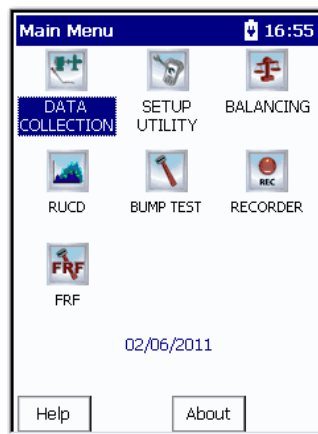
This section introduces you to the screens that appear when operating the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

Main Menu

You use the Main Menu to navigate to the different programs and optional extension modules installed in the Dynamix 2500 data collector. The Main Menu is where you can access various tasks, such as collecting data, defining the setup options, and reviewing data.

Figure 9 - Dynamix 2500 Main Menu

To make a selection from the Main Menu, highlight the option using the arrow keys and press Enter.



Balancing, RUCD (Run Up Coast Down), Bump Test, Recorder, and FRF (Frequency Response Function) are optional extension modules.

See [Install Optional Extension Modules on page 205](#) for more information.

For more information about the optional extension modules, see:

- [Additional Resources on page 12.](#)
- [Install Optional Extension Modules on page 205.](#)

The Main Menu includes two standard options:

- Data Collection

Select the Data Collection option to collect both Route and Offroute (unscheduled in the Emonitor software) data. You can view any data stored in the instrument.

See [Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Data Collection Screen on page 51](#) for details on data collection settings.

- Setup Utility

Select the Setup option to define global options for collecting data.

See [Setting Up the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector on page 55](#) for details on global settings.

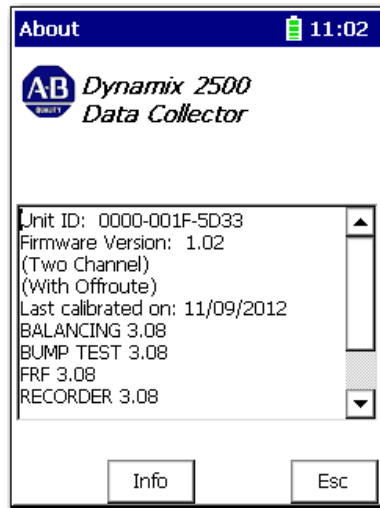
Display the Operating System Version Number

You can view information about the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

Press F3 (About) on the Main Menu screen to view the operating system version number. The About screen displays the following:

- Data collector ID number
- Firmware revision
- Free space on the internal disk
- Free space on the Secure Digital (SD) card, if one is inserted in the instrument.

Figure 10 - Dynamix 2500 About Screen

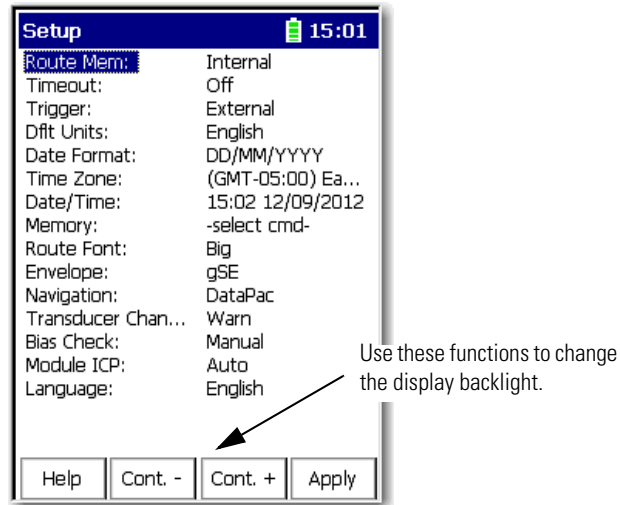


To display additional information about the firmware build and to view the version of the Windows CE operating system, press F2 (Info) on the About screen.

Change the Display Backlight

The backlight of the display can be adjusted from most screens. On the Setup screen the Cont- and Cont+ appear automatically. On some of the screens that don't display the buttons, you can press 0 to change the backlight.

1. For example, on the Setup screen, the Cont. - and Cont. + functions appear on the screen.



2. Press F2 (Cont. -) to lighten the display. Press F3 (Cont. +) to darken the display.
3. Repeat until the display is adjusted properly.

Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Setup Screen

The Setup dialog box lets you define global options for the Dynamix 2500 data collector. You select Setup Utility on the Main Menu to access the Setup dialog box.

The data collector automatically displays the Setup screen when you do the following:

- First apply power
- Perform a hardware reset.

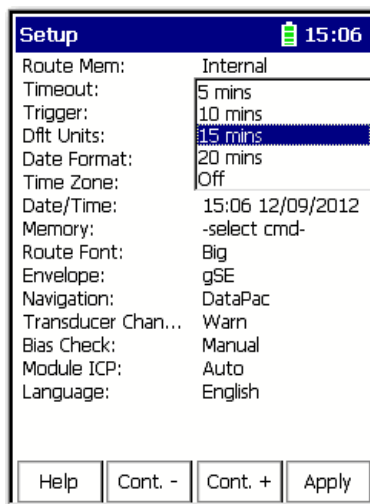
To select an option, press the Up or Down arrow key.



Follow these steps to edit an option.

1. Use the up or down arrow keys to select the option.
2. Press the Right arrow key to open a list of choices.

This is an example of the timeout options.



3. Use the left arrow to make the choice.

4. Press 0 to display the additional options on the Setup dialog box.

The Extension Manager and Calibration buttons appear.



The Extension Manager lists the option extension modules installed on the data collector.

See [Install Optional Extension Modules on page 205](#) for extension module details.

5. Select the choice by pressing the arrow keys or type in a value using the numeric key pad.
6. Press the left arrow key to make your selection.

When you are finished, press F4 (Apply) to return to the Main Menu.

For a list and description of the Setup Utility parameters, see [Instrument Configuration Parameters on page 59](#).

Set the Date, Time and Date Format

The Dynamix 2500 data collector keeps the current date format, date, and time even when the instrument is powered off. However, there may be times when you need to change these settings. For example, after restarting or resetting the Dynamix 2500 data collector, the date and time get set to 00:00:00.

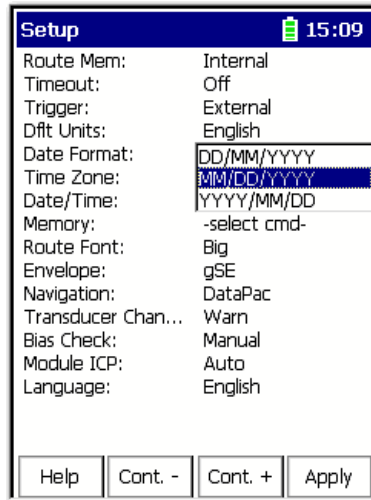
Follow these steps to set the date, time, and select a date format.

1. Select Setup Utility from the Main Menu and press Enter.

The Setup screen appears.

TIP

On powering on the Dynamix 2500 data collector for the first time or after a restart or hardware reset, the Setup screen automatically appears.



2. To change the format of the date, highlight Date Format and press the Right arrow key to display the format choices.
3. Select the appropriate format and press the Left arrow key to save your choice.
4. To change the date and time, highlight Date/Time and press the Right arrow key to open the date and time window.



5. Enter the current time and date.
6. When you get to the Year field, press the Right arrow key to save your entry.
7. When you are finished, press Enter to return to the Main Menu.

Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Data Collection Screen

The basic operations of the instrument includes changing your display contrast, resetting the data collector, setting the date, time, and date format.

The Data Collection screen lets you do the following:

- Navigate around the routes loaded in the data collector.
- Collect and store Route and Offroute data.
- Edit the data collection options.
- Navigate through the stored data and to review previously collected Route and Offroute data.

When you select Data Collection from the Main Menu, the Route Manager screen appears

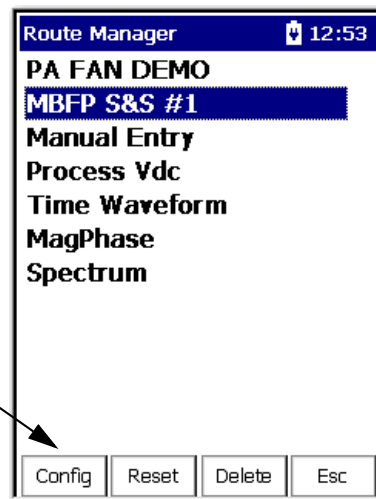
All of the routes that you download from Emonitor to the data collector appear on the Route Manger screen.

Follow these steps to open a Route.

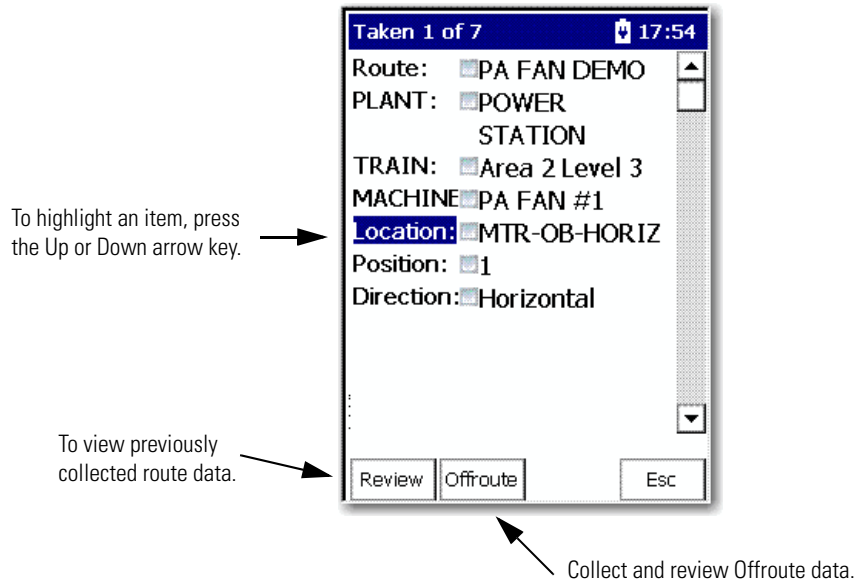
1. Select the route and press Enter.

Displays the instrument configuration screen, which lets you access global data collection settings.

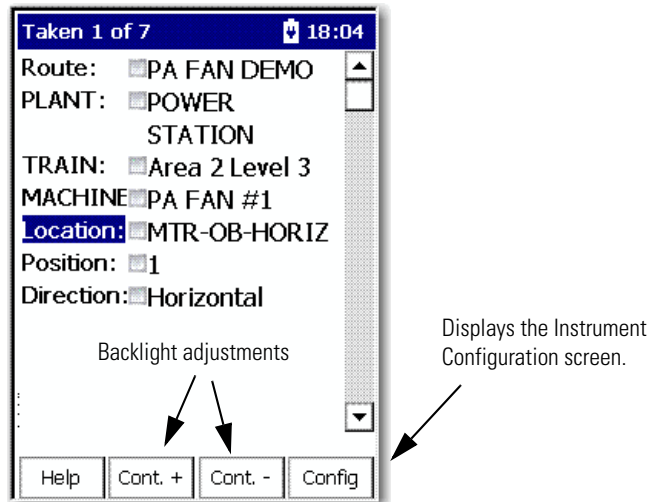
If you press 0, the Help button appears in the next level of function keys.



The information for the first point taken appears.



To access four additional functions for the Data Collection screen, press 0.



Follow these steps to move around in the Data Collection screen.

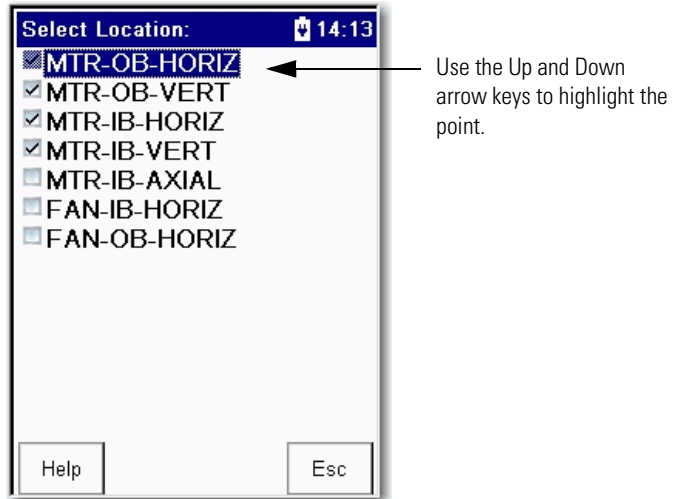
1. Select the hierarchy level, for example, Plant, Train, Machine, and Location.

The Dynamix 2500 data collector supports up to six hierarchy levels for each point. These levels are defined by the structure of the Route database in the Emonitor software. The number and labels of these levels vary according to the way your Route database was set up.

2. Display the next screen of information, for example, a list of location measurement points, press the Right arrow key.

The Select Location screen appears.

TIP The Selection screen does not appear if you set the route Navigation mode to `DataPac` in the Setup Utility menu. Instead, the Dynamix 2500 data collector automatically moves to the next point in the route when you press the Right arrow.



Task	Action
Select an item.	Highlight the item and press the Left arrow key.
Leave the screen without selecting an item.	F4 (Esc)
Start collecting data.	Enter
Review previously collected route data.	F1 (Review)
Collect and review Offroute data.	F2 (Offroute)

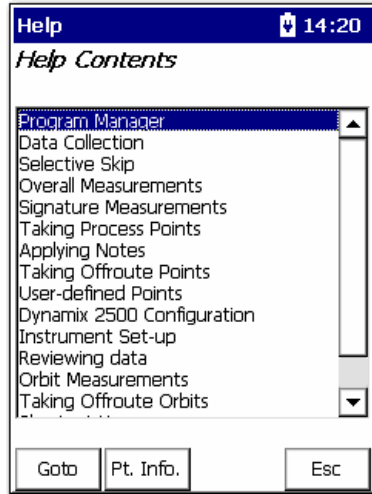
See [Collecting and Reviewing Data on page 129](#) for more information.

View Settings for Current Measurement Definition

You can review the measurement definitions for the current active measurement point from the online help.

1. Press F1 (Help) to access the online help.

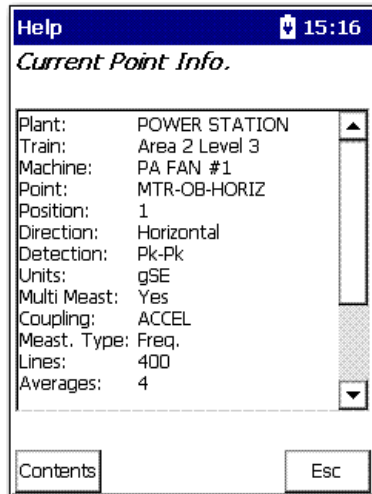
The Help Contents screen appears.



TIP On some screens, Help is located on the second set of functions, press (shift) to display F1 (Help)

2. Press F2 (Pt. Info.) to view the measurement definition.

The Current Point Info screen appears.



3. When you are finished, press F4 (Esc) to exit the online help or press F1 (Contents) to return to the Help Contents screen.

Setting Up the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector

Before you begin to take readings, you need to configure the instrument parameters by using the Setup Utility, Instrument Configuration and Data Collection screens.

Configure the Data Collector

Using the Setup Utility, you can configure the global options for your data collector.

Follow these steps to configure the data collector.

1. Select Setup Utility from the Main Menu and press Enter.

The Setup screen appears.



← For the Route data to be accurately time based, you must set the date and time before leaving this screen.

2. Review the default values and edit if necessary.

Use the descriptions in [Instrument Configuration Parameters on page 59](#) to help you configure these options.

See [Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Setup Screen on page 48](#) for help on editing the parameters.

3. When finished, press F4 (Apply) to return to the Main Menu.

Table 13 - Setup Screen Parameter Descriptions

Parameter	Description	Value
Route Mem	Sets the location where the loaded route data is stored.	Internal (default) Storage Card
Timeout	The number of minutes the Dynamix 2500 data collector can remain idle before it shuts itself off to conserve battery power. Press On/Off to reactivate the instrument following a timeout. The instrument returns to the point in the program where it was when it shut off. No stored data will be lost.	Off (default) 5 min 10 min 15 min 20 min
Trigger	Sets the Phase/Order input trigger synchronization: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laser Tach enables the internal Laser Tachometer when a Phase or Order measurement is collected. • External uses the trigger input from the POWER/USB/TRIGGER connector as the trigger source. 	External (default) Laser Tach
Dflt Units	Defines the units of measurement for Offroute standard velocity measurements. Important: Used only for Offroute standard velocity measurements.	English (ips) (default) Metric (mm/s)
Date Format	The format of the date displayed in the Dynamix 2500 data collector.	MM/DD/YYYY (default) DD/MM/YYYY YYYY/MM/DD
Time Zone	Sets the time zone. Only used when using ActiveSync software data synchronization. The time zone on the instrument must match the time zone on the computer. If you are not using ActiveSync software then the time zone setting has no effect. Important: Always set your instrument to the correct time zone or your files will not be in sync by time zone.	List of 30 time zones
Date/Time	Displays the date and time in the format you select in the Date and Time parameters.	Current data and time
Memory	Configures the memory: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select cmd to exit this field without selecting an option. • Delete all routes and data from memory. • Initialize formats the memory. Deletes all files from memory including any route files and directories. Important: These commands are performed on the memory location as set by Route Memory.	Select cmd (default) Delete all routes Initialize
Route Font	You can select the font size for the Route.	Big or Small
Envelope	The type of envelope to use for high frequency and rolling element bearing analysis. Determines which pre-defined measurement you can use to collect Offroute data.	gSE (default), collects an Offroute gSE point. ESP, collects an Offroute ESP point
Navigation	Determines how the instrument navigates through the routes in the Data Collection screens when the Right arrow key is pressed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enpac- The instrument displays a Selection screen from which you select the item you want to collect or review. • DataPac - The instrument functions like a dataPAC 1500 in that it automatically advances to the next point in the route. 	Enpac DataPac (default)

Table 13 - Setup Screen Parameter Descriptions

Parameter	Description	Value
Transducer Change	Notification of a transducer change. If set to Warn, a prompt appears on the screen warning you of the transducer change.	Warn (default) Do not warn
Bias Check	The bias of the transducer before taking the measurement.	Manual (default) Automatic
Module ICP	The Module ICP option allows the manual control of turning off/on ICP power to transducers in application modules.	Never Always Auto
Language	Sets the language for the user interface.	Chinese English Francais Deutsch Italiano Portuguese (Brasil) Russkiy Espanol (Spain, traditional)

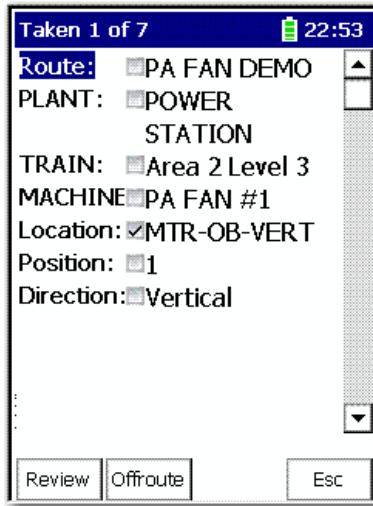
Configure the Data Collection Options

The data collection options affect the measurement, the data collection process, and how the data displays on the Dynamix 2500 data collector. The instrument stores the data collection settings even when the instrument is powered off. However, you should check these options each time you start data collection.

Follow these steps to download a Route onto the data collector using the Emonitor software.

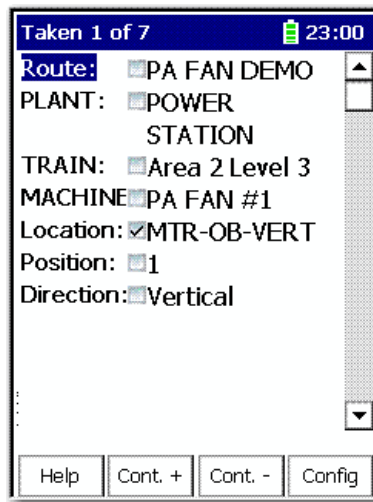
1. Using the Route Manager, select an appropriate route and press Enter.

The Data Collection screen appears.



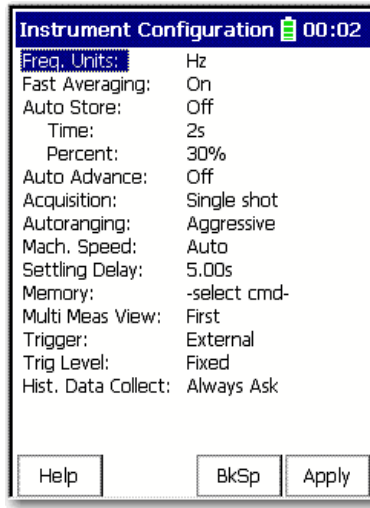
2. Press 0 (Shift) to display the Config function.

The Config function should remain on the screen for approximately three seconds after releasing the 0 key.



3. Press F4 (Config) to display the data collection options.

The Instrument Configuration screen appears.



- Review the default values and edit if necessary.

Use the descriptions in [Instrument Configuration Parameters on page 59](#) to help you configure the data collection options.

- When you are finished, press F4 (Apply) to return to the Data Collection screen.

Table 14 - Instrument Configuration Parameters

Parameter	Description	Value
Freq. Units	The frequency units for displaying spectra/FFT data in the data collector. This parameter is initially set to the default frequency (Hz or CPM) in Emonitor when you load a list.	Hz: displays spectra in Hertz, cycles per second. CPM (default): displays spectra in cycles per minute. Orders: spectra in orders of the operating speed. This is used only when order normalized or phase data is collected using a tachometer or strobe to trigger data collection.
Fast Averaging	Sets the averaging display and overlap processing.	
	Value	Description
	On	Default The display is updated only when the data collector has collected and averaged all the data. For example, if the number of averages is set to `20,' then data is displayed only when 20 blocks have been collected and averaged. There is no progress indication during data collection, only a `Collecting data...' message. This speeds up the data collection of the spectra using the percent overlap specified in Emonitor. The interim averages are not displayed.
Off	The display is updated as often as possible while the data collector is collecting and averaging the data. For example, if the number of averages is set to `20' then data might be displayed for averages 1, 6, 12, 18, and 20. The averages that are displayed depends on the Fmax and number of lines selected. If each block is acquired very quickly then only the first and last updates may be seen. Data can be stored at any time once the spectrum has been displayed. Important: The Off option applies only to spectral averaging, not time synchronous averaging. This means it has no effect on Phase points or other time synchronous averaged measurements.	

Table 14 - Instrument Configuration Parameters

Parameter	Description	Value
Auto Store	Controls the number of key presses required to accept data.	
	Value	Description
	On	The instrument automatically accepts both the overall and signature measurements and proceeds to the next point in the list. The overall measurement is accepted based on an algorithm. The algorithm is based on a percent fluctuation over a period of time (seconds). If the overall stays with the % specified by Percent for the number of seconds specified with Time, the overall magnitude is accepted. You must press Enter to accept the overall measurement, and then press Enter again to accept the signature measurement.
Off	Default	
Time	The number of seconds that the input signal must be steady for Auto Store to occur.	2 s (default) This parameter is used only when Auto Store is set to 'On.'
Percent	The fluctuation percent for Auto Store to occur.	30% (default) This parameter is used only when Auto Store is set to 'On.'
Auto Advance	Determines whether the Dynamix 2500 data collector automatically moves forward to the next point in the list after collecting data for the current point.	
	Value	Description
	On	The instrument automatically moves forward to the next point in the list after collecting data for the current point. No spectrum is displayed.
Off	Default The instrument displays a spectrum after collecting data for the current point.	
Acquisition	Determines how the Dynamix 2500 data collector collects a signature when the measurement definition specifies just one average.	
	Value	Description
	Single shot	Measures a single average for the signature and then stops.
Continuous	Default Continuously measures the signature until you press Enter to stop the averaging. This will pause the acquisition. Press the Continue function to restart the acquisition. Press Enter a second time to store the data.	

Table 14 - Instrument Configuration Parameters

Parameter	Description	Value										
Autoranging	Sets the input range during data collection.											
	Value	Description										
	Aggressive	<p>Default</p> <p>Limits the auto-ranging to 20 mV level and sets the range limits from 1% to 70% of range.</p> <p>When the input is under-range, the instrument recalculates the most appropriate setting and begin data sampling. The range will not be adjusted a second time or checked prior to data collection.</p> <p>Use Aggressive autoranging when faster data collection is desired. When using Aggressive autoranging, set Auto Store to 'Off,' or set Auto Store Time to '2' seconds when Auto Store is set to 'On.'</p>										
	Conservative	<p>Allows auto-ranging to go as low as 2 mV and sets the range limits from 10% to 70% of range.</p> <p>The instrument perform a series of checks prior to sampling data. This will result in longer data collection times and potentially lengthy acquisition.</p> <p>When the input is under-range, the instrument recalculates the most appropriate range setting and sample data to make sure the range has been properly selected. In addition, the dynamic range will be adjusted several times prior to data collection.</p> <p>Use Conservative autoranging when large variations in signal amplitude are present for proper input range selection but increases the settling time required.</p>										
Fixed	<p>No autoranging measurements are taken. Input range is set based on the transducer type and sensitivity.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="730 940 1239 1157"> <thead> <tr> <th>Transducer</th> <th>Input Range (EUs)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Accelerometer</td> <td>50 g</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Velocimeter</td> <td>50 ips</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Displacement probe</td> <td>200 mils</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Volts, A.C.</td> <td>2 V</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For example, an accelerometer, the input range will be 5 V for 100 mV/G sensitivity or 500 mV for 10 mV/G sensitivity.</p>	Transducer	Input Range (EUs)	Accelerometer	50 g	Velocimeter	50 ips	Displacement probe	200 mils	Volts, A.C.	2 V	
Transducer	Input Range (EUs)											
Accelerometer	50 g											
Velocimeter	50 ips											
Displacement probe	200 mils											
Volts, A.C.	2 V											
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If Autoranging is set to Fixed or Aggressive, the software integration is used on all FFT measurements. This is to give improved dynamic range and faster hardware settling times. • If hardware integration is required, set Autoranging to 'Conservative.' • For all autoranging settings (including Fixed), the input range is automatically increased and the data retaken if clipping occurs. This means that the final input range used will never be too low for the signal being measured. 												

Table 14 - Instrument Configuration Parameters

Parameter	Description	Value
Mach. Speed	Controls the amount of time auto-ranging will wait to be sure it has seen the peak signal value of the sample.	
	Value	Description
	Normal	Sets the auto-ranging algorithm to only track signals above 120 rpm. Therefore, use this setting when the machine speed is greater than 120 rpm. The normal speed setting guarantees the waiting time be no longer than 0.5 seconds. It will significantly improve auto-ranging times and therefore data collection times for any points that have low filters (<2 Hz) selected.
	Slow	Sets the auto-ranging algorithm down to the Low Pass Filter setting. (If none, it will track down to approximately 0.33 Hz or 20 CPM.) Therefore, use this setting when the machine speed is less than 120 rpm. The slow speed setting enables low frequency auto-ranging to accommodate collection of low frequency components. For slow speed equipment, this is necessary to be sure adequate sampling and collection of the peak signal. The slow speed setting allows the Dynamix 2500 data collector to auto-range on machines running as slow as 20 rpm. The auto-ranging algorithm makes an assumption about the speed of the machine that is being monitored to determine how long to wait for the peak signal value to be seen. With the slow speed setting, the wait-time is calculated as $1 / f_{hpf}$ where f_{hpf} is the high-pass filter cutoff in Hz for the current point. For example, if a 0.36 Hz filter is selected, the auto-ranging algorithm will wait for $1 / 0.36 = 2.78$ seconds to make sure it has seen the peak signal value.
Auto (default)	Select to have the Dynamix 2500 automatically select Normal or Slow depending on the measurements speed setting specified by Emonitor.	
When faster data collection is desired, set Autoranging to 'Aggressive' and Mach. Speed to 'Normal.'		
Settling Delay	The amount of time the instrument should delay data acquisition after applying power to an ICP accelerometer. The specified delay applies only to the first ICP measurement after turning ICP on, for example, the first measurement at the start of a ROUTE or a measurement following a non-ICP measurement After the first measurement, data acquisition times are not affected. If ski slope anomalies occur, try increasing the settling delay by one or two seconds.	0.00...60.00 s 5.00 s (default)
Memory	Configures the data collector's memory.	
	Value	Description
	Select cmd: Default	Exit this parameter without selecting an option.
	Purge	Marks all the points on the route as taken, sets the current reading to be the previous reading for each point, and deletes all the Offroute data.
	Delete route	Deletes the current route in memory. If you have an internal or SD storage card, the route to be deleted depends on what you have chosen on the Setup Utility screen.
	Delete all routes	Deletes all routes and data in memory. If you have an internal or SD storage card, the route to be deleted depends on what you have chosen on the Setup Utility screen.
	Initialize	Formats the active memory. Note this will delete all routes and data in active memory.
TIP		Configure only when you open data collection. You must have a Route open for the memory option to display. A Route must be in active memory.

Table 14 - Instrument Configuration Parameters

Parameter	Description	Value						
Multi Meas View	Determines what is viewed on the screen while taking multiple measurement location.	First (default) Last All None						
Trigger	Sets the trigger source.	External (default) Uses the trigger input from the POWER/USB/TRIGGER connector as the trigger source. Laser Tach Enables the internal Laser Tachometer when a Phase or Order measurement is collected.						
Trig Level	Sets the trigger level. Applies only to triggered measurements (rpm points, phase points, time-synchronous averaged points).							
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Automatic</td> <td> <p>Samples the trigger signal before collecting the triggered measurement and sets an appropriate trigger level automatically. When collecting data on a triggered point, a message displays on the screen while the trigger level is being sampled.</p> <p>The length of time for which the trigger is sampled during autotriggering is dependent on two factors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The high pass filter selected for the point. • The lower the high pass filter cutoff, the longer the trigger will be sampled. <p>Mach. Speed</p> <p>If the Mach. Speed is set to `Normal,' the maximum trigger sampling time is about one second. If the Mach. Speed is set to `Slow,' the maximum trigger sampling time is about 10 seconds. The Normal setting supports autotriggering on machines running at speeds down to ~120 rpm. The Slow setting will support autotriggering on machines running at speeds down to ~6 rpm, depending on the width of the trigger pulse.</p> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fixed: Default</td> <td>The Dynamix 2500 data collector uses the signal level entered in the point setup information (either Route or Offroute) as the trigger point.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Value	Description	Automatic	<p>Samples the trigger signal before collecting the triggered measurement and sets an appropriate trigger level automatically. When collecting data on a triggered point, a message displays on the screen while the trigger level is being sampled.</p> <p>The length of time for which the trigger is sampled during autotriggering is dependent on two factors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The high pass filter selected for the point. • The lower the high pass filter cutoff, the longer the trigger will be sampled. <p>Mach. Speed</p> <p>If the Mach. Speed is set to `Normal,' the maximum trigger sampling time is about one second. If the Mach. Speed is set to `Slow,' the maximum trigger sampling time is about 10 seconds. The Normal setting supports autotriggering on machines running at speeds down to ~120 rpm. The Slow setting will support autotriggering on machines running at speeds down to ~6 rpm, depending on the width of the trigger pulse.</p>	Fixed: Default	The Dynamix 2500 data collector uses the signal level entered in the point setup information (either Route or Offroute) as the trigger point.
Value	Description							
Automatic	<p>Samples the trigger signal before collecting the triggered measurement and sets an appropriate trigger level automatically. When collecting data on a triggered point, a message displays on the screen while the trigger level is being sampled.</p> <p>The length of time for which the trigger is sampled during autotriggering is dependent on two factors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The high pass filter selected for the point. • The lower the high pass filter cutoff, the longer the trigger will be sampled. <p>Mach. Speed</p> <p>If the Mach. Speed is set to `Normal,' the maximum trigger sampling time is about one second. If the Mach. Speed is set to `Slow,' the maximum trigger sampling time is about 10 seconds. The Normal setting supports autotriggering on machines running at speeds down to ~120 rpm. The Slow setting will support autotriggering on machines running at speeds down to ~6 rpm, depending on the width of the trigger pulse.</p>							
Fixed: Default	The Dynamix 2500 data collector uses the signal level entered in the point setup information (either Route or Offroute) as the trigger point.							
Hist. Data Collect	<p>Determines how data is stored in the Dynamix 2500 data collector when collecting multiple measurements for a signal point:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If you want to conserve space, you should select Always Overwrite. • If you want multiple data sets to be stored and unloaded, select Always Append. 	<p>Always Append: adds the new data for a point to existing data.</p> <p>Always Overwrite: replaces existing data with new data.</p> <p>Always Ask (default): displays a dialog box before attempting to store the data.</p>						

Using Memory Cards

The Dynamix 2500 data collector can store program information and collect data internally and on a memory card. The data collector accepts a standard SDHC storage card up to 16 GB that is supported with a Microsoft Windows CE driver. The storage card can be inserted when the instrument is powered on or off.

IMPORTANT The Dynamix 2500 data collector is only certified for use with the Sandisk Secure Digital (SD) card SDSDx-yyy.

TIP Due to the limitations of the Windows CE operating system. The largest single file size can be 2 GB.

Insert and Remove a Storage Card

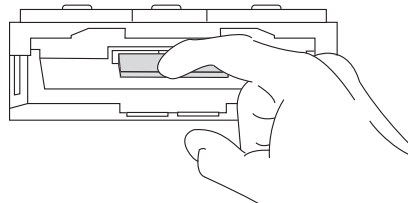
You insert the memory card into the collector through the base cover at the bottom of the instrument. The memory card can be inserted while the Dynamix 2500 data collector is powered on or off.

TIP The SD storage card must be initialized/formatted before you can use it in the data collector. The data collector does not initialize/format the cards.

Insert a Storage Card

Follow these steps to insert a storage card.

1. With the bottom of the Dynamix 2500 data collector facing you, press down the two latches of the base cover.
2. Pull the base cover towards you.



3. With the memory card contact side facing up, gently slide the card into the instrument until it is firmly seated in place.
4. Close the base cover.



WARNING: To prevent loss of route data, it is recommend that memory cards (SDHC) are properly formatted prior to use to FAT 32 using a computer before use.

Remove a Storage Card

Follow these steps to remove a storage card.

1. With the bottom of the Dynamix 2500 data collector facing you, press down the latches of the base cover to open.
2. Press the card to release and gently remove the card.

Setting Up Measurements

This chapter describes setting up the measurement definitions in the Emonitor software, how alarms are handled, lists, and inspection codes.

Measurement definitions define how to collect and store measurements. You can create several different types of measurement definitions at each location. The Emonitor software can then take advantage of the abilities of your data collector by combining some of the measurement definitions when you load them into the data collector. By combining measurements, the software can shorten the data collection time.

Topic	Page
Measurement Definition Options	66
Setting Up Collection Specifications	75
Setting Up Measurement Definitions	86
Setting Up Alarms, Lists, and Inspection Codes	104

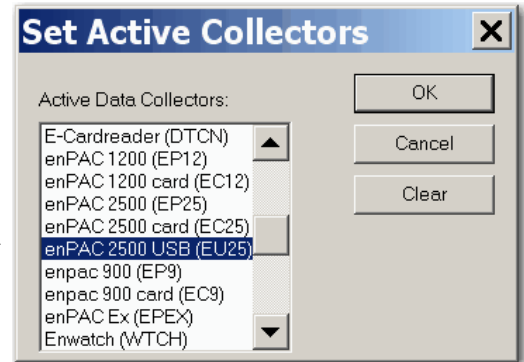
IMPORTANT For complete information on all the Emonitor software features, tasks, and interface elements, refer to the software's online help.

Measurement Definition Options

From the Tools menu, choose Set Active Collectors to determine the definitions for measuring in the Emonitor software.

Figure 11 - Set Active Collectors

When using the Dynamix 2500 data collector, select the Enpac 2500 (EP25) driver.



IMPORTANT

If no data collectors are active, the selections that appear in the Measurement Definition pane are the ones available to all data collectors:

- If only the Dynamix 2500 data collector is active, then only the valid choices for the unit appear in the lists.
- If the data collector and other data collectors are active at the same time, you see the selections that are common to all data collectors that are active.

Therefore, you may not see all the selections available for the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

In some cases, both the Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support only certain options. In other cases, the Emonitor software can support an option that the Dynamix 2500 data collector cannot support.

For example, the Emonitor software can apply a software high pass filter to the data after it unloads the data from the Dynamix 2500 data collector. This lets you use a filter that is not available in the data collector.

Measurement Types

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support the following measurement definition types.

Table 15 - Measurement Types

Item	Description
Magnitude	This measurement type is a single value representing the total energy of a measurement. For example, a vibration magnitude represents the total energy in a vibration spectrum. The Dynamix 2500 data collector can also collect magnitude+phase measurements, for the first through the eighth orders.
Numeric	Manual entry or DC voltage measurement of an overall value such as temperature, pressure, flow rate, operating speed, or proximity probe gap readings.
Numeric Spectrum	Frequency domain measurement of frequency versus amplitude, usually for velocity or acceleration. The Dynamix can collect phase with spectrum measurement definitions.
Time Waveform	Time domain measurement of time versus amplitude, usually for displacement, velocity, or acceleration.

TIP The available measurement types in the Emonitor software depend on the active collectors you choose Set Active Collectors from the Tools menu. If you have two or more active data collectors, you may not see all the selections available for the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

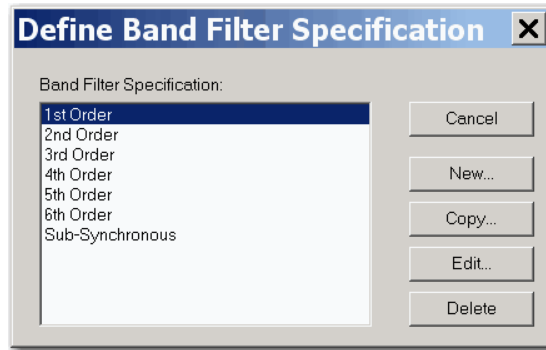
Measurement Filters

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector each support certain measurement filters. Some of the filters are supported in both. You can define custom band filters (high pass, low pass, band pass) by creating a new band filter using the Band Filter function. You can choose to use a filter in the Dynamix 2500 data collector by selecting the Analog or RSS (digital) option when you define a filter.

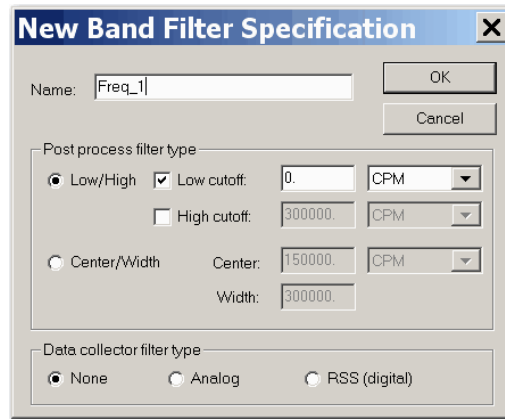
See [Instrument Configuration Parameters on page 59](#).

Follow these steps to define a band filter.

1. From the Setup menu, choose Band Filters.



2. Choose a Band Filter and click New.



3. Type a name and click OK.

Filters in the Emonitor software are referred to as software filters. Filters in data collectors are referred to as hardware filters.

Hardware filters alter the signal in the data collector. The Emonitor software filters alter the signal (data representing the signal) after you unload the data into the software.

In general, if the filter you want to use is available in both the software and in the data collector, it is to your advantage to use the hardware filter in the data collector.

Advantage of Hardware Filters

They can remove low frequency, high amplitude signal components that would dominate the dynamic range in the data collector. This results in improved amplitude resolution of the remaining signal range.

When collecting low frequency vibration data, applying an overall filter helps reduce long ranging times. In particular, overall filters with the highest low

frequency cutoff point decrease ranging time the most. Try to set your maximum frequency and lines of resolution such that the formula results in the highest value that would be practical in your application.

TIP

These are two other ways you can reduce ranging time:

- Only use filters that are built into the data collector.
- Change the Autoranging in the Instrument Configuration menu to either Fixed or Aggressive.

See [Instrument Configuration Parameters on page 59](#) for more information about filters.

Advantage of Software Filters

If there is no corresponding filter in the data collector, or you choose not to use it, the Emonitor software can apply a digital filter after you unload the data from the data collector.

gSE Filters

Use a gSE filter to detect bearing and other component defects. The gSE filters provide a demodulated measurement similar to the ‘envelope’ measurements in other instruments. You can use gSE filters with magnitude and spectrum measurement definitions.

These six gSE filters are available in the Dynamix 2500 data collector. If you select the Envelope filter, the Emonitor software automatically picks the 5 kHz gSE filter.

Table 16 - gSE Filters

Filter	CPM
100 Hz gSE	6000
200 Hz gSE	12000
500 Hz gSE	30000
1000 Hz gSE	60000
2000 Hz gSE	120000
5000 Hz gSE	300000

IMPORTANT

In Emonitor software, on the Data Collector dialog box, the Enpac Emulation parameter must be set to Yes.

See [Data Collector Advanced Settings Parameters on page 112](#) for settings descriptions.

ESP Filters

Use an Envelope Spectrum Processing (ESP) filter to detect bearing and other component defects. The ESP filters apply a band pass filter, envelope the time domain signal, and then perform a frequency analysis on the result. ESP filters are built into the Dynamix 2500 data collector, and you cannot change them in the Emonitor software. You can use ESP filters with the magnitude and spectrum measurement definitions.

The following ESP filters are available with the Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector:

- 0.6...1.25 kHz
- 1.25...2.5 kHz
- 2.5...5 kHz
- 5...10 kHz
- 10...20 kHz

IMPORTANT

In Emonitor software, on the Data Collector dialog box, the Enpac Emulation parameter must be set to No.

See [Data Collector Advanced Settings Parameters on page 112](#) for Settings descriptions.

High Pass Filters

Use a high pass filter to remove high vibration, low frequency signal components that would dominate the signal. For example, structural vibration or signal components generated by an integrator.

The high pass filter excludes all frequencies below a defined frequency. It allows, or passes, frequencies above the defined frequency. You define these and other band filters using the Setup > Band Filter function in the data collector. You can use a high pass filter with the magnitude and spectrum measurement definitions.

If you select Analog as the data collector filter type, when you define a high pass filter, the data collector uses one of the following filters determined by the following formula.

$$\frac{2 (\text{max frequency})}{\text{number of lines}}$$

The Emonitor software uses a high pass filter with one of the low frequency cutoffs shown in this table. It uses the filter whose cutoff is greater than or equal to the result of the formula.

Table 17 - Low Frequency Cutoffs

Integrated (A to V, A to D, V to D)	Non-integrated (A, V, and D)
0.36 Hz (21.6 CPM)	0.18 Hz (10.8 CPM)
5.30 Hz (318 CPM)	2.67 Hz (160.2 CPM)
23.80 Hz (1428 CPM)	

EXAMPLE

$$\frac{2 \times 120,000 \text{ CPM}}{400 \text{ lines}} = \frac{240000}{400} = 600 \text{ CPM} = 10 \text{ Hz}$$

The Emonitor software uses the 5.30 Hz (318 CPM) filter for an integrated measurement. It uses the 2.67 Hz (160.2 CPM) filter for a nonintegrated measurement.

Order (Magnitude) Filters

Use order filters to define the bands around orders for magnitude and magnitude+phase measurements. You define these filters using Setup > Band Filter function in the data collector. You can use order filters with the magnitude and spectrum measurement definitions.

You can define and use order filters for the first through the eighth orders with the Dynamix 2500 data collector. If you specify the Maximum frequency in Orders filters, select Analog and Order normalize when you define the orders filters, then the data collector calculates the orders from an external trigger.

The Dynamix 2500 data collector then uses its own filters to calculate the magnitude and phase for the first through the eighth orders. The Emonitor software calculates the magnitude values (without phase) for additional orders after you unload the data.

If you select None instead of Analog, the Emonitor software also calculates magnitude values after you unload the data.

IMPORTANT

If you want phase, remember to specify the Maximum frequency (in Collection Specification dialog box) in Orders, select Analog in the Band Filter Specification dialog box and Order normalize in the Collection Specification dialog box. The Emonitor software does not select these options by default.

Default Filters

There are also four default filters in the Emonitor software that map to specific filters in the Dynamix 2500 data collector. The filters are High Frequency, Envelope, Smart HP, and Overall.

Table 18 - Default Filter Descriptions

Default Filters	Description						
High Frequency	Typically this filter maps to a high frequency filter in the data collector and is available only for magnitude acceleration measurements. In the Dynamix 2500 data collector, it maps to the 5 kHz gSE filter.						
Envelope	Typically this filter maps to one of the gSE filters in the data collector and is available for magnitude and spectrum acceleration measurements. In the Dynamix 2500 data collector, it maps to the 5 kHz gSE filter.						
SmartHP	<p>(Smart High Pass) Typically this filter maps to a specific high pass filter in the data collector and is available for magnitude, spectrum, and time waveform measurements. In the Dynamix 2500 data collector, it maps to the filters shown in the table below, depending on the results of comparing the filter choice to the formula below.</p> <p>The Emonitor software uses the following formula.</p> $\frac{2 (\text{max frequency})}{\text{number of lines}}$ <p>The Emonitor software chooses an overall filter with one of the low frequency cutoffs shown in the table below. It uses the filter whose cutoff is less than the result of the formula.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="829 1077 1474 1203"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="837 1087 1166 1119">Integrated (A to V, A to D, V to D)</th> <th data-bbox="1174 1087 1466 1119">Non-integrated (A, V, and D)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="837 1129 1166 1161">5.30 Hz (318 CPM)</td> <td data-bbox="1174 1129 1466 1161">2.67 Hz (160.2 CPM)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="837 1171 1166 1203">23.80 Hz (1428 CPM)</td> <td data-bbox="1174 1171 1466 1203"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Example</p> $\frac{2 \times 120,000 \text{ CPM}}{400 \text{ lines}} = \frac{240000}{400} = 600 \text{ CPM} = 10 \text{ Hz}$ <p>The Emonitor software uses the 5.30 Hz (318 CPM) filter for an integrated measurement. It uses the 2.67 Hz (160.2 CPM) filter for a non-integrated measurement.</p>	Integrated (A to V, A to D, V to D)	Non-integrated (A, V, and D)	5.30 Hz (318 CPM)	2.67 Hz (160.2 CPM)	23.80 Hz (1428 CPM)	
Integrated (A to V, A to D, V to D)	Non-integrated (A, V, and D)						
5.30 Hz (318 CPM)	2.67 Hz (160.2 CPM)						
23.80 Hz (1428 CPM)							
Overall	<p>Typically this filter maps to a specific high pass filter in the data collector and is available for magnitude, spectrum, and time waveform measurements.</p> <p>In the Dynamix 2500 data collector, it maps to the unit filters shown in the table below, depending on the results of comparing the filter choice to the formula below. The Emonitor software uses the following formula.</p> $\frac{2 (\text{max frequency})}{\text{number of lines}}$						

the Emonitor software uses an overall filter with one of the low frequency cutoffs shown in the table below. It uses the filter whose cutoff is **greater than or equal to** the result of the formula.

Integrated (A to V, A to D, V to D)	Non-integrated (A, V, and D)
0.36 Hz (21.6 CPM)	0.18 Hz (10.8 CPM)
5.30 Hz (318 CPM)	2.67 Hz (160.2 CPM)
23.80 Hz (1428 CPM)	

EXAMPLE The Emonitor software uses the 5.30 Hz (318 CPM) filter for an

$$\frac{2 \times 30,000 \text{ CPM}}{400 \text{ lines}} = \frac{60000}{400} = 150 \text{ CPM} = 2.5 \text{ Hz}$$

integrated measurement. It uses the 2.67 Hz (160.2 CPM) filter for a non-integrated measurement.

IMPORTANT The available filters in the Emonitor software depend on the data collectors you select as active data collectors using Tools > Set Active Collectors:

- If you have two or more active data collectors, you may not see all the selections available for the unit.
- If you have no active data collectors, you see all the selections for every data collector, not just the selections for the unit.

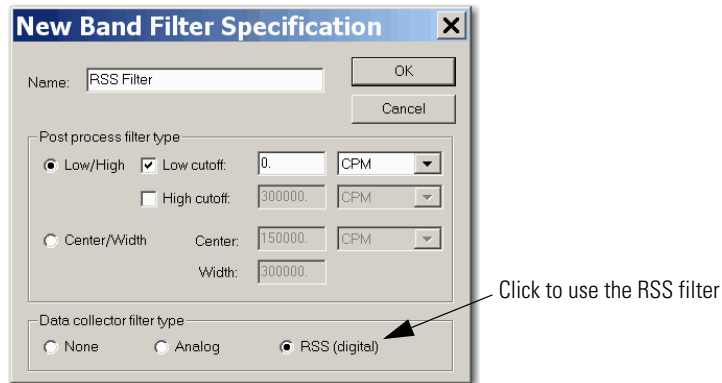
RSS Overall

The Dynamix 2500 data collector lets you to take a digital overall measurement, instead of analog. This set up makes measurement collection faster. Be aware that this Root Sum Squares (RSS) overall value is not as complete because it does not include the power in the signal from below the first spectral bin or above the highest spectral bin. The RSS overall values may not trend well with analog overall measurements.

To use the RSS filter, you must create a Band Filter in the Emonitor software.

1. Select Setup > Band Filter and click New.
2. Choose RSS (digital) as the filter type.

Figure 12 - RSS filter



IMPORTANT Using the 0.36 Hz (21.6 CPM) low cutoff filter for integrated measurements or the 0.18 Hz (10.8 CPM) low cutoff filter for non-integrated measurements will always cause the Dynamix 2500 data collector to go into a long autorange mode. Only use these filter settings when very low frequency data is required.

Measurement Units

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support many different measurement units. The measurement units that appear in the data collector are text that depend on the following definitions:

- Type of measurement definition
- Units for the measurement definition
- Transducer specification used in the collection specification for the measurement definition

The data collector collects data for english units, metric units, or decibels. It uses the units that you select in the Emonitor software. You can select units from a single system, for example, English g's, in/sec, or you can mix units from different systems, for example, English g's, in/sec and Metric m/s², m/sec) in one list.

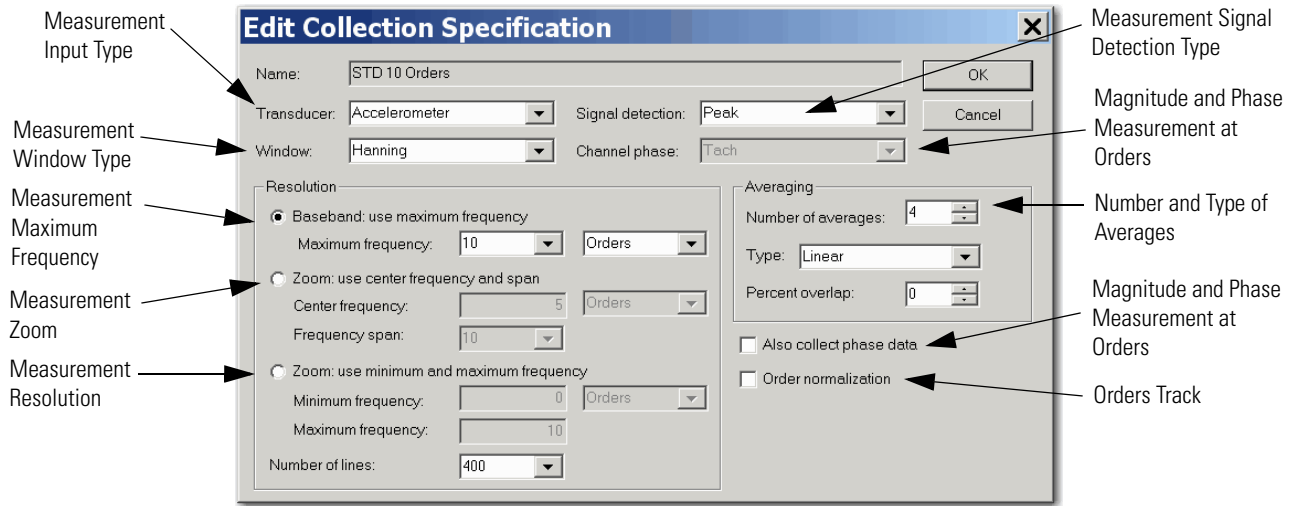
The Dynamix 2500 data collector loads the exact text string from the Emonitor software. The signal detection type, for example, peak, rms and true peak is appended to the units on the data collector.

TIP The measurement units cannot be changed after you collect data for the measurement definition.

Setting Up Collection Specifications

Measurement definitions are controlled in part by the collection specification (Setup > Collection). You select the collection specification when you set up the measurement definition. You can create new collection specifications based on your specific measurement by choosing Setup > Collection.

Figure 13 - Collection Specification Dialog Box



The transducer specification used in the collection specification includes both the base unit and the calibration value.

Edit the Measurement Definitions

The Emonitor software does not allow you to change some of the information for a measurement definition after you collect data for that measurement definition. This prevents you from collecting and then comparing data with different measurement definition selections. You cannot edit the Data Type or Units columns in the Measurement Definition dialog box after you collect data. You can, however, change the Collection, Filter, and the Storage columns for a measurement definition after collecting data.

IMPORTANT Changing the collection specification can make it difficult to compare data after the change with data before the change.

The figures in a typical measurement setup in the following sections refer to making selections in these dialog boxes. For example, a table for STD (HZ) 2000 collection specification would look like this.

Table 19 - STD (Hz) 2000 collection specification

Transducer	Window	Signal Detection	Fmax	Lines	Phase?	Order Norm?	Averages
Accelerometer	Hanning	Peak	2 kHz	400	No	No	4 linear

The table for the transducer specification in the STD (Hz) 2000 collection specification would look like this.

Table 20 - Transducer specification in STD (Hz) 2000 collection specification

Name	Base Unit	Input Type	Units	DC Offset
Accelerometer	Acceleration	ICP Accel	g's	0

Measurement Input Types

The input type is part of the transducer specification (Setup > Calibration). The transducer is part of the collection specification (Setup > Collection). You select the collection specification when you set up the measurement definition.

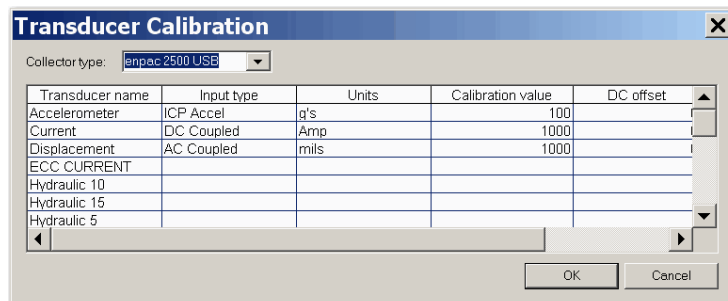
The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support the following input types.

Input Type	Description
ICP Accel	Use for ICP accelerometers requiring current from a power supply.
AC Coupled	Use for AC voltage measurements and non-ICP accelerometers.
DC Coupled	Use for DC voltage measurements. This includes numeric (process) measurements taken from a DC voltage output.
Manual Entry	Use for numeric (process) measurements where you enter the value for the measurement with the data collector keyboard.

Follow these to specify an input type.

1. Select Setup > Calibration.
2. Choose the correct Dynamix 2500 data collector from the Collector list.
3. Assign Input types, Calibration, and appropriate Units to the transducer.

Figure 14 - Transducer Calibration dialog box



Measurement Window Types

The measurement window type is part of the collection specification (Setup > Collection). Select the collection specification when you set up the measurement definition.

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support the following measurement window types. In general, the Hanning measurement window provides the best compromise of frequency and amplitude accuracy for most predictive maintenance measurements.

Measurement Window Types	Description
Hanning	A general purpose window to use on random type data when frequency resolution is more important than amplitude accuracy. Use this setting for most of your machinery monitoring activities.
Rectangular	The data collector does not apply a window. Use this only for transient signals that die out before the end of the time sample, or for exactly periodic signals within the time sample.
Flattop	Use this when amplitude accuracy is more important than frequency resolution. In data with closely spaced peaks, a Flattop window may smear the peaks together into one wide peak. Use this setting for sinusoidal or calibration signals.
Hamming	A general purpose window that is similar to the Hanning window. It provides better frequency resolution but decreased amplitude accuracy when compared to the Hanning window. You can use it to separate close frequency components.

Measurement Signal Detection Types

The signal detection is part of the collection specification (Setup > Collection). See [Collection Specification Dialog Box on page 75](#). You select the collection specification when you set up the measurement definition.

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support the following signal detection types.

Table 21 - Signal Detection Types

Signal Detection Type	Description
None	Use for numeric measurements. None defaults to RMS when applied to magnitude or spectrum measurement definition.
RMS	Use for detection of voltage and current. For the frequency domain, the dynamic signal is measured as the square root of the mean of the square of the signal. This is the RMS amplitude of a sine wave at the frequency of interest. For the time domain, the dynamic time signal is squared, integrated over some time period, and then the square root is taken.

Table 21 - Signal Detection Types

Signal Detection Type	Description
Peak	Use for detection of acceleration, velocity, and high frequency energy. This is the peak (0 to maximum) amplitude of a sine wave at the frequency of interest and is calculated from the RMS value.
True Peak	Use to detect impacts and random transients. The dynamic time signal contains the absolute value of the largest peak (positive or negative) within a specified time window. Returns a magnitude value only. If used with a spectrum measurement, the Emonitor software uses a Peak signal detection type instead. This value is not calculated but is measured directly.
True Peak-Peak	Use to detect impacts and random transients. The dynamic time signal contains the absolute value of the largest peak to peak distance within a specified time window. Returns a magnitude value only. If used with a spectrum measurement, the Emonitor software uses a Peak-Peak signal detection type instead. This value is not calculated but is measured directly.

Measurement Maximum Frequencies

The measurement maximum frequency is part of the collection specification (Setup > Collection). See [Collection Specification Dialog Box on page 75](#).

Select the collection specification when you set up the measurement definition. The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support the following maximum frequencies in Hz (CPM).

Table 22 - Maximum frequencies

Hz	CPM	Hz	CPM	Hz	CPM	Hz	CPM	Hz	CPM
10	(600)	200	(12,000)	1100	(66,000)	3000	(180,000)	12,800*	(768,000)*
20	(1200)	250	(15,000)	1200	(72,000)	3125*	(187,500)*	13,000	(780,000)
25	(1500)	256*	(15,360)*	1250	(75,000)	3200	(192,000)	15,000	(900,000)
32*	(1920)*	300	(18,000)	1280*	(76,800)*	4000	(240,000)	16,000	(960,000)
40	(2400)	320	(19,200)	1300	(78,000)	5000	(300,000)	18,000	(1,080,000)
50	(3000)	400	(24,000)	1400	(84,000)	6000	(360,000)	20,000	(1,200,000)
64*	(3840)*	500	(30,000)	1500	(90,000)	6250*	(375,000)*	25,000	(1,500,000)
80	(4800)	600	(36,000)	1600	(96,000)	6400	(384,000)	30,000	(1,800,000)
100	(6000)	625	(37,500)	1700	(102,000)	7000	(420,000)	32,000*	(1,920,000)*
120	(7200)	640*	(38,400)*	1800	(108,000)	8000	(480,000)	40,000	(2,400,000)
125	(7500)	700	(42,000)	1900	(114,000)	9000	(540,000)	80,000	(4,800,000)
128 ⁽¹⁾	(7680)*	800	(48,000)	2000	(120,000)	10,000	(600,000)		
150	(9000)	900	(54,000)	2500	(150,000)	12,000	(720,000)		
160	(9600)	1000	(60,000)	2560*	(153,600)*	12,500*	(750,000)*		

(1) These values are available in the Dynamix 2500 data collector only in Offroute data collection.

You can either select a value from the drop down list, or you can enter a value in Maximum frequency in the Collection Specification dialog box. If you enter a value that does not match one of the values above, the Emonitor software uses the next higher maximum frequency.

Measurement Resolution

The measurement resolution is part of the collection specification (Setup > Collection). See [Collection Specification Dialog Box on page 75](#).

Select the collection specification when you set up the measurement definition. The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support these resolutions.

Table 23 - Measurement Resolutions

Spectral Lines	Time Samples
100	256
200	512
400	1024
800	2048
1600	4096
3200	8192
6400	16,384
12,800	32,768
25,600 ⁽¹⁾	65536 ⁽²⁾

(1) The Emonitor software does not currently support 25,600 spectral lines and will not upload this data.

(2) The data collector is able to take the time samples Offroute but will not upload the data to the Emonitor software.

The values that appear in the Number of lines drop down list in the Collection Specification dialog box are those for spectrum measurements. The Emonitor software uses the corresponding number of time samples from the table above for time measurement definition.

You can calculate the number of time samples from the number of spectral lines using this formula.

$$\text{time samples} = \text{spectral lines} \times 2.56$$

You can calculate the total time required to collect a time waveform measurement from the Number of lines value and the Maximum frequency value in the Collection Specification dialog box (Setup > Collections).

If your Maximum frequency is specified in CPM, convert CPM to Hertz using the following formula.

$$F_{\max} \text{ (Hz)} = \frac{F_{\max} \text{ (CPM)}}{60}$$

Next, find the total collection time for the time waveform measurement using this formula.

$$\text{collection time} = \frac{\text{spectral lines}}{F_{\max} \text{ (Hz)}}$$

EXAMPLE

If you had a Maximum frequency value of 7200 CPM and a Number of lines value of 400, you would:

1. Convert CPM to Hz.

$$\frac{7200 \text{ CPM}}{60} = 120 \text{ Hz}$$

2. Find the total collection time.

$$\frac{400 \text{ lines}}{120 \text{ Hz}} = 3.3 \text{ seconds}$$

Number and Type of Averages

The number and type of averages are part of the collection specification (Setup > Collection). See [Collection Specification Dialog Box on page 75](#).

Select the collection specification when you set up the measurement definition. The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support the following number and types of averages for data collection.

Averages	Description
Linear	Up to 4096 averages.
Time Synchronous	Up to 255 averages, and requires a trigger.
Exponential	Up to 99 averages. Uses exponential weighting. Use for measurements on a continuous signal that may be slowly varying. Also use to obtain a uniform statistical error over all frequencies.
Peak Hold	Up to 99 averages. Holds the highest measured value in each bin (line).

Averaging is useful for reducing random errors. Random errors include background vibration due to some source other than the machine being measured. If you collect more averages, you have fewer random errors. However, collecting more averages requires more time.

Overlap processing (Percent overlap) speeds up the averaging process. The overlap amount determines how much of the time samples are overlapped for successive averages. The greater the overlap, the faster the sample can be collected. The disadvantage is that the greater the overlap, the less new data there is, and the greater the influence of random errors.

Order Normalization for Orders Track Spectrum

There are two requirements for implementing Orders Track measurements. The Fmax value must fall within the range of 10 to 5000 Hz, and the machine speed may not vary by more than 10% during the measurement collection.

For example, if you set up a machine that runs at 3500 rpm for an Fmax of 100 Orders, the measurement will not work because the required Fmax is 15,000 Hz.

To Set Up Orders Track FFT Collection

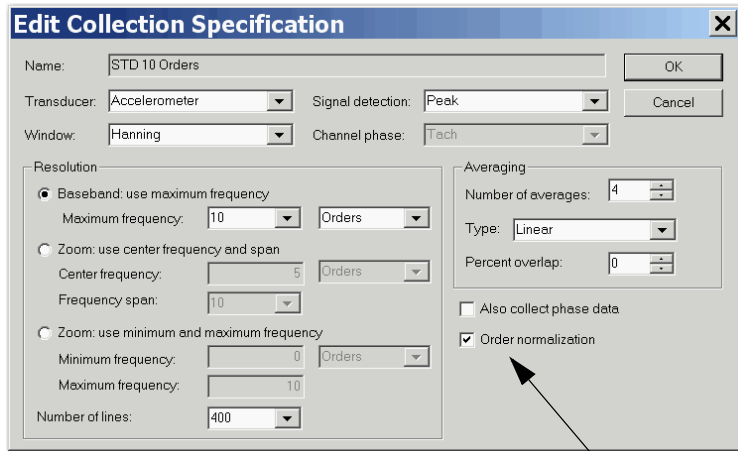
The Dynamix 2500 data collector supports the specification and collection of a spectrum with an Fmax defined in terms of number of orders for a varying machine speed. For Orders Track data collection, you are required to use a trigger to continually determine machine speed.

With orders tracking, the sampling rate is not fixed during the collection period. Instead, the time spacing between the samples may be constantly varying so that a fixed number of samples per shaft revolution is collected. The x-axis of the time waveform is no longer measured in seconds, but instead it is measured in degrees or shaft position. From this, the corresponding spectral information is no longer measured in Hz or CPM, but instead it is measured in orders. Orders tracking removes all non-synchronous frequencies from the spectrum.

Follow these steps to set up route points using the Orders Track collection.

1. Create a collection specification in the Emonitor software that uses Orders for the maximum frequency (Fmax).

- Also, check the Order Normalization checkbox to signify Orders Track to the Dynamix 2500 data collector.



Orders Track

- Create a Spectrum measurement definition that uses the Orders Based collection specification.
- Tag that measurement and load it to the Dynamix 2500 data collector with a list.

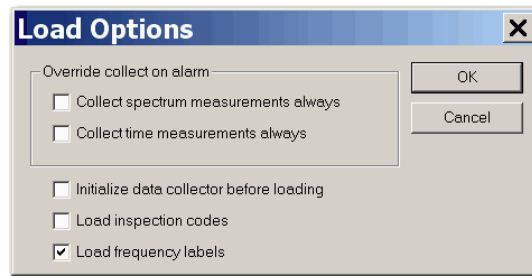
For Orders Track data collection, you are required to use a trigger to continually determine machine speed.

Orders tracking analysis can be used effectively to diagnose the vibrations of variable speed machines. The orders tracking yields data in the revolution domain, not the time domain. In an orders spectrum, signals that are periodic in the revolution domain appear as peaks and orders or harmonic components remain fixed in their position through speed changes. This is a clear advantage when comparing the characteristics of variable speed machines over a period of time.

Using Frequency Items for the Diagnostic Frequency Cursor

Using the Dynamix 2500 data collector, you set up frequency items in the Emonitor software and download them to the Dynamix 2500 data collector. Then, you can review the data using the Diagnostic Frequencies cursor. This feature lets you to diagnose the peaks you see in the Dynamix 2500 data collector using the frequency items from the host software.

To load the Diagnostic Frequency labels, you must check the Load Frequency Labels checkbox in the Load Options dialog box.

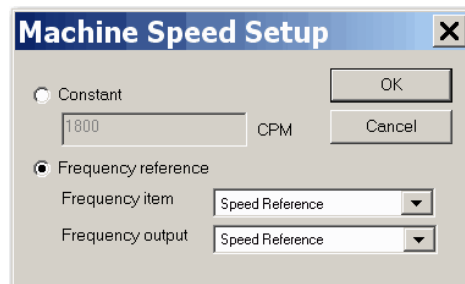


Setting Up Speed References

The Dynamix 2500 data collector can determine the speed using speed references in the Emonitor software. The speed reference value is used by the frequency items to calculate the Fmax of the dependent measurements.

To set up speed references in the Emonitor software, double-click in the rpm column in the Location pane.

The Machine Speed Setup dialog box appears.



You can choose a frequency reference item as your machine speed reference. This allows for machine speeds to be stored and retrieved dynamically. The Dynamix 2500 data collector supports two types of frequency types: speed reference and linear rotational.

If you want to use a collected measurement from the Dynamix 2500 data collector to set the machine speed, you have two options:

- Use a manual entry process measurement to enter machine speed by reading it from any instrument in your plant. The measurement can then be referenced for the machine speed, and would be updated every time you unload that measurement.

- Use a measurement with Order normalization checked in the collection specification. The machine speed from an internal or external tachometer will be used for the machine speed. If the Order normalization checkbox is not checked, the Dynamix 2500 data collector will use a fixed Fmax value and will not calculate the Fmax based on the current speed of the machine.

TIP The Orders normalization checkbox does not produce Orders Tracking measurements when used with speed references.

The Emonitor software orders all the measurements in the route so that the dependent machine speed measurement is collected first. This way, the route is set up for the most accurate machine speed entry, and the measurements refer to the correct machine speed. The band alarms and frequency labels adjust to changes in the machine’s speed.

To set up the Speed Reference Frequency for the Dynamix 2500 data collector, double-click in the Definition column in the Speed Reference row in the Frequency Item pane. The Speed Reference Frequency dialog box appears.

Current spectrum measurement and Extract from current spectrum measurement are not supported in the Dynamix 2500 data collector 2500.

There are three ways to obtain a speed references:

- You can enter a constant for the speed.
- You can use the value in the Machine Speed column for a location on an item in the Hierarchy Tree.
- You can use the value from a process measurement as the speed.

Press F1 to find out more information about each option in the Speed Reference Frequency dialog box.

You can set up the Linear to Rotational Frequency by double-clicking the Definition column in the Linear to Rotational row in the Frequency Item pane. This dialog box lets you to set up a rotational frequency item based on a linear speed.

Unsupported Measurement Selections

Each data collector supports only certain selections in the drop down lists in the Measurement Definition pane. The Emonitor software automatically displays the correct selections when you select one or more active collectors. You select the active collector or collectors by choosing Tools > Set Active Collectors in the Emonitor software. If you do not select the Dynamix 2500 data collector as the active collector, it can affect the selections in one of two ways:

- If you do not select any collectors, the Emonitor software displays all possible selections, not just those for the Dynamix 2500 data collector.
- If you select two or more different collectors, the Emonitor software displays only the selections that are available for both collectors.

As an example, there are certain filters available in the Dynamix 2500 data collector. Then there are three possible cases:

- You select the Dynamix 2500 data collector as the only active collector. the Emonitor software displays the correct filters in the measurement filter column of the Measurement Definition pane.
- You do not select any active collectors. the Emonitor software displays many more filters than are available for the Dynamix 2500 data collector.
- You select two or more active collectors. the Emonitor software may display only some, or none, of the filters that are available for the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

For more information on setting the active collectors, see the Emonitor software online help.

Setting Up Measurement Definitions

The Emonitor and the Dynamix 2500 data collector can collect and store a wide range of measurements. A few questions can arise when determining how the Emonitor software works with the Dynamix 2500 data collector for each different type of measurement definition:

- How does the Emonitor software handle measurement units and alarms available in the Emonitor software but not supported in the Dynamix 2500 data collector?
- How many orders of magnitude and phase can the Dynamix 2500 data collector collect?
- How does the Dynamix 2500 data collector support collecting a spectrum when a magnitude measurement is in alarm?

The Emonitor software combines measurement definitions when it creates a load file from a list of measurement definitions. For example, the Emonitor software can combine the measurement definitions at a location so that the data collector collects all the measurements at one time. This makes data collection faster and more efficient because you do not have to start each measurement individually.

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector are designed to make collecting data as quick and efficient as possible. To shorten data collection time, the Emonitor software combines two or more measurement definitions at a location into a single measurement. This lets you collect two or more measurements by pressing a single key on the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

For more general information on setting up measurement definitions, see the Emonitor software online help.

Magnitude Measurement Definitions

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support magnitude measurement definitions. This topic lists the unique characteristics of the Dynamix 2500 data collector that you may need to know when setting up and collecting magnitude data.

Measurement Units Not Supported in the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector

- Magnitude measurement definitions with unit not supported by the Dynamix 2500 data collector map to units of USER (eus) in the data collector. This results in a process (DC) voltage measurement.
- For a list of supported measurement units, see [Measurement Units on page 74](#).

When you display a measurement definition in the data collector with an unsupported unit, it chooses the USER (eus) units. You can still collect and store data using unsupported units.

Magnitude Alarms in the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector

- The Dynamix 2500 data collector supports above, below, in window, and out of window magnitude alarms.
- You must set Trigger to 'Yes' for any magnitude alarms you want to appear in the Dynamix 2500 data collector during data collection.
- For more on how the Emonitor software combines alarms before sending them to the Dynamix 2500 data collector, see [Alarms and the Data Collector on page 104](#).

Collecting Magnitude Measurements in Multiple Frequency Bands

You can set up multiple measurement definitions at a location to collect magnitude values for individual frequency bands. Use band filters to define the different frequency bands in the measurement definitions.

Make sure you select None in the Band Filter dialog box. This forces the Dynamix 2500 data collector to collect a spectrum measurement. After you unload the measurement, the Emonitor software calculates the magnitude values in the bands from the spectrum.

If your measurements include both magnitude and phase, the unit can collect up to eight orders. If your measurements include magnitude only, the unit can collect up to 200 orders.

Proximity Probe Measurements

Proximity probes measure the movement of a shaft within a bearing. You usually make two types of proximity probe measurements with magnitude measurement definitions.

The dynamic or AC component indicates the changing (dynamic) distance between the probe and bearing shaft. The static or DC component indicates the average distance between the probe and the shaft. This is also referred to as the DC gap.

Follow these steps to setup a Dynamic (AC) Component.

1. Set up a displacement transducer in the Transducer Calibration dialog box with Input type set to AC Coupled and Units set mils or um.

Make sure you enter the Calibration value that converts the voltage to a displacement.

2. Set up a Collection Specification with Transducer set to the AC displacement and Signal detection set to Peak-peak.

3. Finish setting up the dynamic proximity probe measurement by setting Data Type to Magnitude and Units to mils or um.

You can use a Filter if desired.

Follow these steps to setup a Static (DC) component or gap.

1. Set up a displacement transducer in the Transducer Calibration dialog box with Input type set to DC Coupled and Units set to mils or um.

Make sure you enter the Calibration value that converts the voltage to a displacement. If you are using the DC Input Module to remove the AC component and attenuate the signal be a factor of 2.5, then you must divide your transducer's calibration by 2.5.

2. Set up a Collection Specification with Transducer set to the DC displacement and Signal detection set to RMS.
3. Finish setting up the dynamic proximity probe measurement by setting Data Type to Magnitude and Units to mils or um.

You must set the Filter to None because any type of high pass filtering removes the DC component.

Typical Magnitude Measurement Definitions

This figure shows the setup for a typical magnitude measurement definition

Figure 15 - Magnitude measurement definition

		Meas. Name	Data Type	Units	Collection	Filter	Storage	Active
▶	✓	Acceleration Mag	Magnitude	g's	STD (Hz) 2000	None	Always/2 Year	Yes

The following table shows the STD (Hz) 2000 collection specification.

Table 24 - Collection specification for magnitude measurement definition

Transducer	Window	Signal Detection	Fmax	Lines	Phase	Order Norm?	Averages
Accelerometer	Hanning	Peak	2 kHz	400	No	No	4 linear

The following table shows the transducer specification in the STD (Hz) 2000 collection specification.

Table 25 - Transducer specification in STD (Hz) 2000 collection specification

Name	Base Unit	Input Type	Units	Calibration Value	DC Offset
Accelerometer	acceleration	ICP Accel	g's	100	0

This figure shows the setup for a typical set of measurement definitions with multiple frequency bands.

Figure 16 - Magnitude with Multiple Frequency Bands Measurement Definitions⁽¹⁾

		Meas. Name	Data Type	Units	Collection	Filter	Storage	Active
	✓	Accel Mag Band 1	Magnitude	g's	STD (Hz) 2000	0.8-1.2 Order	Always/1 Year	Yes
	✓	Accel Mag Band 2	Magnitude	g's	STD (Hz) 2000	1.2-3.5 Order	Always/1 Year	Yes
	✓	Accel Mag Band 3	Magnitude	g's	STD (Hz) 2000	3.5-8.5 Order	Always/1 Year	Yes
	✓	Accel Mag Band 4	Magnitude	g's	STD (Hz) 2000	8.5-50% Fmax	Always/1 Year	Yes
	✓	Accel Mag Band 5	Magnitude	g's	STD (Hz) 2000	50%-100% Fmax	Always/1 Year	Yes
	✓	Accel Mag Band 6	Magnitude	g's	STD (Hz) 2000	0.8-100% Fmax	Always/1 Year	Yes

The filter specifications are shown in the table below:

Table 26 - Filter specifications for magnitude with multiple frequencies

Name	Low Cutoff	High Cutoff	Data collector filter type
0.8-1.2 Order	0.8 Orders	1.2 Orders	None
1.2-3.5 Order	1.2 Orders	3.5 Orders	None
3.5-8.5 Order	3.5 Orders	8.5 Orders	None
8.5-50% Fmax	8.5 Orders	50% Max Freq	None
50%-100% Fmax	50% Max Freq	100% Max Freq	None
0.8-100% Fmax	0.8 Orders	100% Max Freq	None

Magnitude and Phase Measurements at Orders

the Emonitor software and the Dynamix support collecting the magnitude and phase at orders. This topic describes the steps to set up measurement definitions to collect magnitude and phase with the Dynamix. This table describes items that you may need to know about collecting magnitude and phase at orders.

Item	Description
Collecting phase	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> You must select Also collect phase data in the collection specification to collect phase. The data collector can collect phase only at the first through eighth orders.
Defining order filters	<p>You must select Analog when you define orders filters. The Dynamix 2500 data collector automatically uses its internal order filters if you are collecting phase.</p> <p>If you are collecting only magnitude values and you do not select this option, the data collector collects a spectrum and the Emonitor software calculates the magnitudes after unloading.</p>
Collecting magnitude and phase at orders	When collecting magnitude and phase at orders, the data collector always collects a spectrum measurement, and then calculates the magnitude and phase values from the spectrum.

(1) The filter specifications used in the tables are not currently defined in the Emonitor software database. To define a new filter specification, choose Setup > Band Filters and click New.

Item	Description
Collecting magnitudes	The Dynamix 2500 data collector can collect magnitude only at the first through the eighth orders. If you request additional orders, the Emonitor software calculates magnitude values at additional orders from the spectrum after unloading the data.
Collecting more orders than requested	The Dynamix 2500 data collector may collect more orders than requested, but it does not collect fewer than requested. Only the requested values are unloaded into the Emonitor software.
Displaying phase value	The Dynamix 2500 data collector may display a phase value that differs from the value that appears in the Emonitor software by up to one degree.
Require trigger signal	Phase and magnitude measurements at orders require a trigger signal. This can be from the internal laser tachometer or from an external trigger source such as a key phasor.

To Set Up Multiple Measurement Definitions for Magnitude and Phase

You create only one measurement definition for magnitude and phase at each order. The Also collect phase data checkbox in the Collection Specification dialog box determines whether you also want to collect phase as well as magnitude data.

follow these instructions to set up multiple measurement definitions for magnitude and phase.

1. Create a new measurement definition by selecting Magnitude in the Data Type column in the Measurement Definition pane.
2. Select the units for the measurement definition, using a dynamic unit such as g's, m/s², ips, mm/s, mils, um, or V.
3. Select the measurement filter.
4. Collect the magnitude and phase at an order, select a band filter centered on the order.

For example, select (create if necessary) a first order band filter with a Low cutoff of 0.8 Orders, and a High cutoff of 1.2 Orders.

See [Measurement Filters on page 67](#) for details and the examples on the following pages.

IMPORTANT

It is very important that order band filters be centered on the order. For example, 0.7...1.3 orders, 0.8...1.2 orders, 0.9...1.1 orders, and so forth. If you do not center the band filters, magnitude and phase readings may not be accurate.

5. Select the collection specification.

You must check the Also collect phase data checkbox in the Collection Specification dialog box so the data collector collects phase at orders.

6. Select the storage specification.

The first measurement definition is now complete.

7. If you want to create more than one measurement, copy the measurement definition by selecting the correct row and choosing Edit > Copy.
8. Move down to the next empty row in the measurement definition spreadsheet, and choose Edit > Paste to paste the copied measurement definition.
9. Edit the new measurement definition by changing the measurement filter.
10. Select a band filter centered on the next order.
11. Repeat steps 6 and 7 to create measurement definitions for the desired orders.

You can then include these measurement definitions in a list and load it to the data collector. Remember that you must have a trigger signal to collect magnitude and phase at an order.

Typical Magnitude and Phase Measurement Definitions

The Measurement Definition pane for one through four orders might look like [Magnitude and Phase Measurement Definitions on page 91](#). Note that all measurement definitions have the same units and collection specification.

Figure 17 - Magnitude and Phase Measurement Definitions

	DATA TYPE	UNITS	COLLECTION	FILTER	STORAGE	ACTIVE
▶	Magnitude	g's	Mag & Phase	1st Order	Always/1 Year	Yes
▶	Magnitude	g's	Mag & Phase	2nd Order	Always/1 Year	Yes
▶	Magnitude	g's	Mag & Phase	3rd Order	Always/1 Year	Yes
▶	Magnitude	g's	Mag & Phase	4th Order	Always/1 Year	Yes

The following table shows the collection specification for Mag & Phase.

Table 27 - Collection specification for mag & phase measurement definitions

Transducer	Window	Signal Detection	Fmax	Lines	Phase	Order Norm?	Averages
Accelerometer	Hanning	Peak	500 Hz	400	Yes	Yes	4 linear

The transducer specification in the Mag & Phase collection specification is shown in the table below.

Table 28 - Transducer specification in mag & phase collection specification

Name	Base Unit	Input Type	Units	Calibration Value	DC Offset
Accelerometer	Acceleration	ICP Accel	g's	100	0

The filter specifications are shown in the table below:

Table 29 - Filter specifications in mag & phase measurement definitions

Name	Low Cutoff	High Cutoff	Data collector filter type
1st Order	0.8 Orders	1.2 Orders	None
2nd Order	1.8 Orders	2.2 Orders	None
3rd Order	2.8 Orders	3.2 Orders	None
4th Order	3.8 Orders	4.2 Orders	None

Numeric (Process) Measurement Definitions

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support numeric measurement definitions. This topic lists the unique characteristics of the Dynamix 2500 data collector that you may need to know when setting up and collecting numeric data.

Measurements Units Not Supported in the Dynamic 2500 Data Collector

- You can make a numeric measurement definition for any available measurement unit by setting Data Type to 'Numeric.'
- Numeric measurement definitions with Input type set to 'DC Coupled' with units not supported by the Dynamix 2500 data collector map to units of USER (eus). The input type is part of the transducer specification that you select for the collection specification. This results in a process (DC) voltage measurement in the Dynamix 2500 data collector.
- For a list of support measurement units, see [Measurement Units on page 74](#).

Full Scale Values for Numeric Measurements in the Dynamix 2500 data collector

- The full scale value in the Dynamix 2500 data collector for a numeric measurement is defined as ten times the value of the alarm or the baseline measurement.
- If no alarm or baseline measurement exists for the measurement in the data collector, the Dynamix 2500 data collector assumes a full scale value of 10,000.

- A full scale value of 10,000 can be a problematic if you want to enter a very large or very small value for the numeric measurement. For example, you can not enter a value greater than the full scale value. If you enter a value that is very small compared to the full scale, the Dynamix 2500 data collector may round the value off. If you enter 0.01 with a full scale value of 10,000, the Dynamix 2500 data collector stores it as a 0 (zero).

Temperature Measurements

You set up a temperature measurement definition by setting Data Type to Numeric and Units to rpm, CPM, or deg. C.

Follow these steps to set up temperature measurements.

1. Set up the temperature transducer in the Transducer Calibration dialog box with Input type set to DC Coupled and Units set to deg. F or deg. C.

Make sure you enter the Calibration value that converts the voltage to a temperature.

2. Set up the collection specification to include a Signal detection of RMS.

Machine Speed (rpm) Measurements

You set up a tachometer measurement definition by setting Data Type to Numeric and Units to rpm, CPM, or Hz.

Follow these steps to set up machine speed measurements.

1. Go to the Transducer Calibration screen.
2. Set the Input type to ICP Accel for either the internal laser tachometer or an external TTL device, for example, entach laser sensor, an optical trigger, or a strobe light with TTL output.
3. Set the Input type to AC Coupled or DC Coupled if your speed sensor has an AC or DC voltage signal proportional to speed.
4. Set Units to rpm, CPM, or Hz.

Make sure you enter the Calibration value that converts the voltage to speed.

5. Set up a Collection Specification with Transducer set to the tachometer transducer you set up above, Window set to Rectangular, and Signal detection set to None.

Do not fill in any fields in the Resolution area or the Averaging area of the dialog box.

6. Connect the speed sensor to the trigger connector on the Dynamix 2500 data collector when collecting data.

Magnitude Alarms in the Dynamic 2500 Data Collector

You can use magnitude alarms with numeric measurements:

- The Dynamix 2500 data collector supports above, below, in window, and out of window magnitude alarms with numeric measurements.
- You must set Trigger to Yes for any alarms you want to appear in the Dynamix 2500 data collector during data collection.

For more on how the Emonitor software combines alarms before sending them to the Dynamix 2500 data collector, see [Alarms and the Data Collector on page 104](#).

Typical Numeric Measurement Definitions

This figure shows the setup for typical numeric measurement definitions. The first two measurements are numeric (DC) voltage measurements, and the third is a numeric manual entry measurement.

Figure 18 - Numeric measurement definitions

	Meas. Name	Data Type	Units	Collection	Filter	Storage	Active
▶	None Numeric	Numeric	deg. F	Temperature	None	Always/2 Year	Yes
	Frequency None	Numeric	RPM	Tachometer	None	Always/2 Year	Yes
	None Numeric1	Numeric	PSI	Manual Entry	None	Always/1 Year	Yes

The collection specifications appear in the table below. N/A means not applied.

Table 30 - Collection specifications for numeric measurement definitions

Transducer	Window	Signal Detection	Fmax	Lines	Phase	Order Norm?	Averages
Temperature	N/A	RMS	N/A	N/A	No	No	N/A
Tachometer	N/A	None	N/A	N/A	No	No	N/A
Manual Entry	N/A	None	N/A	N/A	No	No	N/A

This table shows the transducer specifications in the collection specifications.

Table 31 - Transducer specifications in numeric collection specifications

Name	Base Unit	Input Type	Units	Calibration Value ⁽¹⁾	DC Offset
Temperature	Temperature	DC Coupled	deg. F	See note below.	0
Tachometer	Frequency	DC Coupled	rpm	See note below.	0
Manual Entry	None	Manual Entry	None	See note below.	0

(1) Make sure you enter the Calibration value that converts the voltage to a known unit such as speed.

Spectrum Measurement Definitions

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support spectrum measurement definitions. There are unique characteristics of the Dynamix 2500 data collector that you may need to know when setting up and collecting spectrum data:

- The Dynamix cannot collect phase with a spectrum measurement definition.

IMPORTANT Do not check the Also collect phase data checkbox in the Collection Specification dialog box.

- You can choose to have the Dynamix 2500 data collector collect a spectrum only if a magnitude measurement at the same location is in alarm.

Set the Collect and store condition in the Edit Storage Specification dialog box to On Magnitude Alarm for the storage specification for the spectrum measurement definition.

Time Synchronous Averaging in the Dynamic 2500 Data Collector

Time synchronous averaging cancels out the effects of signals not related to the synchronizing trigger. Time synchronous mechanical effects include imbalance, misalignment, eccentricity of bent shafts, blade passing, and gear meshing:

- Time synchronous averaging requires the internal laser tachometer or external trigger.
- Set up a Collection Specification with the averaging Type set to Time Synchronous and enter the Number of averages.
- Use a large number of averages (such as 20 or 30) to get the desired reduction in non-synchronous effects.

For more on supported averaging in the Dynamix 2500 data collector data collector, see [Number and Type of Averages on page 80](#).

Order Normalized Spectra in the Dynamic 2500 Data Collector

Order normalized spectrum measurements have a frequency axis based on multiples of the running speed (orders). This quickly identifies the frequency relationship between each measured vibration amplitude and the running speed of the machine. It is particularly useful on variable speed machinery.

An order normalized spectrum measurement requires a trigger input to the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

To up a Collection Specification with Window set to Hanning, select the Maximum frequency in Orders, and make sure to select the Order normalization option.

TIP The Averaging can be either linear or time synchronous, but should include at least four averages.

The Dynamix 2500 data collector may collect more orders than required. For example, if you set the Maximum frequency to 10 Orders, the Dynamix 2500 data collector may collect more than ten orders. The Dynamix 2500 data collector always collects at least the number of orders you request in the Collection Specification.

The Dynamix 2500 data collector displays an order normalized spectrum:

- If the Collection Specification dialog box has Also collect phase data checked, and if the Maximum frequency is eight orders or less, the table on the instrument's screen shows the magnitude and phase values at each order.
- If the Collection Specification dialog box does not have the Also collect phase data checkbox checked, or if the Maximum frequency is more than eight orders, the table on the data collector shows magnitude values only. The instrument displays a maximum of eight orders in the table.
- If the table has eight orders or less, the arrow keys move the spectrum cursor.
- If the table has more than eight orders, the arrow keys scroll the table values.

Proximity Probe Measurements

Proximity probes measure the position and motion of a shaft within a bearing. You can use a spectrum measurement definition to measure the dynamic or AC component of a proximity probe measurement. This indicates the motion of the shaft within the bearing at each frequency.

Follow these steps to set up a proximity probe.

1. Set up a displacement transducer in the Transducer Calibration dialog box with Input type set to AC Coupled and Units set to mils or um.

Make sure you enter the Calibration value that converts the voltage to a displacement.

2. Set up the Collection Specification to include the displacement Transducer, and set the Signal detection to Peak-Peak.

You also need to select the window, frequency range, and averaging options.

3. Finish setting up the dynamic proximity probe measurement by setting Data Type to Magnitude and Units to mils or um.

You can use a Filter if desired, but make sure it does not interfere with the frequency of interest.

Spectrum Alarms in the Dynamic 2500 Data Collector

The Dynamix 2500 data collector supports band alarms with up to ten bands. You can have the data collector collect a spectrum measurement if a magnitude alarm is in alarm.

1. Set the Collect and store condition in the Edit Storage Specification dialog box to On Magnitude Alarm for the storage specification for the spectrum measurement definition.
2. You must set Trigger to Yes for any alarms you want to appear in the Dynamix 2500 data collector during data collection.

If you set Trigger to Yes for two or more alarms for the same measurement definition, the Emonitor software combines the alarms before sending the combined alarm to the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

For more on how the Emonitor software combines alarms before sending them to the Dynamix 2500 data collector, see [Alarms and the Data Collector on page 104](#).

IMPORTANT The Dynamix does not support spectrum alarms. You can still set up the alarms for the spectrum measurement definitions. The Emonitor software tests the data against the alarms after you unload the data.

Typical Spectrum Measurement Definitions

This figure shows the setup for typical spectrum measurement definitions. The first is a standard spectrum, the second is an order normalized spectrum, and the third is a time synchronous spectrum.

Figure 19 - Spectrum measurement definitions

	Meas. Name	Data Type	Units	Collection	Filter	Storage	Active
▶	Acceleration Spec	Spectrum	g's	STD (Hz) 2000	Overall	Always/1 Year	Yes
	Order Norm Spec	Spectrum	g's	10 orders norm	Overall	Always/1 Year	Yes
	Time Sync Spec	Spectrum	g's	2 kHz time sysnc	Overall	Always/1 Year	Yes

The following table shows the collection specifications (in the same order as the measurement definition table above).

Table 32 - Collection specifications for spectrum measurement definitions

Transducer	Window	Signal Detection	Fmax	Lines	Phase	Order Norm?	Averages
Accelerometer	Hanning	Peak	2 kHz	400	No	No	4 linear
Accelerometer	Hanning	Peak	10 orders	400	No	Yes	4 linear
Accelerometer	Hanning	Peak	2 kHz	400	No	No	4 time synch.

The following table shows the transducer specification in the collection specifications.

Table 33 - Transducer specification in spectrum collection specifications

Name	Base Unit	Input Type	Units	Calibration Value	DC Offset
Accelerometer	Acceleration	ICP Accel	g's	100	0

Time Waveform Measurement Definitions

The Emonitor software and the Dynamic 2500 data collector support time waveform measurement definitions. This topic lists the unique characteristics of the Dynamix that you may need to know when setting up and collecting time waveform data.

The Dynamix 2500 data collector cannot collect phase with time waveform measurement definitions. You can choose to have the instrument collect a time waveform only if a magnitude measurement at the same location is in alarm.

TIP Set the Collect and store condition in the Edit Storage Specification dialog box to On Magnitude Alarm for the storage specification for the time waveform measurement definition.

The Dynamic 2500 data collector supports integrated time waveform measurements (single integration). This means you can collect a time waveform with velocity units using an accelerometer or displacement units using a velocity transducer.

The length of the time waveform depends on the maximum frequency you select in the collection specification. You can calculate the number of time samples from the number of spectral lines (Collection Specification dialog box) using this formula.

$$\text{time samples} = \text{spectral lines} \times 2.56$$

You can calculate the total time required to collect a time waveform measurement from the Number of lines value and the Maximum frequency value in the Collection Specification dialog box (Setup > Collection Specification).

If your Maximum frequency is specified in CPM, convert CPM to Hertz using this formula.

$$F_{\max} (\text{Hz}) = \frac{F_{\max} (\text{CPM})}{60}$$

Next, find the total collection time for the time waveform measurement using this formula.

$$\text{collection time} = \frac{\text{spectral lines}}{F_{\max} (\text{Hz})}$$

If you had a Maximum frequency value of 7200 CPM and a Number of lines value of 400, you would:

1. Convert CPM to Hz.

$$\frac{7200 \text{ CPM}}{60} = 120 \text{ Hz}$$

2. Find the total collection time.

$$\frac{400 \text{ lines}}{120 \text{ Hz}} = 3.3 \text{ seconds}$$

Time Synchronous Averaging in the Dynamic 2500 Data Collector

Time synchronous averaging cancels out the effects of signals not related to the synchronizing trigger. Time synchronous mechanical effects include imbalance, misalignment, eccentricity of bent shafts, blade passing, and gear meshing.

Time synchronous averaging requires the internal laser tachometer or an external trigger input to the data collector.


Set up a collection specification with the averaging Type set to Time Synchronous and enter the Number of averages. Use a large number of averages (such as 20 or 30) to get the desired reduction in non-synchronous effects.

For more on supported averaging in the data collector, see [Number and Type of Averages on page 80](#).

Typical Time Waveform Measurement Definitions

This figure shows the setup for a typical time waveform measurement definition.

Figure 20 - Time waveform measurement definitions

		Meas. Name	Data Type	Units	Collection	Filter	Storage	Active
▶		None Time	Time	g's	STD 10 Orders	None	Always/1 Year	Yes

The following table shows the collection specification.

Table 34 - Collection specification for time waveform measurement definition

Transducer	Window	Signal Detection	Fmax	Lines	Phase	Order Norm?	Averages
Accelerometer	Hanning	Peak	2 kHz	400	No	No	1 linear

The following table shows the transducer specification in the collection specification.

Table 35 - Transducer specification in time waveform collection specification

Name	Base Unit	Input Type	Units	Calibration Value	DC Offset
Accelerometer	Acceleration	ICP Accel	g's	100	0

Voltage Measurement Definitions




The Emonitor software and the Dynamic 2500 data collector support measurement definitions with units of volts (AC or DC). You can collect several different types of voltage measurements. This topic shows the typical measurement definition setup for three voltage measurements.

Voltage is similar to other units in that you can collect magnitude, numeric, spectrum, and time waveform voltage measurements.

Typical Voltage Measurement Definitions

This figure shows the setup for three typical voltage measurement definitions.

Figure 21 - Voltage measurement definitions

		Meas. Name	Data Type	Units	Collection	Filter	Storage	Active
▶		None Spec	Spectrum	V	Volts AC	None	Always/1 Year	Yes
		None Mag	Magnitude	V	Volts AC	None	Always/1 Year	Yes
		None Numeric	Numeric	Vdc	Volts DC	None	Always/1 Year	Yes

The following table shows the collection specifications.

Table 36 - Collection specifications for voltage measurement definition

Transducer	Window	Signal Detection	Fmax	Lines	Phase	Order Norm?	Averages
Voltage	Hanning	RMS	2 kHz	400	No	No	4 linear
Voltage DC	Rectangular	None	2 kHz	400	No	No	4 linear

TIP

The 'Voltage' transducer is for Volts AC. The 'Voltage DC' transducer is for Volts DC.

The following table shows the transducer specifications in the collection specifications.

Table 37 - Transducer specifications in voltage collection specification

Name	Base Unit	Input Type	Units	Calibration Value	DC Offset
Voltage	Voltage	AC Coupled	V	1000	0
Voltage DC	Voltage	DC Coupled	Vdc	1000	0

Combine Measurement Definitions for a Location

You can use the Emonitor software to set up many different measurement definitions for data collection at a location. These can include magnitude, spectrum, time waveform, and numeric measurements. You can then select the measurement definitions you want to load to the data collector by creating a list of those measurement definitions. When you want to load the data collector, the Emonitor software builds a load file containing the measurement definitions in the list.

The Emonitor software combines measurement definitions at each location to make data collection more efficient. This lets you to collect two or more measurements automatically, without having to start each measurement separately. The rules for combining measurement definitions depend on several factors. In general, however, the Emonitor software can combine measurement definitions at the same location when these values are the same:

- Measurement units (part of the measurement definition)
- Measurement filter (part of the measurement definition)
- Transducer calibration and input type (from the transducer specification used in the measurement definition's collection specification)

In addition, there are some specialized cases that allow or prevent the Emonitor software from combining measurement definitions from the same location when they meet the above conditions.

The Emonitor software does the following:

- Cannot (in general) combine a magnitude and a spectrum measurement if they have different measurement filters.
- Can combine an envelope acceleration magnitude measurement with a spectrum with the same units.
- Can combine a non-filtered measurement definition with a high pass, low pass, or band filtered measurement when the band filter is applied by the Emonitor software after the spectrum is unloaded.
- Can combine two signatures if they are the same type (time, fixed frequency spectrum, order normalized spectrum) and the same resolution.

Set Up Tri-axial Measurements

You can set up and collect tri-axial measurements with the Dynamix 2500 data collector if you have a tri-axial transducer and a special tri-axial cable for your data collector. This lets you to collect measurements in three directions without moving the transducer.

Tri-axial measurements require setting up separate locations, and measurement definitions for each of the three transducers. This section shows the method for setting up these measurements.

To Set Up Tri-axial Locations and Measurement Definitions

You must set up a different location for each axis of a tri-axial transducer. The tri-axial data is multiplexed one direction at a time.

Follow these instructions to set up tri-axial and measurement definitions.

1. Open the Database window by choosing Window > Database.
2. Select the Measurement view and click OK.
3. Select the machine in the Hierarchy Tree for which you want to set up tri-axial measurements.
4. In the Location pane, choose View > Pane Options to add the Lo. Channel column to the Location pane.
5. Create a Location for the first tri-axial measurement and set Lo. Channel to 1X.
6. In the Measurement Definition pane, create the measurement definition for that location.
7. Select the location you just created.

8. Choose Edit > Copy to copy the location.
9. Move to an empty row in the Location pane and choose Edit > Paste to paste the location into the spreadsheet.
10. Edit the new location to change the Direction and set Lo. Channel to 1Y.
11. Repeat steps 7 and 8 to copy and paste the third location into the Location pane.
12. Edit the new location to change the Direction and set Lo. Channel to 1Z.

TIP The Location ID and Position must be the same for all three tri-axial measurements.

13. Now include these measurement definitions in a list.

You can create a new list or recall the current list. The locations must be tagged to create a group list.

14. Add the three locations to a group list by double-clicking the Group column in the Location pane.

The current group number appears in the Group column. Make sure you assign the locations to the same group number. The group is then loaded with the list to the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

This figure shows the typical measurement location setup for tri-axial measurements.

Figure 22 - Tri-axial measurement location setup

	G	Location ID	Pos	Direction	Category	Lo. Channel	Lo. Mach
▶	1	Location 1	1	Axial	Standard Machine	1X	0.
▶	1	Location 1	1	Horizontal	Standard Machine	1Y	0.
▶	1	Location 1	1	Vertical	Standard Machine	1Z	0.

	Meas. Name	Data Type	Units	Collection	Filter
▶	✓✓ Accel Magnitude	Magnitude	ips	STD 10 Orders	None

Setting Up Alarms, Lists, and Inspection Codes

This section describes the way the Emonitor software loads alarms, lists, and inspection codes into the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

For more information on alarms, lists, and inspection codes, see the Emonitor software online help.

Alarms and the Data Collector

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support loading alarms with the list of measurement definitions to the data collector.

You select the alarms you want to load with a measurement definition in the Emonitor software by setting the Trigger column to Yes for the alarm. If you set Trigger to Yes for two or more alarms for the same measurement definition, the Emonitor software combines them to make a single alarm. If you select an alarm that the data collector can handle, the Emonitor software loads that alarm into the data collector when you load the list.

Selecting Alarms to Load to the Dynamic 2500 Data Collector

If you want to load an alarm to the data collector with a measurement definition, you must set Trigger to Yes in the Alarm spreadsheet in the Emonitor software.

Alarms with the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector

The data collector supports some alarms and there are substitutes for some of the unsupported alarms.

The data collector supports above, below, in window, and out of window magnitude alarms for magnitude and numeric measurements. You cannot select a magnitude out of window alarm in the Emonitor software.

You must create one by combining an above and a below alarm for the same measurement definition. The Emonitor software creates an out of window alarm when it builds the load file if both alarms are active.

The data collector does not support spectrum (narrowband) alarms for spectrum measurements. You can still set up spectrum alarms with spectrum measurement definitions. The Emonitor software tests the measurements against the alarms after you unload the data.

For unsupported alarms, the Emonitor software tests the measurements against the alarms when you unload the data collector. This means that the Emonitor software always accurately indicates when a measurement is in alarm, regardless of the number or complexity of the alarm(s). This is true for all active alarms, regardless of their trigger status.

Lists and the Data Collector

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support loading lists of measurement definitions to the data collector.

Inspection Codes and the Data Collector

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support loading inspection codes to the data collector. You can load inspection codes into the data collector only with a list.

You can use only the inspection codes loaded with the list with measurements in that list. This includes both measurements in a list and unscheduled measurements associated with that list.

You can load up to 100 inspection codes into the data collector. The Emonitor software numbers the inspection codes from 1-100. The data collector numbers the inspection codes from 00-99. The data collector displays the first 16 characters of each inspection code.

Loading Inspection Codes to the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector

You can load and remove inspection codes. You must load the inspection codes when you load a list, do this by selecting Load inspection codes in the Load Options dialog box. If you do not select this option, no inspection codes are available for measurements from the list or for unscheduled measurements associated with the list.

You can remove the inspection codes from the Dynamix 2500 data collector by initializing the data collector.

Notes:

Loading and Unloading

The Dynamix 2500 data collector communicates with the Emonitor software to load and unload routes/lists.

Topic	Page
Set Up Communication	107
Loading Lists to the Data Collector	113
Unloading Lists from the Data Collector	121

IMPORTANT For more information about loading lists and the Load/Unload dialog box, refer to the Emonitor software online help.

Set Up Communication

There are many steps required to set up communication both in the Emonitor software and in your data collector. The steps include the following:

- Selecting the computer communication options in the Emonitor software.
- Selecting the Dynamix 2500 data collector as the current data collector.
- Setting up the data collector to communicate with the computer.
- Installing ActiveSync software to communicate through a USB port.
- Connecting the data collector and the computer.

Most of the steps are completed from the Load/Unload dialog box. Click Set Up Collector and Set Up Computer to set up the Dynamix 2500 data collector and computer for communication.

Use the USB Connection

You use the USB port to load lists from The Emonitor software and unload data from the Dynamix 2500 data collector. This interface requires you to install Microsoft ActiveSync software:

- See [POWER /USB/TRIGGER on page 20](#) for information on the splitter cable.
- See [Installing the USB Drivers for the Data Collector on page 30](#).

Install ActiveSync Software

You can download ActiveSync software from <http://www.microsoft.com/downloads>.

Follow the instructions on the website to download and install ActiveSync software.

TIP We recommend that ActiveSync software version 4.5 or later is installed.

Create the Connection from the Data Collector to a Computer

Connect the Dynamix 2500 data collector to your computer by using the USB Power Splitter cable.

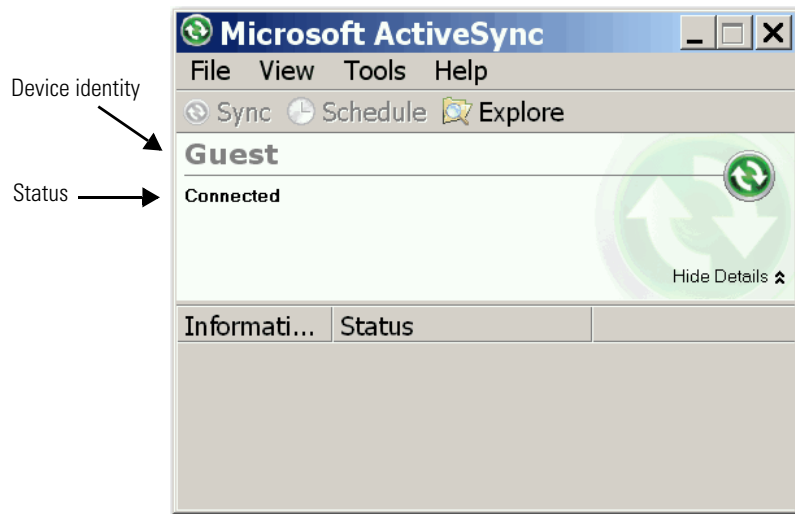
Follow these steps to connect the data collector to a computer.

1. Plug one end of the USB Power splitter cable into the POWER/USB/TRIGGER connector at the top of the Dynamix 2500 data collector.
2. Plug the USB end of the power splitter cable into the USB port on your computer.
3. If the ActiveSync software or the Get Connected window is not open already on the computer, follow these steps.
 - a. Select Start > Programs > MicrosoftActiveSync software on the computer.
The ActiveSync window opens.
 - b. In the ActiveSync software window, select Get Connected from the File menu.
The Get Connected window opens.
4. In the Get Connected window, click Next.
5. In the New Partnership window on the computer, click No in response to the question 'Would you like to set up a partnership?'

TIP Partnership should only be selected when you want the data collector to always be insync with the Emonitor software. It is recommend not to set up a partnership.

6. Click Next.

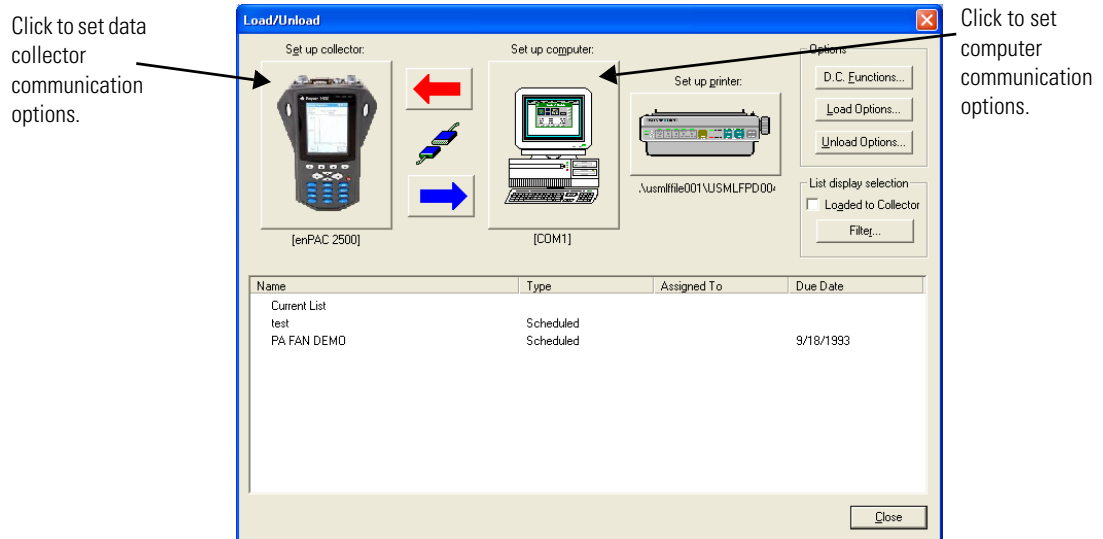
The New Partnership window closes and the ActiveSync software window shows you are connected as Guest.

**TIP**

If the connection fails, try it again, making sure you follow steps 3 and 4 in sequence. You may need to unplug the USB cable from your computer and reconnect it to the USB port. If the connection still fails, use the ActiveSync software Troubleshooter (Help > Microsoft ActiveSync Help) to identify and correct anomalies.

When you set up for communication in the Emonitor software, select Dynamix 2500 data collector 2500 USB as your current data collector and USB as your communication device.

Figure 23 - Load/Unload dialog box



When the data collector is properly connected to the USB port, the cable connection icon in the Load/Unload dialog box changes from not connected to connected and the Dynamix 2500 data collector displays the message Busy... Communications in progress.



TIP If the cable connection icon does not change, try closing and reopening the Load/Unload dialog box.

Set Up the Current Data Collector in the Emonitor software

You can have several active data collectors in the Emonitor software. However, you must select one specific data collector before you load a list. The data collector you select is called the current data collector. If you use several different models of data collectors, you may need to select the current data collector before unloading and loading. If you use only one model of data collector, you can select the current data collector only once and not change it again.

An icon of the Dynamix 2500 data collector appears in the Set Up Collector if it is the current data collector.

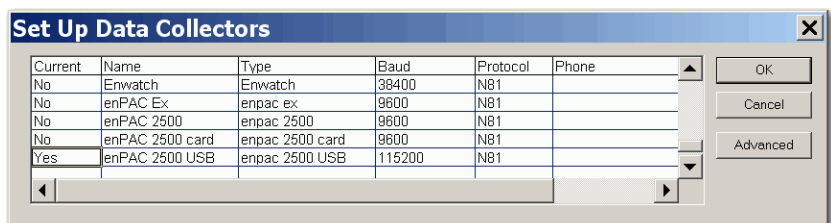
Follow these steps to make the Dynamix 2500 data collector the current data collector and select the correct communication settings.

1. Select Tools > Load/Unload.

The Load/Unload dialog box appears.

2. In the Load/Unload dialog box, click Set Up Collector.

The Set Up Data Collectors dialog box appears.



3. The Current column shows a Yes for the current data collector.

To make the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector the current data collector:

- a. Move to the Current column for the Dynamix 2500 data collector.
- b. Press Enter or double-click in the column to change the word from No to Yes.

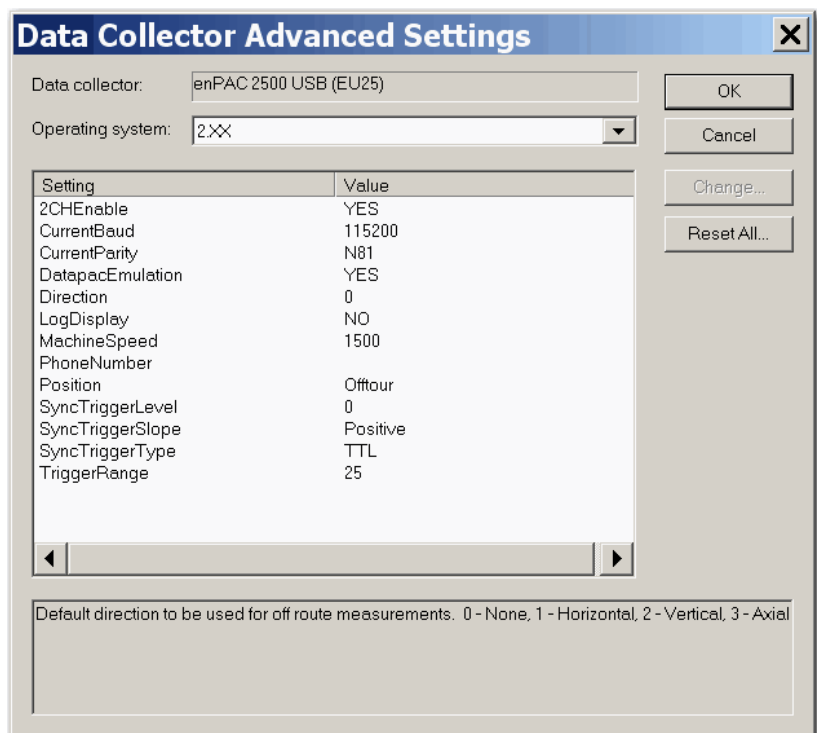
The previously selected data collector automatically changes to 'No.'

- In the Baud column, choose the enPAC 2500 USB (use this collector for the Dynamix 2500 data collector) and set the baud rate to the same rate you selected in the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

The baud rate must be set in the data collector to 115200.

- In the Protocol column, choose M81 as the Protocol.
- Click Advanced.

The Advance Settings dialog box appears.



The Advance Settings dialog box lets you change some of the data collection characteristics of the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

See [Data Collector Advanced Settings Parameters on page 112](#) for a description of the parameters.

TIP You must log in with a Supervisor- or Administrator-level user name and password to make any changes to these data collector settings.

IMPORTANT Changing the configuration options for the data collector may prevent the Emonitor software from communicating with the data collector, or may cause the data collector to malfunction. Make sure you understand a configuration option before you change it.

7. Click OK to close the Data Collector Advanced Settings dialog box.

8. Click OK when finished.

Use the descriptions in this table to help you configure the parameters in the Advanced Settings dialog box.

Table 38 - Data Collector Advanced Settings Parameters

Parameter	Description	Values
Operating System	Sets the operating system version of the data collector.	
2CHEnable	Enables the Emonitor software to download measurements configured for 2-channel collection.	Yes No
Current Baud	The baud rate for the serial communication. or the USB this is the default.	Recommend setting this to 115200.
Current Parity	The combination of parity, data bits and stop bits. The first letter in the setting is the parity: None, Even, Odd. The first number is the number of data bits. The second number is the number of stop bits. N81 stands for no parity, 8 data bits, and 1 stop bit.	The Dynamix 2500 data collector uses only N81.
Datapac Emulation	Configures the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector to collect data the same as the Datapac.	Yes No
Direction	The default direction to be used for Offroute measurements.	0 - None 1 - Horizontal 2 - Vertical 3 - Axial
Log Display	Display plots in log format in the data collector.	Yes No
Machine Speed	The default machine speed to use for Offroute measurements.	
Phone Number	Not Used	
Position	The default position label to use for Offroute measurements.	1 to 16 characters
Sync Trigger Level	The amplitude level for externally triggering the measurement. This parameter is used when you set Trig Level to `Fixed` in the Instrument Setup screen. See Configure the Data Collection Options on page 57.	Positive Negative
Sync Trigger Slope	The input signal slope to be used for externally triggering the measurement. This parameter is used when you set Trig Level to `Fixed` in the Instrument Setup screen. See Configure the Data Collection Options on page 57.	Positive Negative

Table 38 - Data Collector Advanced Settings Parameters

Parameter	Description	Values
Sync Trigger Type	Sets the trigger type.	TTL External
Trigger Range	The maximum range (in Volts) that the trigger signal can produce.	V

TIP

The communication message remains on the screen until you close the Load/Unload dialog box in the Emonitor software.

Loading Lists to the Data Collector

After you connect the data collector to the computer, you can load one or more lists to the data collector. This section discusses preparing and initializing the data collector, loading inspection codes, selecting the list, and other load options.

IMPORTANT

When loading large lists to the Dynamix 2500 data collector, recommended practice is to connect the power supply to the data collector. This disables the automatic timeout feature (Instrument Setup), which could cause potential loss of data during the loading process.

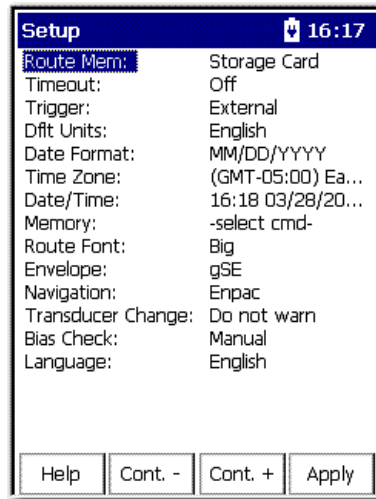
Prepare the Data Collector before Loading

The Emonitor software can load data to either the data collector internal memory, or to an SD storage card. You control the destination for the data with the Route Mem parameter in the Setup screen in the data collector.

Follow these steps to prepare the data collector.

1. Make sure you have correctly connected the data collector to the computer.
2. Install a storage card, if needed.
3. Apply power to the data collector.
4. From the Main Menu screen, select Setup Utility and press Enter.

The Setup screen appears.



5. Select Route Mem and press the Right arrow to display the following choices:
 - Internal - Load the data to the Dynamix 2500 data collector internal memory.
 - Storage Card - Load the data to the SD storage card in the Dynamix 2500 data collector.
6. Select the destination and press the Left arrow key to save your choice.
7. When finished, press F4 (Apply).

Initialize the Data Collector before Loading

If data already exists in the data collector but you do not need it anymore, you can delete the data by initializing the data collector’s memory using the Emonitor software. Make sure that you no longer need the data before deleting it.

TIP You initialize the Dynamix 2500 data collector internal memory and memory card separately. This is determined by the Route Memory setting in the Setup screen.

Before you initialize the Dynamix memory, make sure the Emonitor software and the data collector are properly connected.

There are two ways you can initialize the Dynamix using the Emonitor software, either automatically before loading a list, or manually at any time. You can also use the data collector to initialize memory.

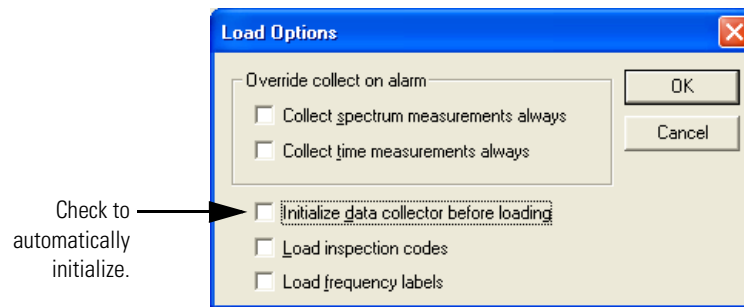
See [Engineer Mode Menu on page 44](#) for details on how to initialize memory using the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

IMPORTANT Initializing the data collector memory erases the existing data. Be sure that you no longer need the data before deleting it.

Follow these instructions to automatically initialize the data collector before loading a list.

1. Choose Tools > Load/Unload.
2. In the Load/Unload dialog box, click Load Options.

The Load Options dialog box appears.



3. Check the Initialize data collector before loading checkbox.
4. Click OK.

You must have the Dynamix 2500 data collector connected to the computer. You can also use the unit to initialize memory.

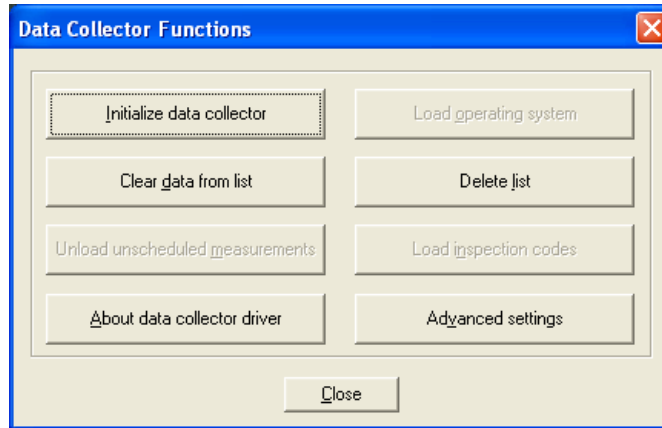
TIP If you are manually initializing the memory card, you must also have the SD card in the drive.

See [Insert and Remove a Storage Card on page 64](#).

Follow these steps to manually initialize the data collector any time.

1. Choose Tools > Load/Unload.
2. Click DC. Functions in the Load/Unload dialog box.

The Data Collector Functions dialog box appears.



3. Click Initialize data collector.
A progress bar appears providing a status of the initialization.
4. Click Close, when initialization is complete.
Now frequency labels will be loaded with your lists.

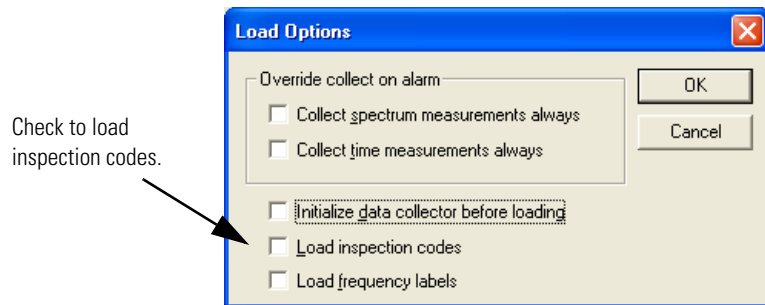
Loading Inspection Codes

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix support loading inspection codes with a list. The Dynamix stores inspection codes with a loaded list. You can only load inspection codes with a list.

Follow these steps to load inspection codes.

1. Select Tools > Load/Unload.
2. Click Load Options.

The Load Options dialog box appears.



3. Check the Load Inspection Codes checkbox.
4. Click OK.
Now inspection codes will be loaded with your lists.

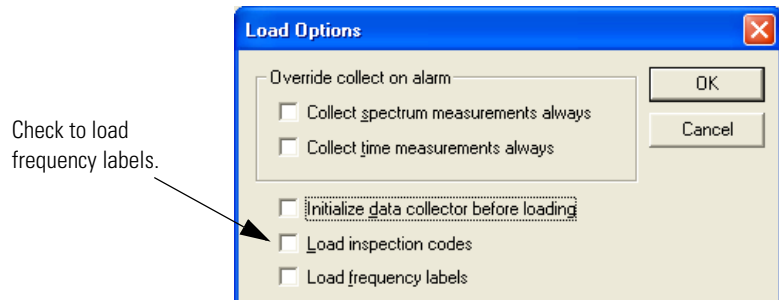
Load Frequency Labels

With the Dynamix 2500 data collector and the Emonitor software, you can load frequency labels so that you can use the Diagnostic Frequency cursor. The frequency labels are the items in the Label column in the Frequency Output pane in the Emonitor software.

Follow these steps to load frequency labels.

1. Select Tools > Load/Unload.
2. Click Load Options.

The Load Options dialog box appears.



3. Check the Load Frequency Labels checkbox.
4. Click OK.

Override the Collect On Alarm Setting

With the Emonitor software you can collect and store a spectrum or time waveform when a magnitude measurement at the same location is in alarm. You do this by setting the Collect and store condition in the storage specification for a spectrum measurement definition to On Magnitude Alarm.

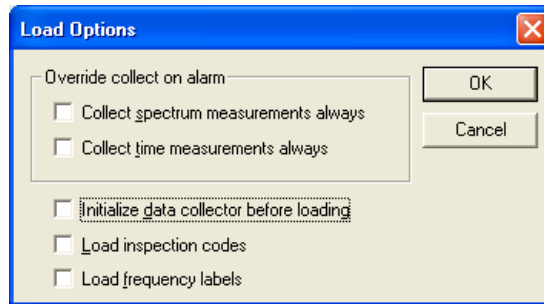
At some point you may want to collect a spectrum or time waveform even when the magnitude measurement is not in alarm. For example, you may want to collect a spectrum the first time you collect data for the machine. Instead of changing the storage specification, you can Override collect on alarm in the Load Options dialog box.

Follow these steps to override the Collect On Alarm setting.

1. Select Tools > Load/Unload.

2. Click Load Options.

The Load/Unload dialog box appears.



3. Check the desired option under Override collect on alarm:
 - Collect spectrum measurements always - Collects all spectrum measurements, regardless of the settings in the storage specification for the measurement definition.
 - Collect time measurements always - Collects all time waveform measurements regardless of the settings in the storage specification for the measurement definition.
4. Click OK. Now you can collect all the spectrum and/or time waveform measurements in the list.

IMPORTANT You must turn these load options off before loading a list if you want to collect spectrum and/or time waveform only on alarm.

Select the Lists

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix support loading more than one list at a time, so you may select more than one list to load. The size of the lists limits the number of lists you can load at one time.

Follow these steps to select the list.

1. Choose Tools > Load/Unload.
2. Make sure the data collector and computer are connected.
3. Make sure you have selected the desired destination (internal memory or SD card) in the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

See [Prepare the Data Collector before Loading on page 113](#).

4. Select the list types to show in the list display by clicking Filter in the Load/Unload dialog box.

Lists appear in the order of the next collection date. A red checkmark may appear next to the list, indicating that the list has been loaded to a data collector.

5. Select one or more lists from the list display by clicking on the list name.

Load Selected Lists to the Data Collector

After connecting the Dynamix and computer, selecting the correct communication settings, and selecting one or more lists, you are ready to load the data collector.

The Dynamix 2500 Data Collector lets you to unload more than one list at a time into the Emonitor software database. Simply select the desired lists before clicking Unload.

For more information, see [Select the Lists on page 118](#).

IMPORTANT

When loading large lists to the Dynamix 2500 data collector, recommended practice is to connect the power supply to the unit. This disables the automatic timeout feature (Instrument Setup), which could cause potential loss of data during the loading process.

TIP

It may take some time for the Emonitor software to build load files for large lists. You can save time by using Quickload lists and choosing Tools > Update Quickload Files to build the load files when you are not using the computer. For more information on Quickload lists, see the Emonitor software online help.

Follow these steps to load selected lists to the data collector.

1. Choose Tools > Load/Unload.

The Load/Unload dialog box appears.

2. Select the desired list or lists.

See [Select the Lists on page 118](#) for more information.

3. Click Load in the Load/Unload dialog box.

The following series of events occurs:

- The Emonitor software builds the load file and shows a progress bar. If you wish to stop the process, click Abort.

- The Emonitor software loads the file into the data collector and a second progress bar appears.

4. When finished, click Close.

Display the Data Collector Driver Version Number

The data collector driver is the software that allows the Emonitor software to communicate with the Dynamix. You can display the data collector driver version number in the Emonitor software.

TIP For details on displaying the data collector operating system version number in the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector, see [Display the Operating System Version Number on page 46](#).

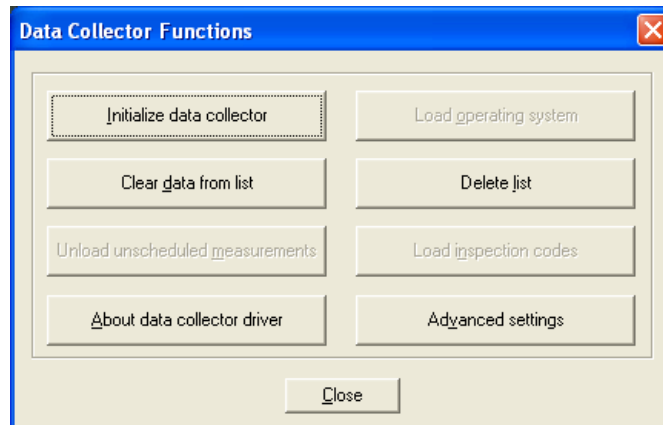
Follow these steps to display the version number.

1. Select Tools > Load/Unload.

The Load/Unload dialog box appears.

2. Make sure the correct data collector appears in the Set Up Collector.
3. Click D.C. Function.

The Data Collector Function dialog box appears.



4. Click About data collector driver.

This displays the driver version number.

5. Click OK to close the Data Collector Functions dialog box.

TIP The SD storage card must be initialized/formatted before you can use it in the data collector. The data collector does not initialize/format the cards.

Unloading Lists from the Data Collector

Once you collect data you can unload it for storage in your the Emonitor software database by connecting the Dynamix and computer and transferring the information. You can unload unscheduled measurements to your the Emonitor software database at the same time as list data. You can automatically print reports after unloading data from the data collector.

IMPORTANT When loading large lists to the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector, recommended practice is to connect the power supply to the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector. This disables the automatic timeout feature (Instrument Setup), which could cause potential loss of data during the loading process.

IMPORTANT For more information on unloading lists and unload options see the Emonitor software online help.

Unload More than One List

The Dynamix 2500 Data Collector lets you to unload more that one list at a time into the Emonitor software database. Simply select the desired lists before clicking Unload.

For more information, see [Select the Lists on page 118](#).

Clear Data from a List

The Dynamix 2500 Data Collector lets you to clear data from a list in the instrument after unloading it to your the Emonitor software database. You can collect the list again as needed:

- Check the Clear list on unload checkbox in the Unload Options dialog box.
- Clear data from list function in the Data Collector Functions dialog box.

Unload Lists in the Emonitor Software

Follow these steps to unload a list.

1. From the Tools menu, choose Load/Unload.

The Load/Unload dialog box appears.

2. Make sure the data collector and the computer are connected.
3. Choose the desired list or lists.
4. In the Load/Unload dialog box, click Unload.

The following series of events occur:

- The Emonitor software unloads the file from the data collector and shows a progress bar, telling you that it is unloading the file and updating the database.
- When the unload is complete, the progress bar closes in the Emonitor software.

5. Click Close.

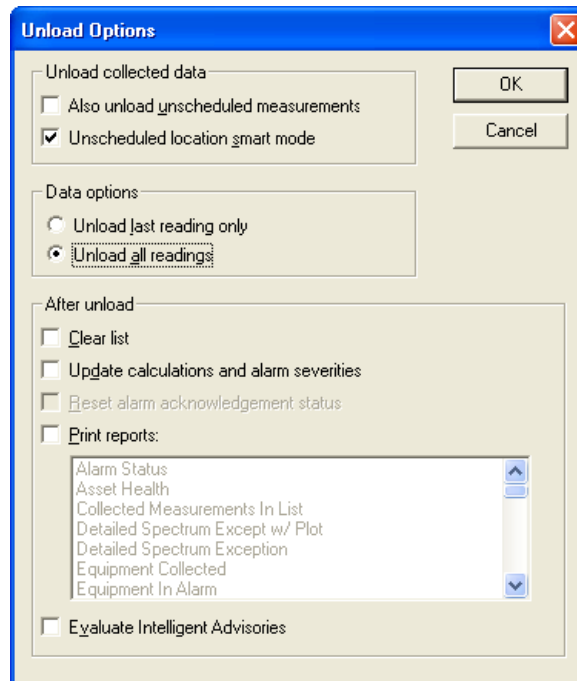
Unload Multiple Measurements Points in the Emonitor Software

With the Dynamix 2500 data collector, you can collect multiple readings for a single measurement definition. All of the data for each measurement definition can be unloaded to the Emonitor software database.

Follow these steps to unload multiple measurement points.

1. In the Load/Unload dialog box, click Unload Options.

The Unload Options dialog box appears.



2. Select Unload all readings.
3. Click OK.

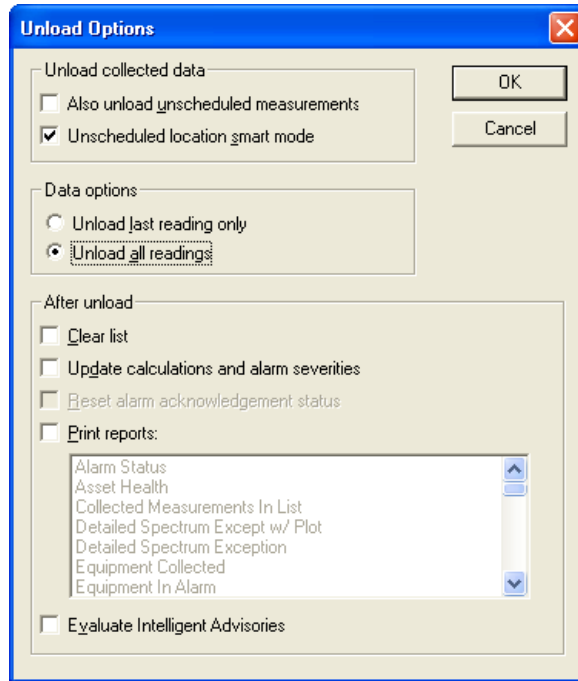
Unload Unscheduled (Offroute) Data from the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector

Unscheduled measurements are measurements that are taken with the Offroute function in the Dynamix. They are called Offroute measurements in the data collector. See the Emonitor software online help for more information on setting the Unscheduled Measurement Destination.

Follow these steps to unload the unscheduled measurements automatically when unloading a list.

1. In the Load/Unload dialog box, click Unload Options.

The Unload Options dialog box appears.



2. Check the Also unload unscheduled measurements checkbox.
3. Click OK.

Unload Measurements using Smart Unscheduled Mode

You can collect Offroute measurements in the Dynamix 2500 Data Collector that match your existing measurement definitions in the Emonitor software. This is done by choosing one of the pre-defined measurement icons on the Offroute Measurement screen in the Dynamix. When you unload the data, the Emonitor software stores the data under the correct measurement definition.

See [Collect Offroute Data using a Pre-defined Measurement on page 150](#).

TIP To have the Emonitor software put all unscheduled measurements in one location, open the Load/Unload dialog box and click Unload Options. Uncheck the Unscheduled location smart mode checkbox.

If the Emonitor software can match the unscheduled data to an item in the Hierarchy Tree and a location, then it stores the unscheduled data in measurement definitions under that location. If the Emonitor software cannot match the data with an existing measurement definition, then it creates a new measurement definition and stores the data there.

If the Emonitor software cannot match an item in the Hierarchy Tree and a location, it stores the data in the unscheduled destination, set with Tools > Set Unscheduled Dest.

The Emonitor software tries to match the collection specification for the measurement definition. The rules for matching a collection specification are as follows.

Table 39 - Rules for Matching a Collection Specification

	All types	Magnitude	Spectrum	Time Waveform
All these measurement parameters in the collection specification must match:	Transducer	Transducer	Transducer	Transducer
	Averaging type	Averaging type	Averaging type	Averaging type
	Number of Averages	Number of Averages	Number of Averages	Number of Averages
	Percent Overlap	Percent Overlap	Percent Overlap	Percent Overlap
	Order Normalization	Order Normalization	Order Normalization	Order Normalization
		Fmax (or Frequency Span)	Fmax (or Frequency Span)	Signal detection
	Number of lines	Number of lines	Signal detection	

If the Emonitor software cannot match the collection specification, it creates a new collection specification using a code. The new collection specification name has the form XXXXLMSWNNep, where:

XXXX	maximum frequency
L	number of lines
M	transducer type
S	signal detection
W	window type
NN	number of averages
E	average type
p	phase measurement flag

The parameters of the fields in the collection specification name are explained in the Emonitor software online help.

Automatically Print Reports after Unloading

You can select reports to automatically send to a printer after unloading data from the Dynamix. The reports contain information on the list of measurements unloaded.

See the Emonitor software online help for more information on printing reports and plots.

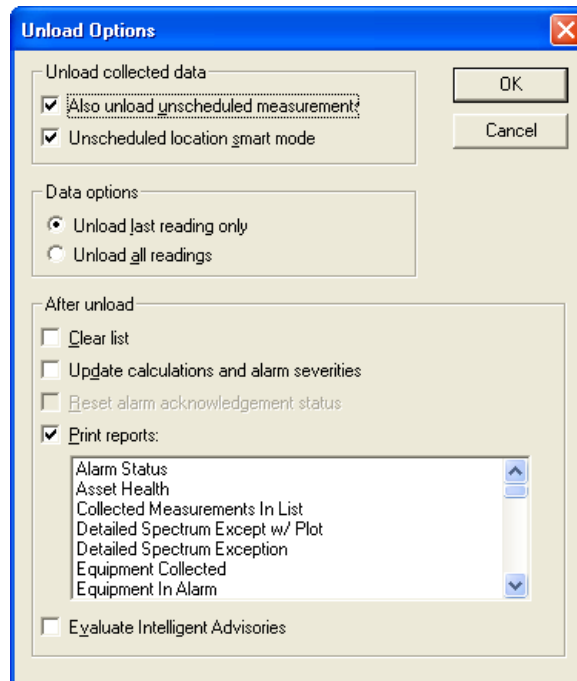
Follow these steps to automatically print reports after unloading.

1. From the Tools menu, choose Load/Unload.

The Load/Unload dialog box appears.

2. Make sure the Dynamix 2500 data collector appears in the Set up collector button. If not, see [Use the USB Connection on page 107](#).
3. Click Unload Options.

The Unload Options dialog box appears.



4. Check the Print reports checkbox and then select the reports you want the Emonitor software to run automatically after unloading data.
5. Click OK.

Quickload Files

The Emonitor software rebuilds a Quickload file before loading it to the data collector. These are the reasons why a Quickload file is created:

- The list is not stored with the 'Use quickload file' option selected.
- The measurement definitions in the list change.
- The inspection codes in the list change.
- The locations in the list change.
- The hierarchy level of items in the Hierarchy Tree that affect measurement definitions in the list change.
- The collection specification of a measurement definition in the list changes.
- The 'Override collect on alarm settings (in the Load Option dialog box) are selected.
- The list has been saved since last loaded.

Load a list to the Storage Card

The Emonitor software can load lists to either the Dynamix 2500 data collector internal memory, or to an SD storage card. You control the destination for lists with the Route Memory parameter in the Setup Utility screen in the Dynamix 2500 data collector:

- Set Route Memory to Internal to store lists and data in internal memory.
- Set Route Memory to Storage Card to store lists and data to the SD card.

TIP The Route Memory parameter is not applicable when unloading data. the Emonitor software can unload lists from both the Dynamix 2500 data collector internal memory and the SD card at the same time.

Collecting and Reviewing Data

The Dynamix 2500 data collector lets you to collect a list of measurement definitions, data for points in a list (route) and for unscheduled data (points not defined in a route). Once you collect your data, you can review the data on the screen or save it to a storage card. You can then unload the data from the route into the Emonitor database for storage and analysis.

Topic	Page
Preparing for Data Collection	129
Collecting Route Data	131
Collecting Offroute Data	149
Reviewing Data	161
Capturing Screens	168

Preparing for Data Collection

There are several things you should do before you start collecting data with the Dynamix 2500 data collector, assuming you have already loaded at least one list (route) into the data collector. This section discusses connecting the transducer and setting up the data collector options.

1. Make sure you have a fully charged battery pack.
See [Battery Pack on page 23](#) for information on battery life.
2. Check the date and time on the data collector.
See [Set the Date, Time and Date Format on page 50](#).
3. Connect the transducer to the Dynamix 2500 data collector.
See [Connect a Transducer to the Data Collector on page 130](#).
4. Check the data collection options.
See [Select the Data Collection Options on page 130](#).

Connect a Transducer to the Data Collector



WARNING: To prevent damage to the cable and cable pins, take care when connecting the transducer to the data collector.

Follow these steps to connect a transducer to the data collector.

1. Match the red dot on the connector to the red dot on the data collector.
2. Insert the transducer cable into either Connector A or B on the data collector.

Do not turn or twist the connector.

- If you are using an external tachometer signal for phase measurements, connect your tachometer signal to the POWER/USB/TRIGGER connector on the data collector.
- You must also set the Trigger parameter in the Setup Utility screen to External, otherwise the instrument uses the internal Laser Tachometer to collect the measurement.

See [Configure the Data Collection Options on page 57](#) for more information on setting the Trigger parameter.

Select the Data Collection Options

There are many options that options affect the measurement, the data collection process, and the data display. The Dynamix 2500 data collector stores these options even when its powered off. However, you should check these options each time you start data collection. The options are located in the Instrument Configuration screen.

See [Configure the Data Collection Options on page 57](#) for instructions on how to select the data collection options.

Collecting Route Data

This section explains how to collect list (route) data using the Dynamix 2500 data collector. Using your predictive maintenance software, you can load a list to the data collector to organize your data collection, then collect data for the measurement definitions in the list (route). Once you have prepared the instrument for data collection you are ready to select a route and collect data.

TIP If you do not use the predictive maintenance software to create and load lists to the data collector, Dynamix 2500 data collector automatically creates a route named Default Route for you to use to collect data.

Select a Route

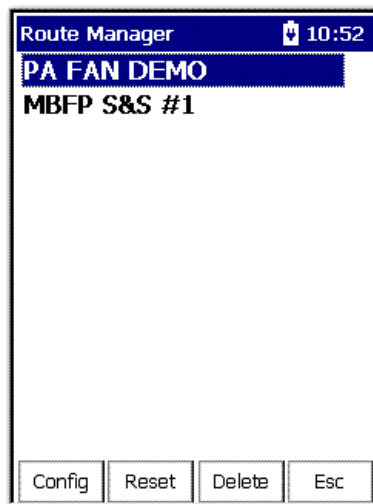
The Dynamix 2500 Data Collection program operates on a route. This can be the Default Route or a route you create and unload with your computer software. Routes that you create with your computer software may contain multiple points, and each point may cause the instrument to perform multiple measurements.

TIP If the data collector does not have a route downloaded from the Emonitor software, it lets you create a default route. The default route contains only one measurement point.

For more information about Route management, see [Dynamix 2500 Data Collector Main Menu on page 45](#).

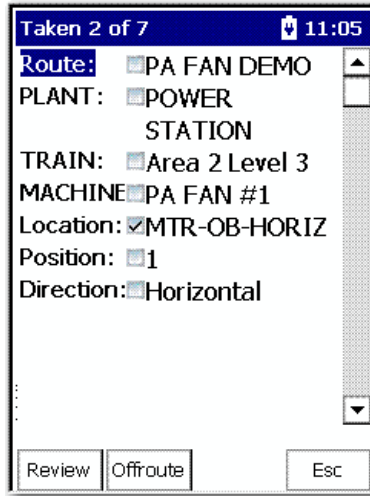
Follow these steps to select a route.

1. Select Data Collection from the Main Menu and press Enter.
2. Select a route from the Route Manager screen and press Enter.



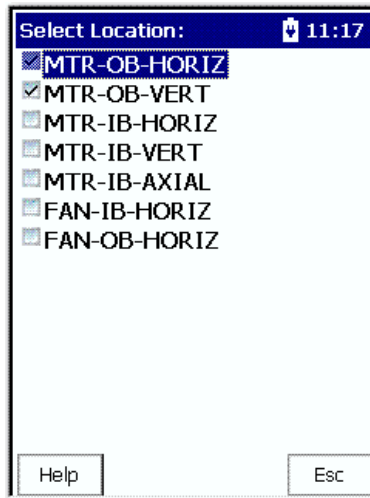
Once you have selected a route, you can open the route by pressing Enter or the Right arrow.

The Data Collection screen appears.



Depending on what you have configured in Emonitor, each of these parameters may offer more selections when you press the Right arrow.

For example, if you select the Location parameter and press the Right arrow you will be taken to the Select Location Screen.



Move through a List

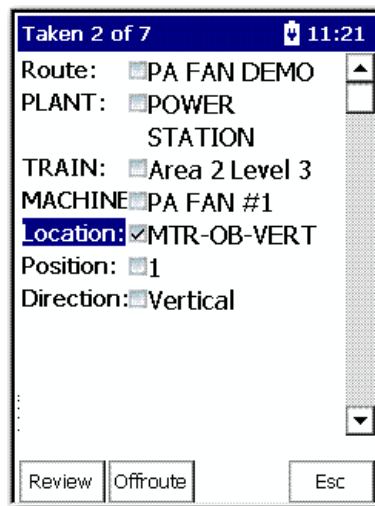
There are several methods for moving through a list:

- If you set Auto Store to On in the Instrument Configuration screen, the data collector automatically goes to the next measurement in the list.
- If you set Auto Store to Off, the data collector goes to the next measurement when you press Enter to accept the measurement.

You can also move between items on a route in the Data Collection window without collecting data. You can skip a measurement point or an entire machine if necessary and continue with the list. You can exit Data Collection mode at any time by exiting the Data Collection screen.

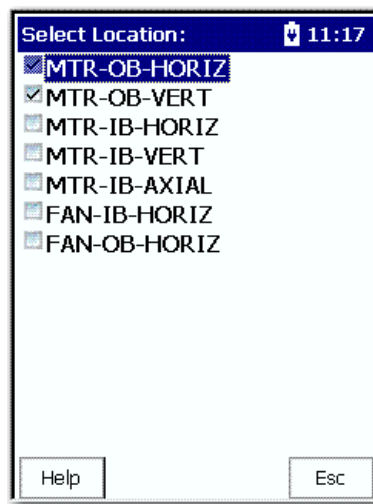
Follow these steps to move to another a measurement or machine.

1. Select the desired hierarchy level (Plant, Train, Machine, and Location).



2. Press the Right arrow key.

A selection screen appears. A checkmark next to the item indicates that a measurement has been stored.



TIP The Selection screen does not appear if you set Navigation to DataPac in the Setup screen. The Dynamix 2500 data collector automatically moves to the next point in the route when the Right arrow key is pressed.

3. Select an item and press the Left arrow.
4. Continue collecting data and move through the list until you reach the end of the list.

Start Data Collection

After setting the data collector options and selecting a route, you are now ready to start data collection.

Follow these steps to start collecting data.

1. Once you have selected a list, you begin collecting data from the designated point on the route.
2. Connect the transducer and press Enter to start a measurement.
3. If necessary, press Enter again to collect a measurement depending on the Auto Store setting in the Instrument Configuration screen.

See [Instrument Configuration Parameters on page 59](#).

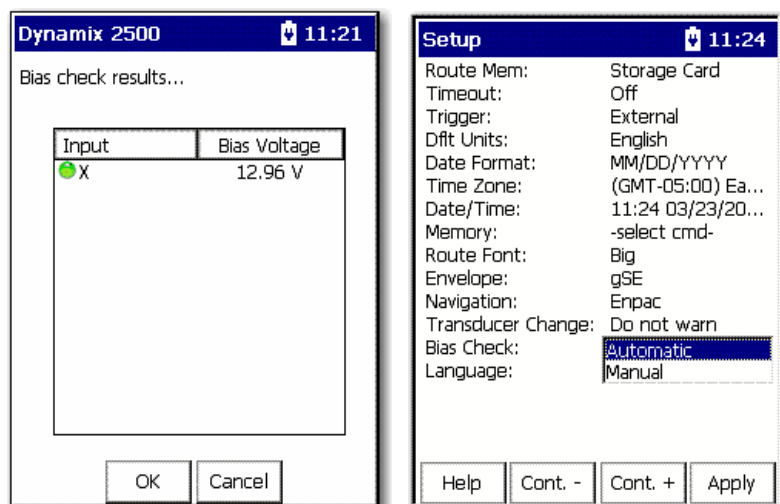
IMPORTANT

The Dynamix 2500 data collector supplies power to ICP accelerometers through the A and B connectors. The ICP power 'turns on' prior to collecting the first measurement point and remains on until the following occurs:

- You reach the end of the route.
- The data collector advances to a measurement point that does not require ICP power.
- You exit the route menu.

Do not connect the channel to a BNC panel or non ICP device until the Dynamix 2500 data collector advances to a non ICP measurement point. Connecting the channel while collecting a measurement point that requires ICP power may cause undesirable results, damage to the equipment, or unexpected machinery trips.

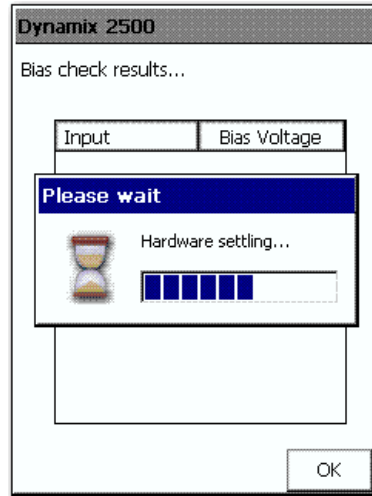
You may notice that a Bias Check is taken if the parameter is set to Auto.



Bias Check

The Bias function checks the bias of the transducer before taking the measurement. There are two options for the Bias Check parameter, Automatic and Manual.

When you are in the Route Hierarchy, you can check the bias voltage for ICP measurements manually by pressing 0 (Shift)+2 (B) to.



This turns on the ICP supply (if it wasn't already) and measures the DC bias voltage for each channel used by this measurement.

Channel X for single channel points. Typically X and Y is for two-channel points, and X, Y, and Z for Triax points.

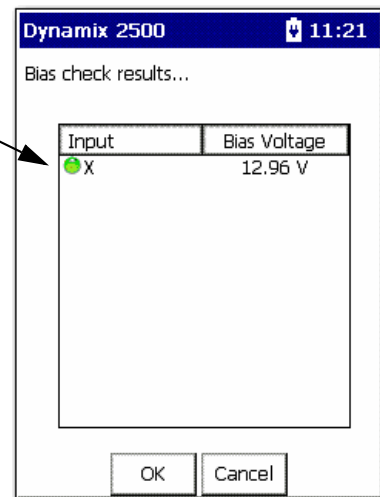
The Bias check screen shows the voltages for each channel.

The Bias check results screen displays a red or green input indicator.

Green appears when the bias voltage is between 2V and 18V, which is regarded as normal.

Red appears if it is outside this range.

This can be useful when troubleshooting a cable or accelerometer.



Select Inspection Codes

Inspection codes let you document operating conditions while collecting data. You must load the inspection codes into the Dynamix 2500 data collector when you load a list. Only those inspection codes loaded with a list are available for that list.

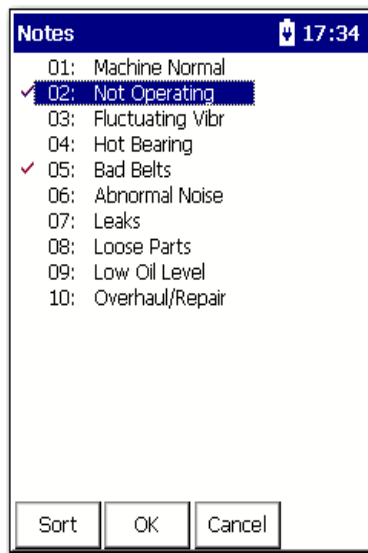
Using the Emonitor software, you can load up to 100 inspection codes per list. The data collector lets you to store up to six inspection codes with each measurement point. The Emonitor software automatically unloads the inspection codes from the data collector when you unload the data.

TIP If you notice an unusual condition prior to data collection, such as bad belts, you can select an inspection code that applies to the current point on the route.

Follow these steps to enter an inspection code while you collect data.

1. Press F3 (Notes) while in any measurement screen.

The Notes screen appears.



2. Select a code by entering the inspection code number and press Enter.

A checkmark appears to the left of the assigned inspection code:

- To clear the checkmark, highlight the inspection code and press Enter again.
- To save your changes and return to the measurement screen, press F2 (OK).
- To cancel your changes and return to the measurement screen, press F3 (Cancel).

Manually Enter a Numeric Measurement

Using a route that is configured the Emonitor software, the data collector displays a field on the Collecting Data screen that lets you type in a value for a reading.

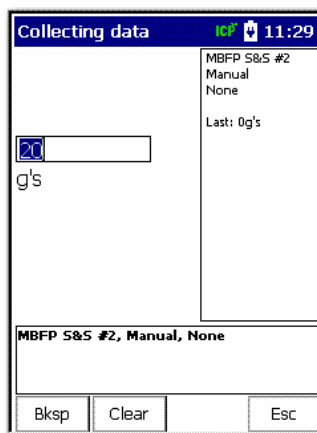
Follow these steps to manually enter a numeric measurement.

1. In the Emonitor Software, create a Manual route and upload to the data collector.
See the Emonitor User Manual publication, [EMONTR-UM001](#) for information about creating routes and loading them into the data collector.

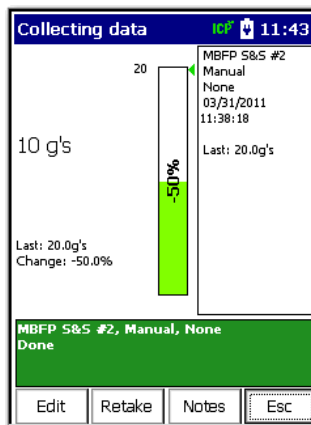
2. From the Data Collection screen, press Enter.
The Route Manager Screen Appears.

3. Select the manual route that you loaded to the data collector.
4. Press Enter to start your measurement for the current point.

The Manual Entry Process Measurement screen appears.



5. Type a value between zero and the full scale.
6. Press Enter to accept the value.



- Press F1 (edit) to edit the value.
- Press F2 (Retake), after you have changed the value.
- Press F3 (Notes) to view and Notes that you loaded from the Emonitor software.
- Press F4 (Esc) if you do not want to keep the current measurement.

7. Press Enter to go to the next measurement and continue data collection.

Collect a Process DC Voltage Measurement

Once you have created a route in the Emonitor Software and uploaded it to the data collector you can begin to take the measurement.

See the Emonitor User Manual publication, [EMONTR-UM001](#) for information about creating routes and loading them into the data collector.

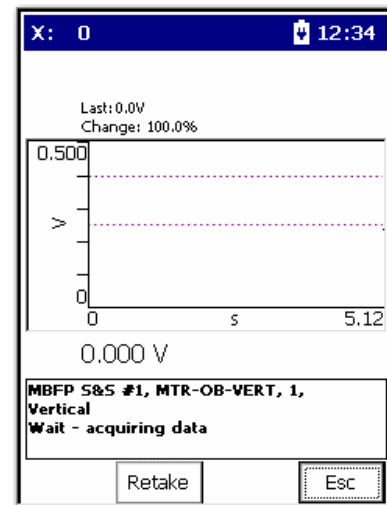
Follow these steps to collect a Process DC voltage measurement.

1. Attach the DC voltage input to the data collector and correct location.
2. From the Data Collection screen, press Enter.
The Route Manager Screen Appears.

3. Select the process route you uploaded from the Emonitor software and press Enter to start your measurement for the current point.

The DC Volts Measurement screen appears.

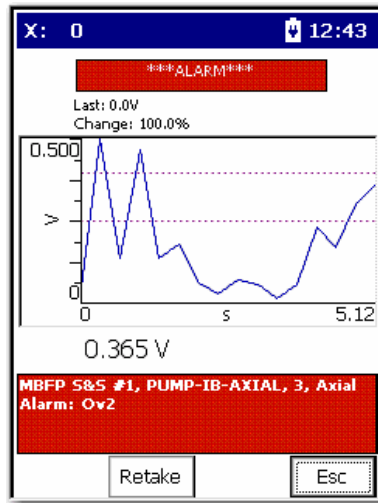
A message appears stating that the data collector is acquiring data



The instrument continually updates the magnitude value for the measurement.

- TIP** For DC process measurements, conservative autoranging is always used to minimize the effects of internal DC offsets. For more information about Autoranging, see See [Instrument Configuration Parameters on page 59](#).

Alarms appear when there is an alarm condition, such as the removal of a sensor on Channel X.



4. Once the reading is steady and the input signal is not overloading the data collector, press Enter to accept the measured value.

IMPORTANT

You do not need to press Enter if you set Auto Store to On in the Instrument Configuration screen.

The data collector automatically ranges and collects the measurement.

See [Instrument Configuration Parameters on page 59](#).

TIP

The green status indicator illuminates when the measurement is complete. See [Status Indicators on page 22](#).

Once the measurement is stored, you are taken back to the Route hierarchy.

Collect a Magnitude Measurement

Once you have created a route in the Emonitor Software and uploaded it to the data collector you can begin to take the measurement.

See the Emonitor User Manual publication, [EMONTR-UM001](#) for information about creating routes and loading them into the data collector.

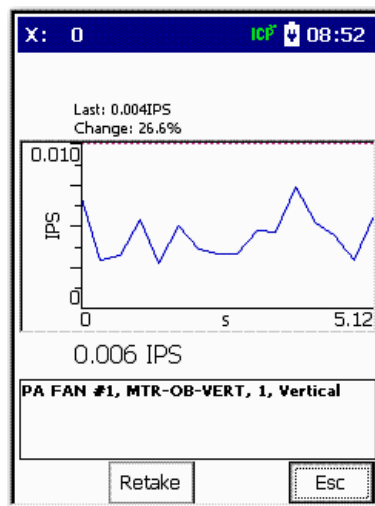
Follow these steps to collect a magnitude measurement.

1. Attach the DC voltage input to the data collector and correct location.
2. From the Data Collection screen, press Enter.

The Route Manager Screen Appears.

3. Select the magnitude route you uploaded from the Emonitor software and press Enter to start your measurement for the current point.

The Magnitude Measurement screen appears.



A graphic appears on the screen while the data collector ranges the data. The data collector continually updates the magnitude value for the measurement.

4. Once the magnitude reading is steady and the input signal is not overloading the data collector, press Enter to accept the measured value.

IMPORTANT

You do not need to press Enter if you set Auto Store to On in the Instrument Configuration screen. The data collector automatically ranges and collects the measurement.

See [Instrument Configuration Parameters on page 59](#).

Once the data collector stores the measurement, the Data Collection screen displays the next point in the list (route).

Collect a Spectrum Measurement

One of the most useful ways to display vibration signals is in a spectrum. The spectrum displays the vibration signal level in relation to the frequencies at which the vibration occurs.

To display a spectrum, the Dynamix 2500 data collector analyzes the frequency components of the signal and breaks this analysis down to a number of frequency bands where the signal level for that band is represented by a single value. These bands are called status indicator lines.

A typical spectrum could have 400 lines although the data collector lets you to select a smaller or larger number of lines. The higher the lines, the higher the resolution, and the longer it takes the data collector to acquire the data for a spectrum.

Lines of resolution, Fmax, and number of averages all affect the length of time it takes to acquire and process a spectrum. You can control each of these setup items either in your computer software for route measurements or on the User screen for Offroute measurements.

See [Create and Collect a User-defined Point on page 152](#) for more information about Offroute measurements.

Once you have created a route in the Emonitor Software and uploaded it to the data collector you can begin to take the measurement.

See the Emonitor User Manual publication, [EMONTR-UM001](#) for information about creating routes and loading them into the data collector.

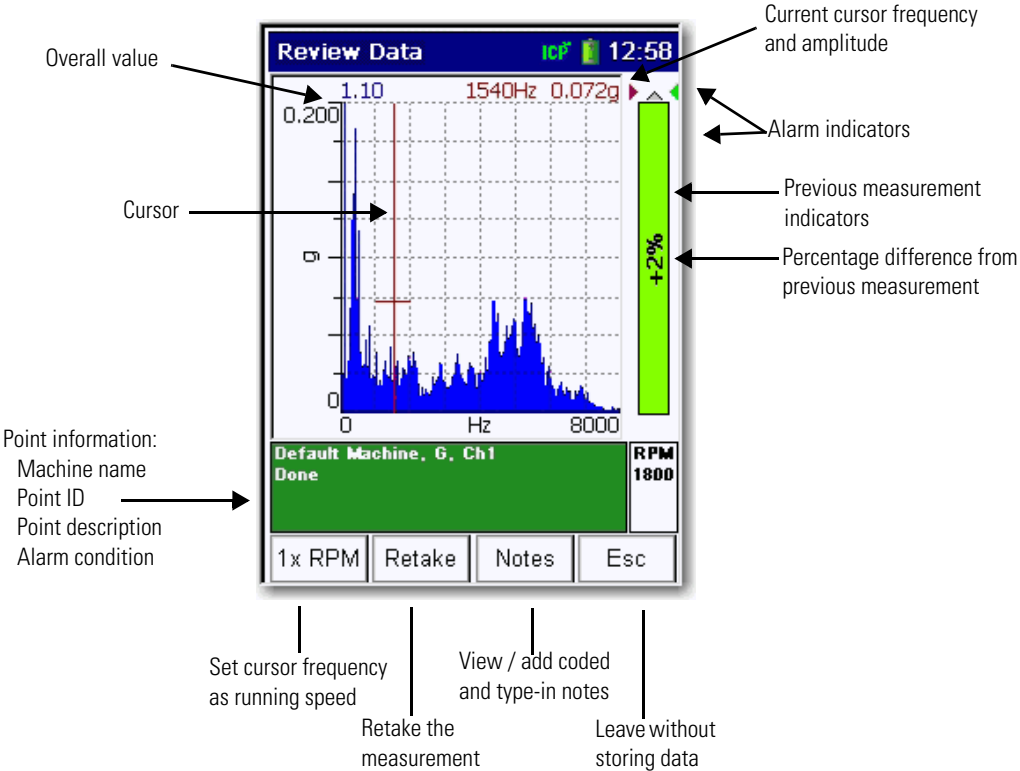
Follow these steps to take a spectrum measurement.

1. Attach the transducer to the current location.
2. From the Data Collection screen, press Enter.
The Route Manager Screen appears.
3. Select the spectrum route you uploaded from the Emonitor software and press Enter to start your measurement for the current point.

Table 40 - Tasks Associated with Ranging the Measurement

If you	Then
Previously collected a magnitude measurement for the point	the spectrum measurement starts automatically after you press Enter to accept the magnitude reading
Set Auto Advance to On in the Instrument Configuration screen	the Dynamix 2500 data collector automatically goes to the next point in the list after it finishes collecting the spectrum
Set Auto Advance to Off	then the Signature Measurement screen appears
Set Fast Averaging to On in the Instrument Configuration screen	the Dynamix collects the specified number of averages before displaying the spectrum on the screen
Set Fast Averaging to Off	the Dynamix displays the spectrum while collecting the averages

Figure 24 - Spectrum



4. When finished viewing the spectrum, press Enter to proceed to the next point in the list.

Keying	Description
Percentage changed	<p>The spectrum displays a percentage changed bar. It provides an overall value of the current measurement in comparison to alert and danger alarms. These colored arrows display if the point is in an alarm state (red), in an alert (yellow) or if there is no alarm (green). If the measurement amplitude extends beyond the display, an overall overflow indicator appears at the top of the bar.</p> <p>This bar displays the percentage of change from the previous overall reading:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A positive percentage indicates the measurement is greater than the previous reading. • A negative percentage indicates the measurement is less than the previous reading. <p>For example, -2% means that the reading is 2% down from the last reading, or 98% of the last reading; while +2% means that the reading is 2% up from the last reading, or 102% of the last reading.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A display of +100% indicates either a 100% increase. <p>For example, the new reading is twice the old reading, or that there is either no previous reading, or the previous reading was 0%.</p>
Y-Axis Graph Scaling Adjustment	<p>You can use the Up and Down arrows to manually adjust the y-axis graph scaling on the spectrum. This lets you re-scale the plot to get a closer look at low amplitude components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Up arrow decreases the Y-axis graph scale setting by ½ of its current setting. • Down arrow doubles the Y-axis graph scale setting.
Harmonic Markers	<p>The H key displays harmonic markers for the current cursor position. Harmonic markers rapidly locate integral orders in relation to their fundamental (1X).</p> <p>The H key cycles the three harmonic cursor modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Simple, no harmonic cursors. • Harmonic, displays the harmonics of the current cursor position. The spectral cursor acts as the fundamental marker, and is re-positioned. • Fixed, the harmonics remain fixed and cursor can be moved independently. <p>The default is Simple (off).</p>
Peak cursor	<p>The P key lets you quickly jump the cursor to the next highest peak to the right of the cursor.</p>
Display Expansion	<p>The +/- key graphically expands or compresses the frequency domain display range horizontally around the cursor position. It reveals characteristics that may be hidden by the display mode or by the resolution without changing data collection parameters.</p> <p>When using +/-, the spectrum's fmax setting expands and the spectrum reforms to the new fmax. You can repeat to continue to expand up to the maximum resolution (based on the number of lines of resolution for the spectrum), after which the function switches to compression.</p> <p>Dot (.) key immediately toggles the +/- key between display expansion and compression.</p>

See [Review Data on page 164](#) for more information on cursor options.

Collect a Time Waveform Measurement

Time waveform plots display a short time sample of a raw vibration signal with vibration amplitude plotted over the time scale. Time waveform data appears on a plot similar to the spectrum display screen.

Follow these steps to collect a time waveform measurement.

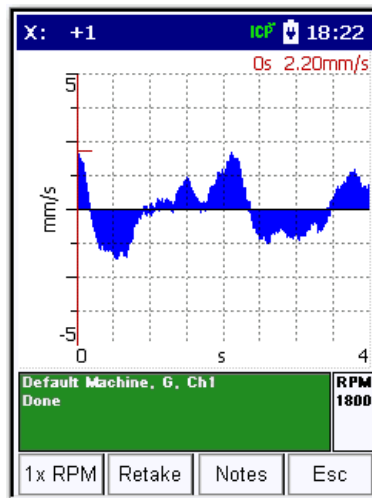
1. Attach the transducer to the correct location.
2. From the Data Collection screen, press Enter to begin ranging the measurement.

IMPORTANT

If you previously collected a magnitude measurement for the point, the time waveform measurement starts automatically after you press Enter to accept the magnitude reading.

If you set Auto Store to On in the Configuration screen on the data collector, you do not have to press Enter.

- If you set Auto Advance to On in the Instrument Configuration screen, the Dynamix 2500 data collector automatically goes to the next point in the list after it finishes collecting the time waveform measurement.
- If you set Auto Advance to Off then the Time Waveform Measurement screen appears.



- Use the Left and Right arrow keys to move the frequency and amplitude cursor.
- Press the +/- key to expand and compress the time waveform spectrum plot.
- Press the H key to display the harmonic cursors.
- Press the P key while the harmonic cursors are displayed to move the cursor to the next significant peak.

See [Review Data on page 164](#) for more information on cursor options.

3. When finished viewing the time waveform, press Enter to continue to the next point.

Collect Magnitude and Phase Measurements at Orders

The Dynamix 2500 data collector can collect multiple magnitude and phase at orders of the operating speed. You use a tachometer signal measuring the operating speed to collect phase data.

Mag	Phase
0.468G	11
0.008G	161
0.018G	201
0.004G	137
0.037G	353
0.065G	324
0.103G	2
0.028G	93

201°

MBFP S&S #2, Manual, None Done

RPM 2932

Retake Notes Esc

Follow these instructions to collect a spectrum for calculating additional magnitude and phase values at orders of the operating speed.

1. Align the speed reference device, such as a tachometer, in the correct direction and attach the vibration transducer properly.
2. From the Data Collection screen, press Enter to start ranging the measurement.

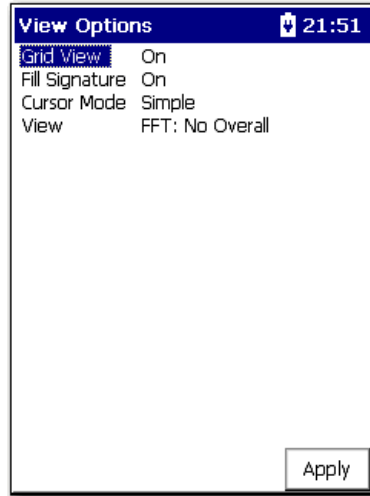
TIP

The message No signal appears if the Dynamix 2500 data collector cannot trigger off the tachometer signal to calculate the speed. If this happens, fix the speed device signal and connections. The Dynamix 2500 data collector resumes data collection once it can trigger off the tachometer signal. You must use a key hole or reflection tape to trigger the tachometer.

The Dynamix 2500 data collector calculates the speed from the tachometer signal and adjusts the maximum frequency for measuring the spectrum so that all orders can be calculated from the spectrum:

- If you set Auto Advance to On in the Instrument Configuration screen, the Dynamix 2500 data collector automatically goes to the next point in the list after it finishes collecting the spectrum.
- If you set Auto Advance to Off then the Signature Measurement screen appears.

- If you set Fast Averaging to On in the Instrument Configuration screen, the Dynamix collects the specified number of averages before displaying the spectrum on the screen.
 - If Fast Averaging is set to Off, the Dynamix displays the spectrum while collecting the averages. The number of averages appears in the middle of the screen.
3. Press 0 (Shift) to display more functions and press F4 (View)



4. Press Enter to continue to the next point.

See [Review Data on page 164](#) for more information about the Signature Spectrum.

Exceptions

Two exceptions exist for combining measurement definitions. The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector cannot combine magnitude + phase measurements with any other measurements. Nor can they combine manual entry measurements with any other measurements. Both types remain as individual measurements when loaded into the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

The Emonitor software can calculate an overall value from a spectrum measurement. Under some conditions, this value may not be the same as the magnitude measurement for the same location. These are the common uses:

- The measurement filter is not the same for the magnitude and the spectrum measurement definitions. In this case the two measurement definitions are measuring different frequency ranges.
- The magnitude readings taken by the Dynamix 2500 data collector are broadband readings and are not based on the spectrum data.

Collect Multiple Measurements for a Point

The Dynamix lets you to collect multiple readings for a single measurement point. When collecting data, it's possible to take new data for a point that already has stored data and append it to the existing data records. If more than one data record has been collected for a point, you have the option to review each data record separately, or view all data records simultaneously as a waterfall plot.

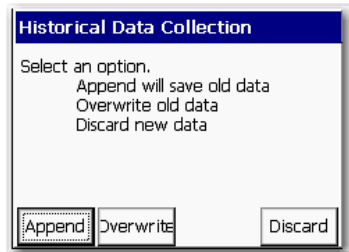
Follow these steps to view points with historical data.

1. In the ROUTE hierarchy, select point you would like to review and press F1 (Review).
2. Use F2 (Next) to view the next point.
3. Use F1 (Previous) and F2 (Next) to scroll through points.
 - If you set Hist. Data Collect to Always Append in the Instrument Configuration screen, the new data is appended to the existing data.
 - If you set Hist. Data Collect to Always Overwrite, the new data is replaced with the existing data.

See [Configure the Data Collection Options on page 57](#) for more information.

4. Select the point that you need to collect additional measurements from and press Enter to start the measurement.
5. Once the Dynamix collects the measurement, press Enter to accept the measured value.

If you set Hist. Data Collect Always Ask in the Instrument Configuration screen, the following dialog box appears.



6. Do one of the following:
 - Press F1 (Append) to append new data to the existing data.
 - Press F2 (Overwrite) to replace existing data with the new data.
 - Press F4 (Discard) to delete the new data and retain the existing data.

The Dynamix can store up to ten additional measurements for the same measurement point. The additional measurements will be unloaded to your database when you select Unload all readings in the Unload Options dialog box.

See [Unload Multiple Measurements Points in the Emonitor Software on page 122](#).

Collecting Offroute Data

The Offroute program lets you to collect data that is not part of a list (route). While collecting list data, you may notice some unusual conditions that you want to analyze further. You may also want to collect data for undefined points (points not in your database), or existing points that are not in your current list (route).

The Dynamix 2500 data collector always associates Offroute measurements with a list. If you have not loaded a list into the Dynamix 2500 data collector, the Offroute data is associated with the Default Route. Offroute measurements are stored at the current point. The current point is defined by where you leave the regular route to take an Offroute measurement. The Dynamix 2500 data collector labels the Offroute measurements as numbers. For example, the first Offroute measurement is labeled as 1. This number increments by one each time you collect an Offroute measurement.

To unload unscheduled measurements into the host software, you must have first loaded a list so that the unscheduled measurements can be unloaded with that list.

Methods for Collecting Offroute Data

There are two methods for collecting Offroute measurements with the Dynamix 2500 data collector:

- Choose one of the pre-defined measurements on the Offroute Measurement screen.

This method provides an easy way to collect Offroute measurements for the current point.

Dynamix 2500 data collector provides seven pre-defined measurements for you to use to collect the Offroute data. You do not need to set any parameters if you use the pre-defined measurements. The Dynamix 2500 data collector uses the measurement definitions for the current point.

See [Collect Offroute Data using a Pre-defined Measurement on page 150](#).

- Create a user-defined measurement point.

This method lets you to set up and collect any type of measurement.

See [Create and Collect a User-defined Point on page 152](#).

Collect Offroute Data using a Pre-defined Measurement

The Dynamix 2500 data collector provides seven pre-defined measurements for you to use to collect Offroute data. These are the data collector's pre-defined measurements.

Table 41 - Pre-defined Measurements

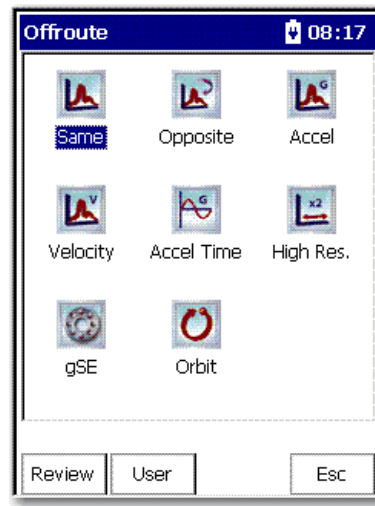
Measurement	Description
Same	Uses the same setup as the current point.
Opposite	Uses the opposite setup as the current point. For example, spectrum is time, time is spectrum.
Accel	Acceleration spectrum point 10kHz, 800 lines, 4 averages
Velocity	Accel velocity spectrum point 2kHz, 400 lines, 4 averages
Accel Time	Time point 10kHz, 2046 points
High Res	High resolution point (increase number of lines by a factor of two. For example, the current point having 400 lines becomes 800 lines.
gSE	Spike energy point Envelope parameter in Instrument Setup must be set to gSE. See Instrument Configuration Parameters on page 59 .
ESP	Standard Envelope Spectrum Processing (ESP) point Envelope parameter in Instrument Setup must be set to ESP. See Instrument Configuration Parameters on page 59 .

You do not set any parameters when you use a pre-defined measurement. The Dynamix 2500 data collector uses similar settings as the measurement definitions for the current point.

Follow these steps to collect an Offroute measurement for the current point.

1. From the Main Menu, select Data Collection and press one of the Enter keys.
The Data Collection screen appears.
2. Select the route and measurement point.
3. Press F2 (Offroute) to collect an Offroute measurement.

The Offroute measurement screen appears.



4. Select the a pre-defined measurement icon to store an Offroute measurement at the current point.
5. Connect the a transducer and press Enter to start the measurement.
The measurement screen appears.
6. For manual entry points, enter the magnitude value with the numeric key pad.
7. If desired, press F3 (Notes) to assign inspection codes to each point.
The Dynamix 2500 data collector unloads inspection codes when you unload the unscheduled data to Emonitor.
See [Select Inspection Codes on page 137](#).
8. After the data collector collects the measurement, press Enter to accept the measurement.
The green status indicator illuminates when the measurement is complete and the Offroute screen appears. The measurement is stored as an Offroute measurement at the current point.
9. Press F4 (Esc) to return to the Data Collection screen.

Create and Collect a User-defined Point

The Offroute program lets set up and collect any type of Offroute measurement point. The Dynamix 2500 data collector keeps the user-defined parameters until you collect another measurement point or press F2 (Default) on the Offroute User screen.

Table 42 - Types of Offroute Measurements

Type	Description
Same	The measurement configuration is based upon the most recently selected measurement in the Route Manager. The setup is the same as the active measurement. This lets you collect Offroute measurements that are identical to your active measurement, but from various sensor positions for analysis purposes. If you have setup the active route to collect both FFT and time waveform data, the Offroute Same measurement is FFT only. Measurement parameters are set to: Overlap – 50% Bin Zeroing – On
Opposite	The measurement configuration is based upon the most recently selected measurement in the Route Manager, except it collects the Opposite data format. For example, if the active Route Point collects FFT spectrum data, the Opposite Offroute measurement collects time waveform data, and vice versa. Measurement parameters are set to: Overlap – 50% Bin Zeroing – On

For Accel, Velocity, Accel Time, and gE pre-set measurement types, the following standard settings are taken from the current selected Route measurement:

- Sensitivity
- Coupling
- Detection
- Window

Accel	Performs a standard vibration Acceleration measurement. These are the settings for the measurement parameters.	
	Parameter	Value
	Display Format	Spectrum
	Units - Accel	Accel (G)
	Input Channel	X
	High-pass frequency	1.1 Hz
	Fmax	10 kHz
	Lines/Samples	800 Lines
	Averages	4
	Overlap	50%
	Type	Spectral
	Ext. Trigger Slope	Positive
	Trigger Level	2 V
	Bin Zeroing	On

Table 42 - Types of Offroute Measurements

Type	Description	
Velocity	Performs a standard acceleration to velocity vibration measurement. These are the settings for the measurement parameters.	
	Parameter	Value
	Display Format	Spectrum
	Units	A -> V
	High-pass frequency	1.1 Hz
	Input Channel	X
	Fmax	1 kHz
	Lines/Samples	400 Lines
	Averages	4
	Overlap	50%
	Type	Spectral
	Ext. Trigger Slope	Positive
	Trigger Level	2 V
	Bin Zeroing	On
Accel Time	Performs a standard vibration Acceleration measurement and collects waveform data. These are the settings for the measurement parameters.	
	Parameter	Value
	Display Format	Time
	Units	Accel (G)
	High-pass frequency	1.1 Hz
	Input Channel	X
	Fmax	8 kHz
	Lines/Samples	256...32768 samples
	Averages	4 (time sync) If a trigger is defined for the active Route point, if no trigger is detected only 1 average is taken.
	Overlap	50%
	Type	Time
	Ext. Trigger Slope	Positive
	Trigger Level	2 V

Table 42 - Types of Offroute Measurements

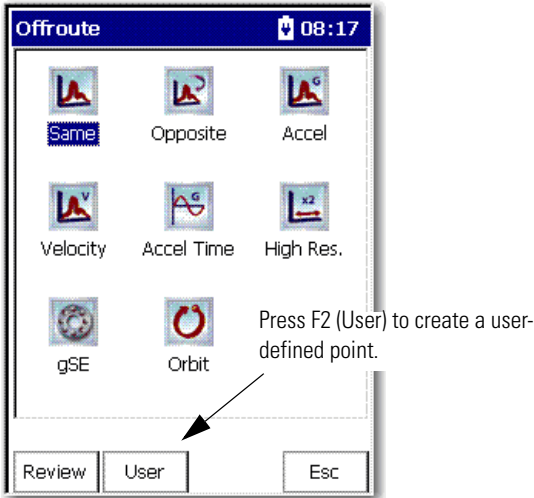
Type	Description																										
High Res.	<p>The measurement configuration is based upon the most recently selected measurement in the Route Manager</p> <p>The setup is identical to the active measurement in the active Route, except the Lines/Samples setting is doubled (increased by a factor of 2) to a maximum of 25,600 lines (up to 12,800 for two-channel measurements and up to 6,400 for three and four-channel measurements).</p> <p>For example, if the active Route Point's Lines/Samples setting is 400 Lines, the High Resolution Offroute measurement's Lines/Samples setting is 800 Lines.</p> <p>This lets you take a high resolution look at your active Route measurement. Measurement parameters are set to:</p> <p>Overlap – 50%</p> <p>Bin Zeroing – On</p>																										
gSE	<p>Performs a standard vibration Acceleration measurement and collects waveform data.</p> <p>These are the settings for the measurement parameters.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="747 766 1461 1312"> <thead> <tr> <th>Parameter</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Units</td> <td>Enveloped Acceleration</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Display Format</td> <td>Spectrum</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Band High-pass frequency</td> <td>gSE BPF 5 kHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fmax</td> <td>10kHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Lines/Samples</td> <td>400</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Averages</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Input Channel</td> <td>X</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Overlap</td> <td>50%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ext. Trigger Slope</td> <td>Positive</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Trigger Level</td> <td>2 V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bin Zeroing</td> <td>On</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Type</td> <td>Spectral</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Parameter	Value	Units	Enveloped Acceleration	Display Format	Spectrum	Band High-pass frequency	gSE BPF 5 kHz	Fmax	10kHz	Lines/Samples	400	Averages	4	Input Channel	X	Overlap	50%	Ext. Trigger Slope	Positive	Trigger Level	2 V	Bin Zeroing	On	Type	Spectral
Parameter	Value																										
Units	Enveloped Acceleration																										
Display Format	Spectrum																										
Band High-pass frequency	gSE BPF 5 kHz																										
Fmax	10kHz																										
Lines/Samples	400																										
Averages	4																										
Input Channel	X																										
Overlap	50%																										
Ext. Trigger Slope	Positive																										
Trigger Level	2 V																										
Bin Zeroing	On																										
Type	Spectral																										
Orbit	<p>Measures the path of a shaft center-line motion during rotation. Parameters for Offroute orbit measurements are configured in the Offroute Orbit Setup screen.</p>																										

Create a User-defined Point

Follow these steps to create a user-defined point.

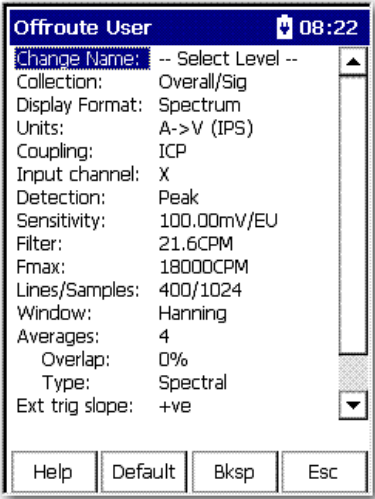
1. Select Data Collection from the Main Menu and press the Enter key.
The Data Collection screen appears.
2. Select the route and press Enter.
The Dynamix 2500 data collector always associates Offroute measurements with a list.
3. Press F2 (Offroute) to collect an Offroute measurement.

The Offroute measurement screen appears.



4. Press F2 (User).

The Offroute User screen appears.



- 5. Select a parameter you want to change and press the Right arrow key to open the menu of choices.
- 6. Select your choice by using the arrow keys, or typing in a value using the numeric key pad.
- 7. Press the Left arrow key to save your choices.

Use the descriptions in this table to help you configure the parameters in the Offroute User screen.

Table 43 - Offroute User Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Values/Comments
Change Name	Changes the name of the user-defined measurement point. Select the hierarchy level for which you want to change the name. A window opens at the bottom of the screen. Use the numeric key pad to enter a new name and press F2 (OK).	Select Level (default) Default Locn Default Point 1 Horiz Default
Collection	The type of data to collect with this measurement.	Overall/Signature (default): collect both a magnitude reading and a signature. Overall only: collect a magnitude reading only. Signature only: collect a signature only. RSS Overall: collect a digital overall measurement.
Display Format	The display format of the measurement.	Spectrum (default) Time Phase Order
Units	The measurement units for the transducer. The [S] designation refers to a static measurement that you must manually enter with the numeric key pad. All dynamic measurements and temperature process points require a transducer to make the measurement.	Accel (G) (default) gSE RPM A->V (mm/s) Vel (IPS) Vel (mm/s) A->D (mil) A->D (µm) V->D (mil) V-D> (µm) Disp (mil) Disp (µm) Volts EU's [S] Temperature [S] Current (A) [S] Pressure (PSI) [S] Flow (m ³ /s) [S] Rot. Speed [S] Linear Displ (mm) Count [S] Count Rate [S] Volts [S] Accel (G) [S] Vel. (IPS) [S] Vel (mm/s) [S] Disp (mil) [S] Disp (µm) [S]
Coupling	The type of coupling that will be applied to the measurement.	AC: couples the input voltage signal. DC: couples the input voltage signal. ICP: (default) selects a standard ICP accelerometer requiring a current source power supply

Table 43 - Offroute User Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Values/Comments
Input channel	Maps the input channel to the LEMO connectors on the top of the Dynamix 2500 data collector. Input channel X maps to Connector A (pin 2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Input channel Y maps to Connector B (pin 2); it is also linked to Connector A (pin 6). Input channel Z maps to Connector A (pin 3); it is also linked to Connector B (pin 7) 	X (default) Y Z X & Y Z & Y X, Y & Z Input channel X, Y & Z (3 channels) and X, Y, Z & R (4 channels) are optional upgrades. You can activate the 3 and 4-channel functionality with the 4-channel activation, cat no, 1441-DYN25-4C.
Detection	The measurement (or calculation) performed on the input signal. RMS, Peak, Pk-Pk, True Peak, True Pk-Pk	
	Detection	Description
	RMS	The Dynamix 2500 data collector measures the dynamic signal as the square root of the mean of the square. Use this or the Peak setting for most acceleration and velocity measurements. Use this also for time waveform, voltage, and process (DC) voltage measurements.
	Peak	The Dynamix 2500 data collector measures the dynamic signal from zero to peak voltage. Use this or the RMS setting for most acceleration and velocity measurements.
	Pk-Pk	The Dynamix 2500 data collector measures the dynamic signal from the minimum peak to the maximum peak. Use this setting for most displacement measurements.
	True Peak	Use to detect impacts and random transients. The dynamic time signal contains the absolute value of the largest peak (positive or negative) within a specified time window. Returns a magnitude value only. If used with a spectrum measurement, Emonitor uses a Peak detection type instead. This value is not calculated but is measured directly.
True Peak Pk-Pk	Use to detect impacts and random transients. The dynamic time signal contains the absolute value of the largest peak to peak distance within a specified time window. Returns a magnitude value only. If used with a spectrum measurement, Emonitor uses a Peak-Peak detection type instead. This value is not calculated but is measured directly.	
Sensitivity	The sensitivity of the transducer. The sensitivity value is included with the transducer's documentation or it may be imprinted on the side of the transducer.	Default value is 100m V/EU (Engineering Unit)
Filter	Sets the high pass filter to apply to the measurement. The high pass filter is useful in removing high vibration, low frequency signal components that would dominate the signal.	Off (default) Set Filter to Off if you do not want to use a filter. 10.8 Hz 21.6 Hz (default) 120 CPM 160 CPM 318 CPM 600 CPM 1428 CPM 4200 CPM
Fmax	The maximum frequency for the measurement.	18000 CPM (default)
Lines/Samples	The number of lines or bins in the spectrum measurement and the number of samples in the waveform measurement. This determines the measurement resolution. The data collection time increases as you increase the measurement resolution.	For spectra: 100...25600 spectral lines. For time waveforms: 256...65536 time samples. 400...1024 (default)

Table 43 - Offroute User Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Values/Comments
Window	Type of window to be applied to the waveform measurement prior to computing the spectrum	Hanning (default), Hamming, Flat Top, Rectangular
	Window	Description
	Hanning	A general purpose window to use on random type data when frequency resolution is more important than amplitude accuracy. Use this setting for most of your machinery monitoring activities.
	Hamming	Another general purpose window with slightly different window characteristics than the Hanning window.
	Flat Top	Use this when amplitude accuracy is more important than frequency resolution. In data with closely spaced peaks, a Flat Top window may smear the peaks together into one wide peak. Use this for sinusoidal or calibration signals.
Rectangular	The Dynamix 2500 data collector does not apply a window. Use this only for transient signals that die out before the end of the time sample, or for exactly periodic signals within the time sample.	
Averages	Sets the number of individual data sets to be incorporated into the average calculation.	Numeric value 4 (default)
Overlap	The percentage of overlap during the averaging. It can be used to reduce the total time that it takes to collect the data.	Percentage
Type	Sets the type of averaging for the measurement.	Spectral (default) Time Synchronous Peak Hold Exponential
Ext Trig Slope	The input signal slope to be used for externally triggering the measurement. +ve - Defines the trigger event to occur on a rising edge. -ve - Defines the trigger event to occur on a falling edge.	+ve (default) -ve
Level	The amplitude level for externally triggering the measurement. The level is a percentage of the trigger full scale range.	Numeric: 0.0 (default)
Bin Zeroing	Enables/disables bin zeroing. When set to Off, the bins below the selected high pass filter are not zeroed. That is, data still appears but is attenuated by the filter shape. Set bin zeroing to On when you want to be sure unwanted frequencies do not affect data. Set bin zeroing to Off when you want to be aware of the presence of unwanted frequencies.	On (default) Off

Collect a User-defined Measurement

Follow these steps to collect a user-defined measurement.

1. After setting up the measurement, connect the proper transducer.
2. Press Enter from the Offroute User screen to start the measurement.
The measurement screen appears. The Dynamix 2500 data collector ranges and collects the data.
3. If desired, press F3 (Notes) to assign inspection codes to each point.
The Dynamix 2500 data collector unloads the inspection codes when you unload the unscheduled data to Emonitor.
See [Select Inspection Codes on page 137](#).
4. If you want to collect data again for this point, press F2 (Retake) to collect the measurement again.
5. Once the Dynamix 2500 data collector collects the measurement, press Enter to accept the measurement.
The green status indicator illuminates when the measurement is complete. The measurement is stored as an Offroute measurement at the current point.
The Offroute screen reappears.
6. Press F4 (Esc) screen to return to the Data Collection screen.

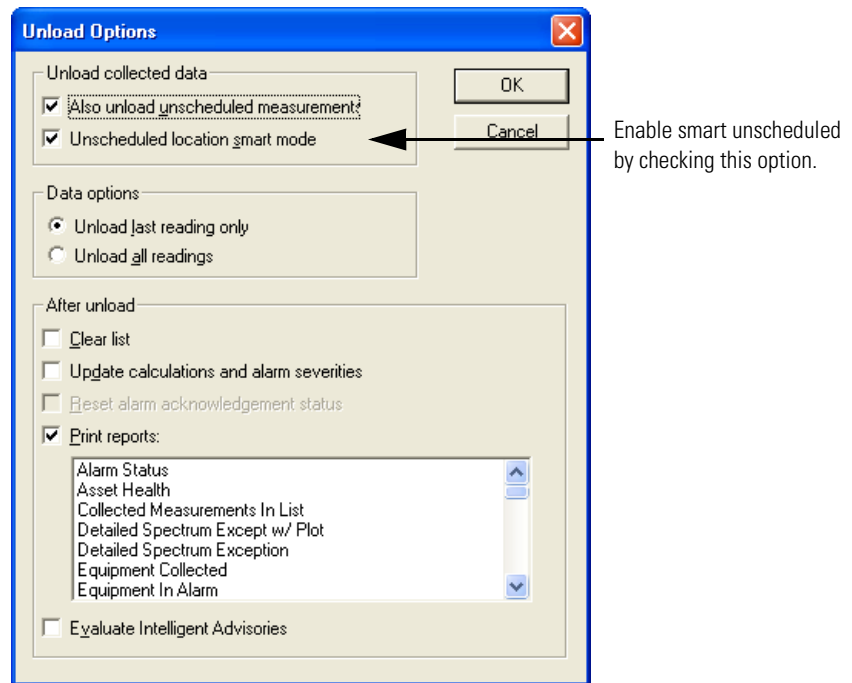
Storing Unscheduled Data

When you unload unscheduled measurements from the Dynamix 2500 data collector, The Emonitor software stores it in the database. There are two methods for storing.

Follow these steps to use the Smart Unscheduled mode.

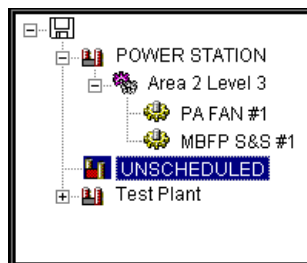
1. Select Tools > Load/Unload.
2. Click Unload Options.
3. Check the Unscheduled location smart mode checkbox.

This lets the Emonitor software to match up measurement definitions with the correct location based on certain rules.



See [Unload Measurements using Smart Unscheduled Mode on page 125](#).

If you do not have the unscheduled location smart mode checked, Emonitor stores unscheduled data in the unscheduled destination in the hierarchy tree of the database.



You set the unscheduled destination with Tools > Set Unscheduled Dest.

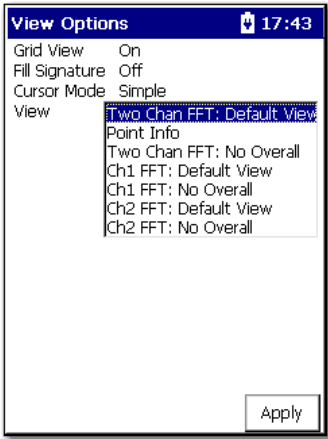
See Emonitor online help for more information.

Changing Display View

Use the View function to determine how to view FFT (Spectrum) and Time waveform data.

Follow these steps to view FFT and Time data.

1. Press (Shift) to display a second set of functions.
2. Press F4 (View).

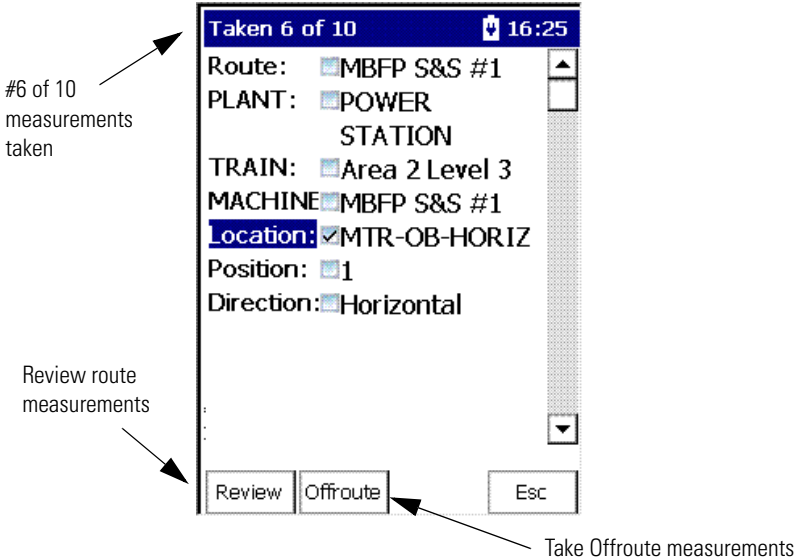


3. Select a view option and press F4 (Apply).

Reviewing Data

There are several functions available for viewing, analyzing overall and signature data in the data collector.

The data collection screen appears after you select a Route to review.

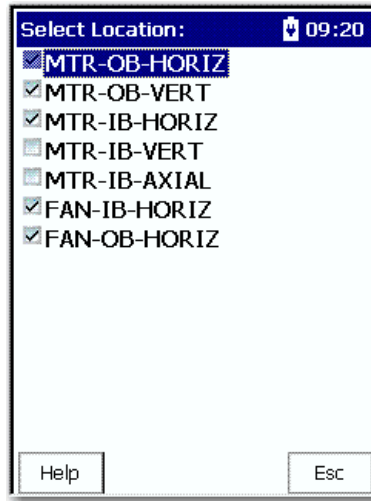


Review Route Data

Follow these steps to review previously collected route data.

1. From the Route Manager screen, select a route and press Enter.
2. Select a hierarchy level (Plant, Train, Machine, and Location).
3. Press the Right arrow key.

A Selection screen appears.



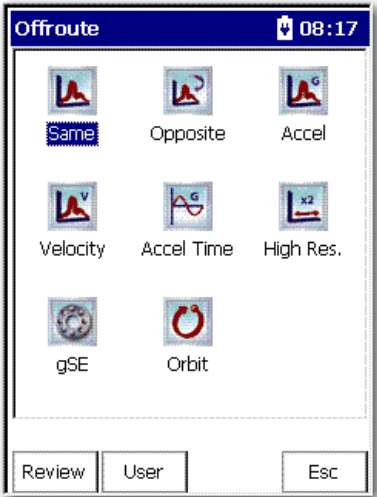
4. Select the item that you want to review and press the Left arrow key.
5. Press F1 (Review) to view the data.

Review Offroute Data

Follow these steps to review previously collected Offroute data.

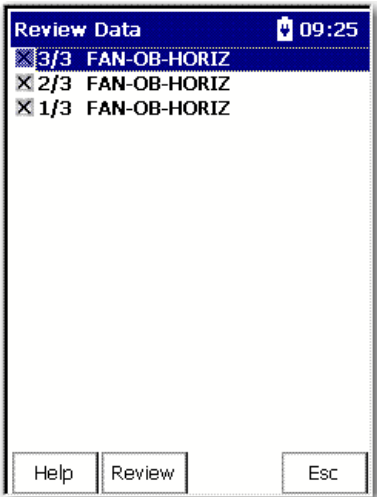
1. From the Route Manager screen, select a route and press Enter.
2. Press F2 (Offroute).

The Offroute screen appears.



- 3. Press F1 (Review) to review the Offroute data.

The Review Data screen appears.



- 4. Select a point to review and press Enter or F2 (Review).

If the point has more than one measurement, you can press Enter, F2 (Next) or F1 (Previous) to the next measurement.

Review Data

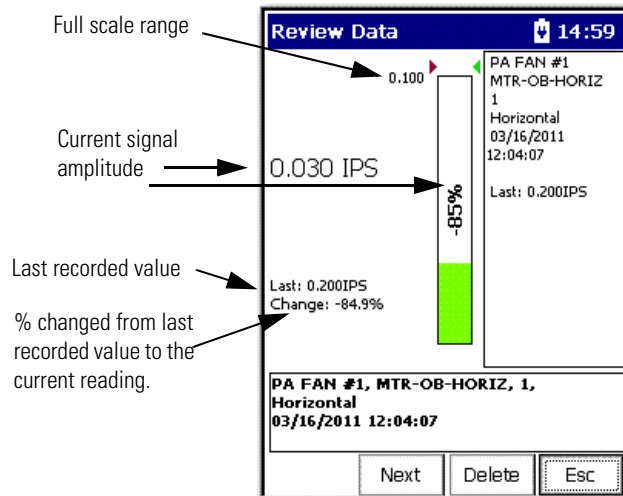
The Review Data screen lets you view the four types of measurements.

- Spectrum
- Time waveform
- Magnitude and phase orders
- Overall value

Follow these steps to the review data.

1. From the Route Manager, select a route and press Enter.
2. Press F1 (Review).

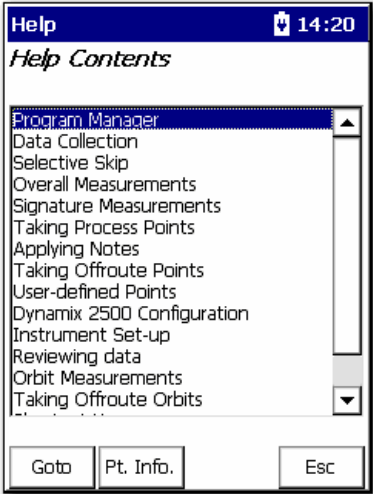
The Review Data screen appears.



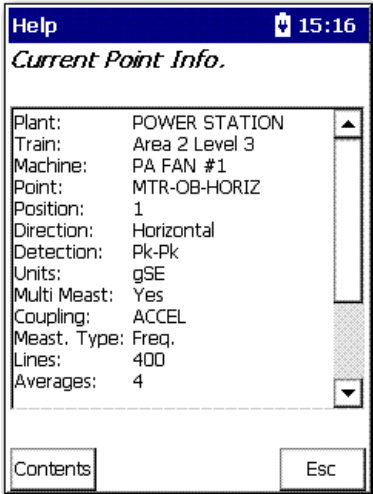
3. Press F2 (Next) or F1 (Previous) to move back and forth through the review data screens.

Follow these steps to view the Current Point Info. screen.

- 1. From the Route Manager screen, select a route and Press Enter.
- 2. Press Enter to start the measurement.
- 3. Press 0 (Shift),
- 4. Press F1 (Help).

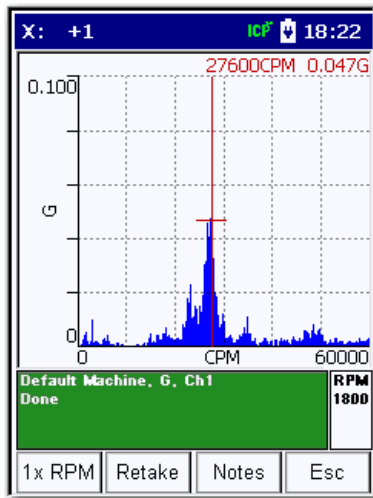


- 5. Press F2 (Pt. Info).



Use Diagnostic Frequency Cursors with a Spectrum

When frequency items are loaded with a list from Emonitor, the Dynamix can display the frequency item that goes with the cursor.



Use the Left and Right arrow keys to move to each diagnostic frequency.

See [Load Frequency Labels on page 117](#) for more information.

Moving Around a Review Data Screen

These are the shortcut keys for moving around a Review Data screen.

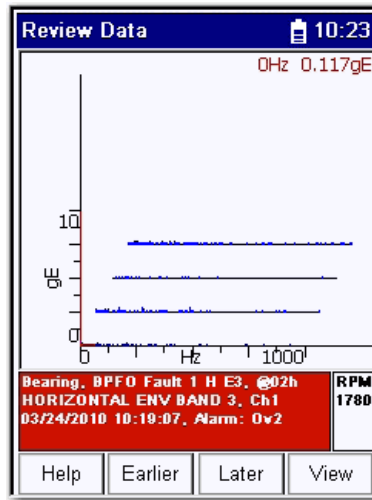
Table 44 -

Key	Description								
+/-	You can expand and compress the Frequency/CPM axis by pressing the +/- key. When the Dynamix 2500 data collector first displays a signature, it displays the entire frequency range or time length of the measurement. If the signature contains detailed resolution (400 lines or more for spectra, 512 samples or more for time waveforms), the data collector automatically compresses the data to show the entire measurement.								
Left and Right arrows	Use the Left and Right arrow keys to move the frequency cursor and the Up and Down arrow keys to move the amplitude cursor. The cursor values appear above the signature data.								
H	Press the H key to display the harmonic cursors. Each time you press H, it toggles among three functions. <table border="1" data-bbox="760 1629 1469 1877"> <thead> <tr> <th>Press H</th> <th>Function</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Once</td> <td>Enables the harmonic cursors. Press the Left and Right arrow keys to move the harmonic cursors.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Twice</td> <td>The cursor line is displayed with the harmonic cursors. Press the Left and Right arrow keys to move only a single cursor, leaving the harmonic cursors locked in position.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Thrice</td> <td>Turn the harmonic cursors off; use only a single cursor.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Press H	Function	Once	Enables the harmonic cursors. Press the Left and Right arrow keys to move the harmonic cursors.	Twice	The cursor line is displayed with the harmonic cursors. Press the Left and Right arrow keys to move only a single cursor, leaving the harmonic cursors locked in position.	Thrice	Turn the harmonic cursors off; use only a single cursor.
Press H	Function								
Once	Enables the harmonic cursors. Press the Left and Right arrow keys to move the harmonic cursors.								
Twice	The cursor line is displayed with the harmonic cursors. Press the Left and Right arrow keys to move only a single cursor, leaving the harmonic cursors locked in position.								
Thrice	Turn the harmonic cursors off; use only a single cursor.								
P	Press the P key to move the cursor to the next significant peak.								

Review Waterfall Spectra Data

When you collect more than one spectrum for a point, the Dynamix 2500 data collector can display the spectrum in a waterfall mode, one after the other.

Figure 25 - Waterfall Spectral Data



- Press the Left and Right arrow keys to move the frequency cursor within the spectrum plot.
- Use the Up and Down arrow keys to move between the spectrum plots.

TIP The Waterfall spectra data will not appear if you set Hist. Data Review to Always Single in the Instrument Configuration screen.

Delete a Measurement

You can delete a previously collected measurement from the data collector when the Delete function appears on the screen.

Follow these steps to delete a measurement.

1. Review the previously collected route measurement point.
The appropriate Overall or Signature screen appears.
2. Press F3 (Delete).
A dialog box appears to confirm the deletion.
3. Press F2 (Yes) to delete the measurement point.
A warning appears that states that all historical data will be removed.

Capturing Screens

You can capture Dynamix 2500 data collector screen images in a bitmap (.bmp) format and store them on the Secure Digital (SD) storage card.

Follow these steps to capture an image to an SD storage card.

1. Display the screen that you want to capture.
2. Press the 0 key and the 7 key.
The Print dialog box appears.
3. Press F2 (OK) to store the image in a.bmp format on the storage card.
The Dynamix 2500 data collector stores the image in: \Storage Card\dumpn where 'n' is the number of the bitmap. This number gets incremented by one each time you store an image on the card.
4. Press F4 (OK) to return to the Dynamix screen.

Print Reports and Plots by Using the Emonitor Software

You can use the Emonitor software to print reports.

See [Automatically Print Reports after Unloading on page 126](#).

Multi-channel Measurements

This chapter describes setting up, collecting, and reviewing orbit, cross channel phase, dual channel, and other multi-channel measurements.

Topic	Page
Two Channel Measurements	169
Orbit Measurements	170
Cross Channel Phase Measurements	182
Collect a Cross Channel Phase Measurement	188
Dual Channel Measurements	192
Collect an Offroute Dual Channel Measurement	193
Collect a 4-channel Measurement	197
Collect Multi-channel Measurements	198
Collect a Tri-axial Measurement	202

Two Channel Measurements

The Two Channel functionality offers advanced data collection in route and Offroute collection. With two channels, you can take the following measurements:

- Orbits
- Simultaneous 2-channel magnitude, time waveform and spectra
- Cross channel phase

Predictive Maintenance Program

An effective predictive maintenance program is typically based on the collection and analysis of routine vibration data, supplemented by other technologies, such as oil analysis, thermography, and motor current analysis. The detection of most common machine faults and the location of faulty components can be accomplished with a single-channel data collector measuring vibration, combined with a personal computer-based trending analysis software package. In many cases, however, a more thorough analysis requiring a dual channel acquisition capability is necessary to accurately identify specific faults.

Having access to two channels of information in simultaneous data acquisition is key to root-cause failure analysis. Making the measurements independently (and asynchronously) and calculating the relationship does not work well because of the effects of signal variations, outside disturbances, and noise in the system.

One key parameter is the measure of relative phase between two points on a machine, which is easily calculated as a cross channel measurement. Phase measurements across a coupling can easily show misalignment. Phase measurements can also be used around a bearing to determine if it is cocked.

It is even possible for a significant loss of mass, such as a thrown blade, to result in little or no change in vibration amplitude, but a very clear shift in phase. With the two-channel cross phase feature, there is no need for a reference mark on the shaft. Therefore, there is no need to stop the machine, nor is there a need for any triggering equipment - unless the requirement is to measure phase relative to a known reference such as a shaft keyway.

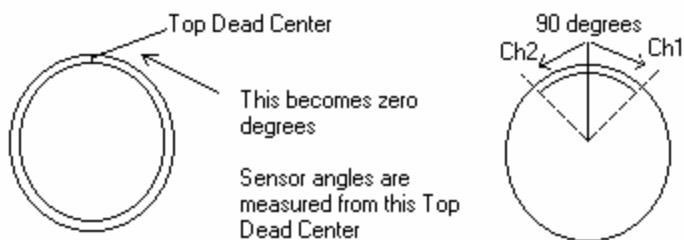
Orbit Measurements

You can set up and collect orbit measurements with the Dynamix 2500 data collector using the two input channels and displacement transducers. Because sensor orientation is not loaded and unloaded with routes, the Dynamix 2500 data collector assumes the trigger input comes from top dead center. From there, it calculates the relative sensor angles to be 90 degrees apart. The difference between Channel 1 and Channel 2 is always 90 degrees.

Understanding an Orbit Plot

Another set of key measurements with a two-channel collector results in an orbit plot. An orbit plot is derived from the output of two non-contact pickups (proximity probes) mounted radially, 90 degrees apart at the bearing.

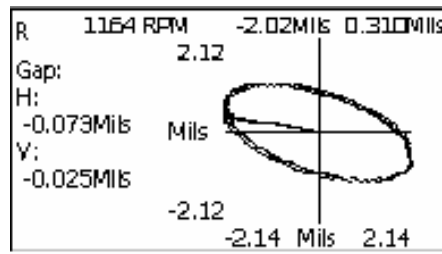
Figure 1 - Relative Sensor Angles



If viewed in real time, the signals produce a trace on the screen of a Lissajous pattern, corresponding to the total shaft motion, which is really the orbit of the shaft in the bearing.

A filtered orbit can help exclude any frequencies not related to running speed or its harmonics. The slight elliptical shape of the 1X orbit plot shown in [1X Orbit Plot on page 171](#) shows a small unbalance condition.

In this case, a 1X filter was applied to the measurement for isolating potential running speed related anomalies. It is important to note, however, that other non-1X related frequencies may be present that are missed if a filtered orbit is used.

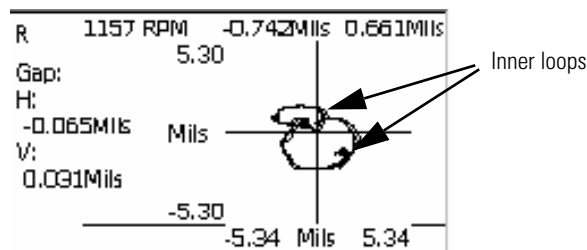
Figure 2 - 1X Orbit Plot

If the machine has unbalance only, the displayed orbit will be dominated by a once-per-revolution signal and have a circular or elliptical shape.

To get a better impression of the actual shaft motion and to identify other common machine anomalies, such as misalignment, shaft whirls, rubs, and looseness, all signal frequencies are required up to several orders of shaft speed. The orbit shape then becomes more complex, and it may be highly elliptical, non-elliptical, or it may have several inner and outer loops.

Inner loops presented in a Lissajous orbit plot can indicate a hit and bounce type condition. This phenomenon occurs when the shaft comes in contact with the bearing surface and bounces off.

In early stages of contact, a flat spot in the orbit plot will be presented. As the condition becomes more severe, the number of loops present will increase and become tighter. Detailed analysis of the orbit plot can indicate exactly where the shaft is coming into contact with the bearing in question. This figure shows a non-filtered orbit plot of the same shaft as discussed above.

Figure 3 - Non-filtered Orbit Plot

In the Filtered plot, only 1X frequency information appears in the orbit. In this case, the rub condition presented would have been overlooked if only a 1X orbit was taken. In general, a filter of OVERALL in the Emonitor software specified for the orbit plots will give the most useful information.

To adequately define an orbit of a machine shaft, it is first necessary to know the approximate shaft speed and how many orders of the shaft speed are to be included in the measurement. A spectrum analysis (FFT) of the signals can be used to determine the number of orders.

Unless the measurement is synchronized with a trigger (or a once-per-rev phase reference pulse), it is not possible to relate the orbit shape to the rotational

position of the shaft. There is a mark on the orbit to show the location of the shaft at the time of the trigger event.

Assuming pickups are located 90 degrees apart and there is a phase reference pickup providing a once-per-revolution pulse to trigger the data collection, you can use orbits to distinguish common faults in machines equipped with plain bearings.

A typical machine with normal to moderate unbalance, and no other major faults, shows a simple orbit, corresponding mostly to the once-per-rev component, which really dominates.

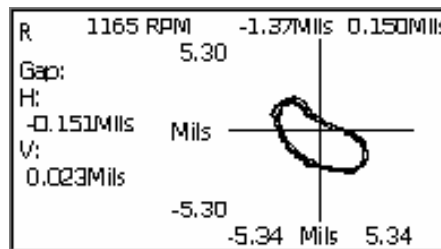
See [1X Orbit Plot on page 171 on](#).

Misalignment tends to add significant levels of vibration to the shaft at once-per-revolution, but also at higher orders of running speed. The once-per-revolution component from misalignment is not in phase with the unbalance component. The effect is to make the orbit plot less circular and more elliptical or even non-elliptical, for example, a banana-shape or a figure-eight pattern.

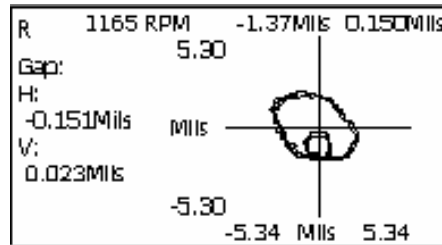
See [Resonance and Excessive Bearing Wear on page 172](#).

Resonance and excessive bearing wear also tend to produce elliptical orbits. If the contribution is due to resonance, this condition can be pinpointed if the orbit changes noticeably with changes in running speed.

Figure 4 - Resonance and Excessive Bearing Wear



If a shaft comes close to a bearing surface or actually contacts it, the orbit takes on a different set of characteristics. Shaft rub tends to flatten the orbit, associated with the increased resistance to the radial movement of the shaft as it comes close or contacts the bearing surface, once per revolution. The orbit of a shaft with rub has a shape similar to whirl, except that the internal loop remains fixed and does not rotate, as it is occurring at an exact submultiple of the shaft rotation speed.

Figure 5 - Complex Orbit

As a rub becomes more severe or continuous, then the orbit becomes more complex and possibly erratic, with bearing structural resonances being excited and multiples of subsynchronous frequencies showing up.

Mechanical looseness caused by excessive wear tends to produce an orbit similar to that of a rub. Subsynchronous effects show up as secondary loops. However, in this case, shaft movement may be in a forward direction, rather than the reverse direction that is typical of a rub.

Figure 6 - Typical Orbit Plot

See the Emonitor software online help for more information.

Set Up Orbit Measurements Definitions in the Emonitor Software

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support orbit measurement definitions. This topic lists the unique characteristics of the data collector that you may need to know when setting up and collecting orbit data:

- Set up a location in the Location pane for the two input channels.
The Location IDs must be different. Set the Lo. Channel for the first location to 1. Set the Lo. Channel for the second location to 2.
- Set up a Collection Specification with Transducer set to Displacement.
- Set up a time measurement definition and a numeric measurement definition for both locations.

The measurement definitions must be the same for both locations. The time measurement definition must be the first measurement definition in the spreadsheet. Make sure the numeric measurement definition has the same units, collection specification, and storage as the time measurement definition.

- Make sure to set Data collector filter type to Analog when you define the order filters.

See [Measurement Filters on page 67](#) for more information.

- Assign the same group number to the locations to collect the measurement properly.

To set up the orbit measurements in the Emonitor software, follow these steps.

1. Select the machine in the Hierarchy Tree for which you want to set up orbit measurements.

2. In the Location pane, create the first location and set Lo. Channel to 1.

TIP If the Lo. Channel is not in the Location pane, choose View > Pane Options to add the column.

Press F1 in the Pane Options dialog box for assistance.

3. In the Measurement definition pane, create the time measurement definition by setting Data Type to Time.

4. Set Collection to the collection specification that you created for the orbit measurement.

5. Select the appropriate order Filter.

TIP An Order-based filter may be used for isolating mechanical defects related to operational running speed. However, in order to see all potential defects, non-harmonic related, an Overall filter must be applied. See [Non-filtered Orbit Plot on page 171](#).

6. Select the measurement definition that you just created.

7. Choose Edit > Copy to copy the time measurement definition.

8. Move to an empty row in the Measurement Definition pane and choose Edit > Paste to paste the new measurement definition into the spreadsheet.

9. Edit the new measurement definition. Change Data Type to Numeric and the Filter to None.

10. In the Location pane, select the location that you just created.

11. Choose Edit > Copy to copy the location.

12. Move to an empty row in the Location pane and choose Edit > Paste to paste the new measurement definition into the spreadsheet.
13. Edit the new location.
Make sure you change the Location ID and set Lo. Channel to 2.
14. Now include these locations in a list.
You can create a new list or recall the current list. The locations must be tagged to create a group list.
15. Double-click the Group column in the Location pane to add the two locations to a group list.
The current group numbers appears in the Group column.
16. Assign the locations the same group number. The group is then loaded with the list to the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

Figure 7 - Typical Orbit Measurement Setup.

	G	Location ID	Pos	Direction	Category	RPM	Lo. Channel
▶	1	Orbit 1	1	Vertical	Standard Machin	1600.	1
▶	1	Orbit 2	1	Horizontal	Standard Machin	1600.	2
◀ ▶							
		Meas. Name	Data Type	Units	Collection	Filter	
▶		Time Measurement	Time	mils	HiRes (Hz) 1000	1st Order	Alt
▶		Numeric Measurem	Numeric	mils	HiRes (Hz) 1000	None	Alt
◀ ▶							

Filter selection is crucial to collecting proper data. An Overall filter is recommended for analyzing all frequencies. A 1st Order is recommended for isolating anomalies related only to unbalance.

IMPORTANT To view the orbit measurements in an orbit plot in the Emonitor software, you must enter the orientation of the sensors from which data is being collected for each channel in the **Lo. Sensor Orientation** column.

17. Connect the data collector to the computer and load the list to the Dynamix 2500 data collector.
See [Loading Lists to the Data Collector on page 113](#) for details.
18. Select the route and collect the orbit measurement.
See [Collect Orbit Measurements on page 178](#).
See [Select a Route on page 131](#) assistance in selecting a route.

Set Up Offroute Orbit Measurements

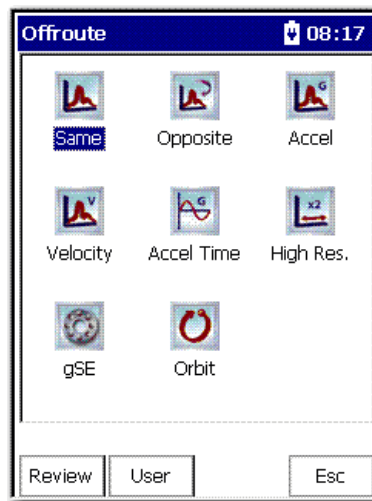
1. Select Data Collection from the Main Menu and press the Enter key.

The Data Collection screen appears.

2. Select the route and measurement point.
See [Select a Route on page 131](#) for more information.

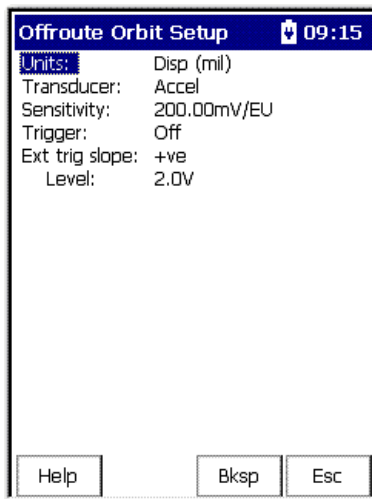
3. Press F2 (Offroute) to collect an Offroute measurement.

The Offroute screen appears.



4. Select the Orbit icon to store an Offroute orbit measurement at the current point.

The Offroute Orbit Setup screen appears.



5. Select the parameter and press the Right arrow to display the choices.

6. Select the parameter with the arrow keys, or type in a value.

7. Press the Left arrow to save your choice.

Use the descriptions in [Offroute Orbit Parameters on page 177](#) to help you configure the options in the Offroute dialog box.

TIP The Units, Transducer, Filter, and Sensitivity apply to both channels. The two input channels are X and Y.

When you are finished setting up the parameters, you can collect the Offroute measurement.

See [Collect Orbit Measurements on page 178](#) for more information.

Table 1 - Offroute Orbit Parameters

Parameter	Description	Values/Comments
Units	Sets the measurement units for the transducer.	Disp (mil) Disp (µm)
Transducer	The transducer used to collect this measurement.	Prox Probe Accel
Sensitivity	The sensitivity of the transducer. The sensitivity value is included with the transducer's documentation or it may be imprinted on the side of the transducer.	200 mV/EU (default)
Trigger	Determines whether the trigger is on or off. When Trigger is set to Off the rpm value must be entered during data collection.	On Off
Ext Trig Slope	The input signal slope to be used for externally triggering the measurement +ve Defines the trigger event to occur on a rising edge. -ve Defines the trigger event to occur on a falling edge.	+ve -ve
Level	The amplitude level for externally triggering the measurement. The level is a percentage of the trigger full scale range.	2.0 (default)

Collect Orbit Measurements

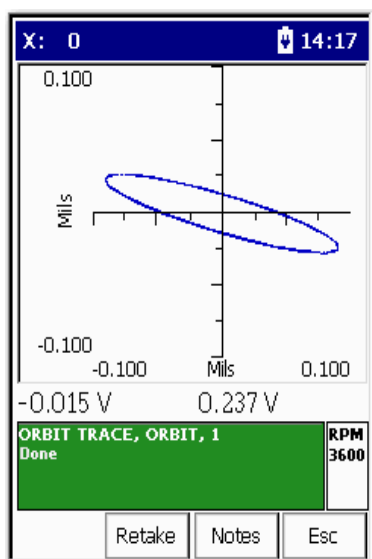
Once you have selected the route and have finished setting up the orbit Offroute parameters, you can begin collecting the data.

Follow these steps to collect data.

1. Attach the transducer to the correct location.
2. Press Enter to start ranging your measurement for the current point.

The Dynamix 2500 data collector ranges and collects the data.

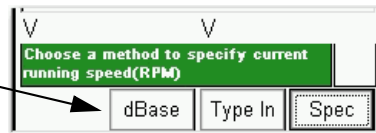
The measurement screen appears.



IMPORTANT

If Trigger (Offroute Orbit parameter) is set to Off, the Specify rpm dialog box appears when collecting an Offroute orbit measurement.

The bDase function appears only if a rpm value is downloaded with the route.



You must specify the rpm:

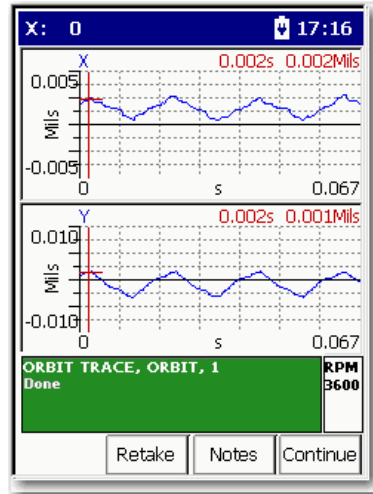
- Press F2 (dBase) to use the rpm downloaded with the route.
- Press F3 (Type In) to manually enter the rpm value
- Press F4 (Spec) to take the rpm from a spectrum.

If you press F4 (Spec), a spectrum appears on the screen. Position the cursor on the peak that represents the machine running speed and press F2 (OK).

The rpm value that is specified is used to set the Fmax appropriately and the order filtering frequency.

3. Use the Up and Down arrows to expand and compress the orbit.
4. Press 0 (Shift) and F4 (View).
5. Select the View option to display the Time Waveform, x1, x2 or x3.
6. Select Timewave and Press F4 (View) to display the time plot.

The following screen appears.



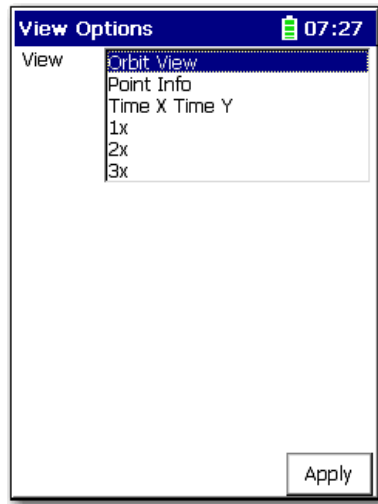
View Options

The View options for orbit points are the following:

- Orbit View (default)
- Point Info
- Time X Time Y
- 1x
- 2x
- 3x

Follow these steps to display the view options for orbit measurements.

1. Press 0 (Shift) to display the second set of functions.
2. Press F4 (View).



3. Select an options and click Apply.
4. Use the Left and Right arrows to move the frequency cursor.
5. Use the Up and Down arrows to move the amplitude cursor.
The Y-axis and X-axis are synchronized, which means the cursors are in the same position on each trace in the spectrum. The X and Y axis will move together, and magnify as the display is expanded.
6. Press the +/- key to expand and compress the time waveform spectrum plot.
7. If desired, press F3 (Notes) to assign inspection codes to each point.
The Dynamix 2500 data collector unloads the inspection codes when you unload the unscheduled data to the Emonitor software.
See [Inspection Codes and the Data Collector on page 105](#) for more information.
8. Once the Dynamix 2500 data collector collects the measurement, press Enter to accept the measurement.
9. When you are finished viewing the data, press Enter or press F4 (Esc) to return to the Data Collection screen.

Review Route Data

Follow these steps to review route data.

1. From the Route Manager screen, select the route you want to review. and press Enter.

2. Press F1 (Review).

The Review Orbit screen appears.

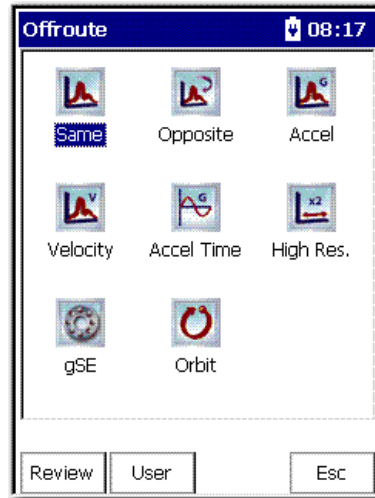
See [Review Orbit Data Screen on page 182](#) for more information.

Review Offroute Data

1. From the Route Manager screen, select the route you want to review. and press Enter.

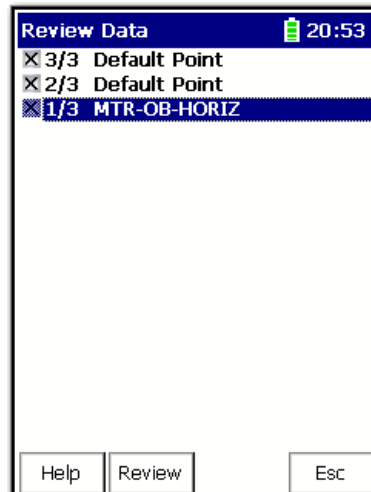
1. Press F2 (Offroute).

The Offroute screen appears.



2. Press F1 (Review) to review the Offroute data.

The Review Data screen appears.

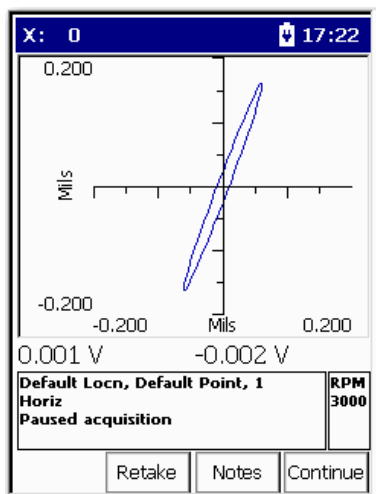


3. Select the point that you want to review and press F2 (Review).
For information on signature data, see [Reviewing Data on page 161](#).
For information on orbit data, see [Review Orbit Data Screen on page 182](#).

Review Orbit Data Screen

The Review Orbit Data screen lets you view the data in an orbit plot.

See [Understanding an Orbit Plot on page 170](#) for more information about orbit plots.



- To expand or compress the orbit, press the Up and Down arrows.
- To view the data in a time waveform, select Time X & Time Y from the View menu.
- Use the Left and Right arrows to move the frequency cursor.
- Use the Up and Down arrows to move the amplitude cursor.

The cursor values appear above the signature data.

IMPORTANT The Y-axis and X-axis are synchronized, which means the cursors are in the same position on each trace in the Signature Data screen. The X and Y axis will move together, and magnify as the display is expanded.

Cross Channel Phase Measurements

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support cross channel phase measurement definitions. This topic lists the unique characteristics of the Dynamix 2500 data collector that you may need to know when setting up and collecting cross channel phase data:

- Set up a location in the Location pane for the two input channels.
- Set the Lo. Channel for the first location to 1.
- Set the Lo. Channel for the second location to 2.

- Set up a Collection Specification with Transducer set to Accelerometer.
- Check the Also collect phase data checkbox and set Channel phase to Dual Channel.
- Set up a magnitude measurement definition for both locations.

Phase Tables

Phase is displayed as a table of magnitude/phase pairs of up to 8 orders. In a dual channel display, the top trace displays the first channel and the lower trace is the second. Boost values and cursor moves are applied to both traces, whether displayed or hidden.

Use the up/down arrows to scroll through the phase table values. When you are finished collecting and viewing the cross channel phase measurement data, press Enter to store your data.

Mag	Mag	Phase
0.242G	0.165G	91
0.182G	0.240G	350
0.012G	0.036G	349
0.035G	0.141G	90
0.032G	0.098G	217
0.201G	0.357G	111
0.169G	0.166G	154
0.359G	0.859G	163

MBFP S&S #2, Manual, None Done RPM 3000

Retake Notes Esc

The measurement definition is the same for both channels.

Multi-channel Cursor, Display Expand, and Full Scale Adjustments

For multi channel measurements, the cursor operates simultaneously on all traces (even if one is hidden). This is also true for Full Scale adjustments using the Up and Down arrows (amplitude axis). You can use the + and - keys to adjust the display and expand (frequency/time axis).

Independent Autoranging

For two channel measurements, autoranging is performed simultaneously on both channels. This lets you use two probes of differing sensitivity. You can analyze two axes of differing amplitudes while ensuring optimum gain setting for each channel.

In all cases, the same filters, integrator, and Fmax are used on both channels. However, input range and coupling are independent.

For cross channel phase, dual time and dual spectrum measurements, if the collection specification is Overall and Spectrum or Overall Only, then the overall value is calculated from the spectrum as an RSS overall. There is no support for two channel analog overalls.

Triggerless Operation

Most two channel measurements use a trigger to establish running speed. However, the running speed can be manually entered, or taken from a spectrum by positioning the cursor on the 1X spectral peak.

Orbits typically require a trigger. If you don't define a trigger, the display shows a random moving cursor around the trace and has no useful meaning. Therefore, the cursor is not displayed when operating in triggerless mode with orbits. With orbits, the specified rpm value is used to set both the Fmax and the frequency used to configure the orbit input filters.

Set Up Cross Channel Phase Measurement Definitions in the Emonitor Software

To set up the cross channel phase measurements in the Emonitor software, follow these steps.

1. Select the machine that you want to set up cross channel phase measurements.
2. In the Location pane, create the first location and set Lo. Channel to 1.
3. In the Measurement Definition pane, create the magnitude measurement definition by setting Data Type to Magnitude.
4. Set Collection to the collection specification that you created for the cross channel phase. Select a band Filter, for example, 1st Order.
5. In the Location pane, select the new location that you just created. Choose Edit > Copy to copy the location.
6. Move to an empty row in the Location pane and choose Edit > Paste to paste the new location into the spreadsheet.
7. Edit the new location. Make sure you set Lo. Channel to 2.
8. Include these locations in a list. You can create a new list or recall the current list. The locations must be tagged to create a group list.

9. Add the two locations to a group list by double-clicking the Group column in the Location pane.

The current group number appears in the Group column. Make sure you assign the locations the same group number. The group is then loaded with the list to the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

[Cross Channel Phase Measurement Definitions on page 185](#) shows a typical setup for a cross channel phase measurement.

Figure 8 - Cross Channel Phase Measurement Definitions

	G	Location ID	Pos	Direction	Category	RPM	Lo. Channel
▶	1	Cross Ch1	1	Vertical	Standard Machin	1800.	1
▶	1	Cross Ch1	2	Vertical	Standard Machin	1800.	2
		Meas. Name	Data Type	Units	Collection	Filter	
▶	✓	Magnitude	Magnitude	ips	Cross Channel	1st Order	

10. Connect the data collector to the computer and load the list to the Dynamix 2500 data collector.
See [Load Selected Lists to the Data Collector on page 119](#) for details.
11. Once you have prepared the Dynamix 2500 data collector for data collection, select the route and collect the cross channel phase measurement.
See [Collect a Cross Channel Phase Measurement on page 188](#).

Set Up an Offroute Cross Channel Phase Measurement

The Cross Channel Phase Offroute measurement is configured by creating a user-defined measurement point. The Dynamix 2500 data collector keeps the user-defined parameters until you collect another measurement point or press F2 (Default) on the Offroute User screen.

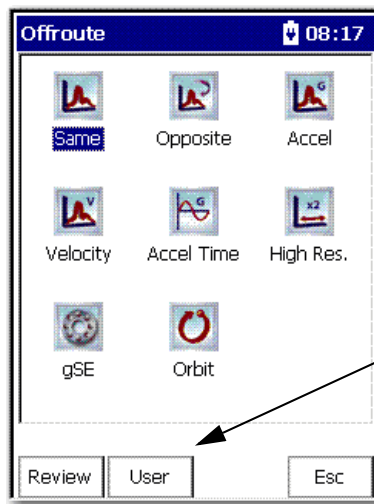
See [Create and Collect a User-defined Point on page 152](#) for more information.

1. Select Data Collection from the Main Menu and press the Enter key.

The Data Collection screen appears.

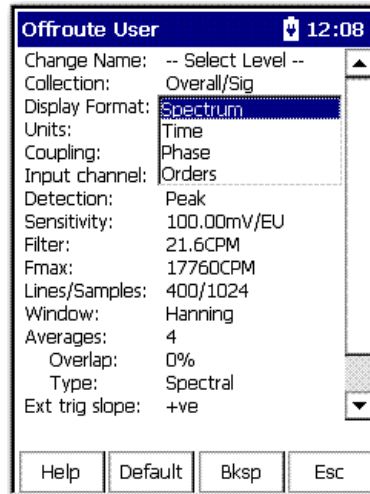
2. Select the route. The Dynamix 2500 data collector always associates Offroute measurements with a list.

3. Press F2 (Offroute) to collect an Offroute measurement. The Offroute screen appears.



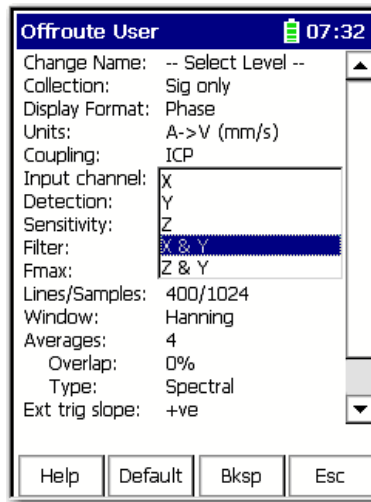
Press F2 (User) to create a user-defined point.

4. Press F2 (User). The Offroute User screen appears.



5. Select Display Format and press the Right arrow key to display the format choices.
6. Select Phase and press the Left arrow key to save your choice.
7. Select Input Channel and press the Right arrow key to display the input channel choices.

8. Select X&Y and press the Left arrow key.



9. Change the other parameters as needed.
See [Offroute Orbit Parameters on page 177](#) for assistance.
10. You are now ready to collect the cross channel phase measurement.
See [Collect a Cross Channel Phase Measurement on page 188](#).

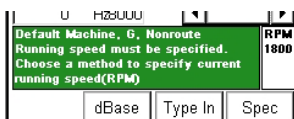
Collect a Cross Channel Phase Measurement

A cross channel phase measurement displays the spectra for input channels X&Y, and the relative phase angle between the two input channels. The phase difference between the two inputs is measured.

This is known as relative phase. Spectra for both input channels are stored, and the relative phase between the two channels is displayed as a table of magnitude/phase pairs of up to 8 orders of running speed.

1. Connect the proper transducer and attach it to the correct location.
2. Press Enter to start the measurement.

The Specify rpm dialog box appears.

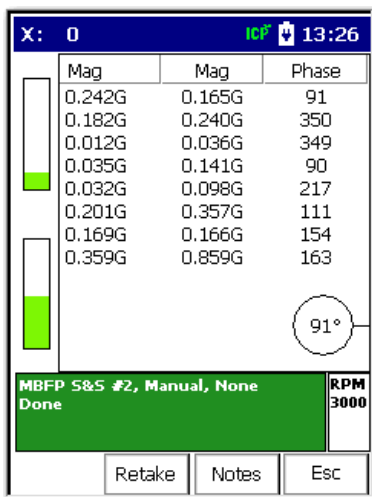


This function appears only if a rpm value is downloaded with the route.

- Press F2 (dBase) to use the rpm downloaded with the route.
- Press F3 (Type In) to manually enter the rpm value.
- Press F4 (Spec) to take the rpm from a spectrum

TIP If you press F4 (Spec), a spectrum appears on the screen. Position the cursor on the peak that represents the machine running speed and press F2 (OK).

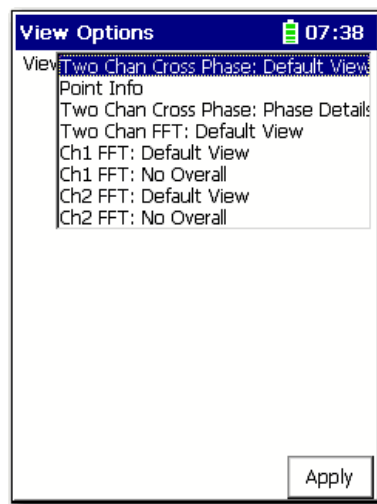
The data collector ranges and collects the data and the measurement screen (phase table) appears.



View Options

The View options for a cross channel phase point are the following:

- Two Chan Cross Phase: Default View
- Point Info
- Two Chan Cross Phase: Phase Details
- CH 1(X) FFT: Default View
- CH1 (X) FFT: No Overall
- CH2 (Y) FFT: Default View
- CH2 (Y) FFT: No Overall



The Y-axis and X-axis are synchronized, which means the cursors are in the same position on each trace in the Signature Data screen. The X and Y axis will move together, and magnify as the display is expanded:

- Press the Left and Right arrow keys to move the frequency cursor.
- Press the Up and Down arrow keys to move the amplitude cursor.
- Press the +/- key to expand and compress the spectrum plot.
- Press F3 (Notes) to assign inspection codes to each point.

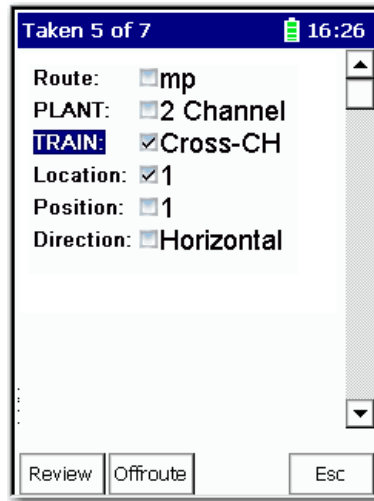
The Dynamix 2500 data collector unloads the inspection codes when you unload the unscheduled data to the Emonitor software.

See [Inspection Codes and the Data Collector on page 105](#).

3. Once the Dynamix 2500 data collector collects the measurement, press Enter to accept the measurement.

Review Cross Channel Phase Data

The data for you to review is displayed at the top of the Data Collection screen.



Review Route Data

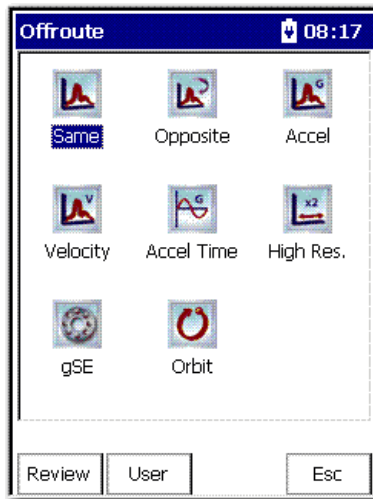
1. From the Route Manager screen, select the route you need to view and press Enter.
2. Press F1 (Review).

IMPORTANT The Y-axis and X-axis are synchronized, which means the cursors are in the same position on each trace. The X and Y axis will move together, and magnify as the display is expanded.

Review Offroute Data

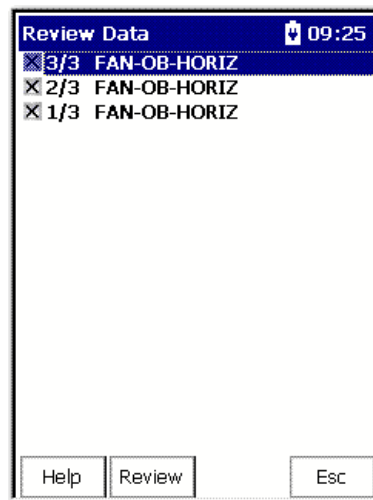
1. From Route Manager screen, select the route to review and press Enter.
2. Press F2 (Offroute).

The Offroute screen appears.



3. Press F1 (Review) to review Offroute data.

The Review Data screen appears.



4. Select the point that you want to review and press F2 (Review).

See [Review Data on page 164](#) for more information on the Signature Data screen.

IMPORTANT The Y-axis and X-axis are synchronized, which means the cursors are in the same position on each trace in the Signature Data screen. The X and Y axis will move together, and magnify as the display is expanded.

Dual Channel Measurements

The Emonitor software and the Dynamix 2500 data collector support dual channel measurements definitions.

Set Up Dual Channel Measurement Definitions in the Emonitor Software

Follow these steps to set up a dual channel measurement.

1. Set up a location in the Location pane for the two input channels.

The Location Ids must be different. Set Lo. Channel for the first location to 1. And set Lo. Channel for the second location to 2.

The measurement definitions must be the same for both locations.

IMPORTANT Make sure the measurement definitions are not similar to either the orbit measurement definitions or the cross channel phase measurement definitions. You may get unexpected results.

2. Assign the same group number to the locations to collect the measurements properly.

Follow these steps to set up the dual channel measurements in the Emonitor software.

1. Select the machine in the Hierarchy Tree for which you want to set up the dual channel measurements.
2. In the Location pane, create the first location and set Lo. Channel to 1.
3. In the Measurement Definition pane, create the measurement definition.
4. In the Location pane, select the new location that you just created. Choose Edit > Copy to copy the location.
5. Move to an empty row in the Location pane and choose Edit > Paste to paste the new location into the spreadsheet.
6. Edit the new location. Make sure you set Lo. Channel to 2.
7. Include these locations in a list. You can create a new list or recall the current list. The locations must be tagged to create a group list.
8. Add the two locations to a group list by double-clicking the Group column in the Location pane.

The current group number appears in the Group column. Make sure you assign the locations the same group number. The group is then loaded with the list to the Dynamix 2500 data collector.

This figure shows a typical setup for a dual channel measurement.

Figure 9 - Dual Channel Measurement Definitions

	G	Location ID	Pos	Direction	Category	RPM	Lo. Channel
	1	mag 1	1	Horizontal		0.	1
	1	mag 2	1	Vertical		0.	2
		spec 1	2	Horizontal		0.	1
		spec 2	2	Vertical		0.	2
		time 1	3	Horizontal		0.	1

	Meas. Name	Data Type	Units	Collection	Filter
	Length Time	Time	um	STD (Hz) 500	None

9. Connect the data collector to the computer and load the list to the unit.
See [Load Selected Lists to the Data Collector on page 119](#).
10. Once you have prepared the unit for data collection, select the route and collect the dual channel measurement.

Collect an Offroute Dual Channel Measurement

The Dual Channel Offroute measurement is configured by creating a user-defined measurement point. The Dynamix 2500 data collector keeps the user-defined parameters until you collect another measurement point or press F2 (Default) on the Offroute User screen.

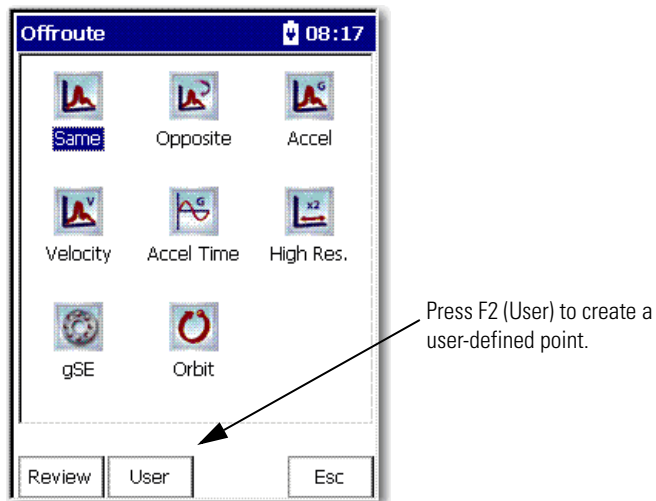
See [Create and Collect a User-defined Point on page 152](#) for more information.

1. Select Data Collection from the Main Menu and press the Enter key.

The Route Manager screen appears.

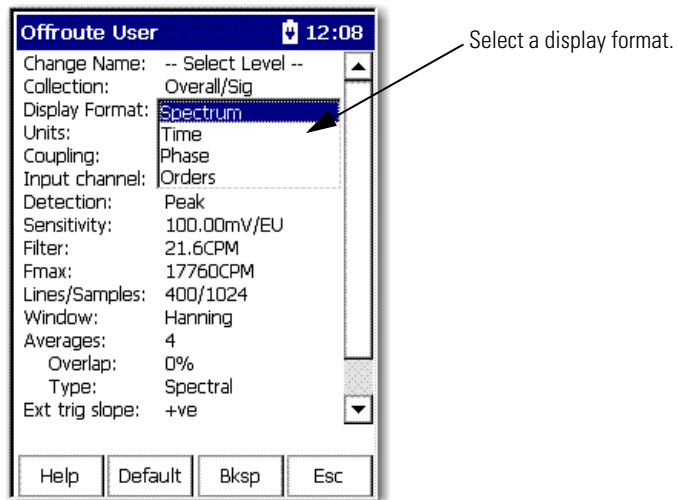
2. Select a route.
3. Press F2 (Offroute) to collect an Offroute measurement.

The Offroute screen appears.



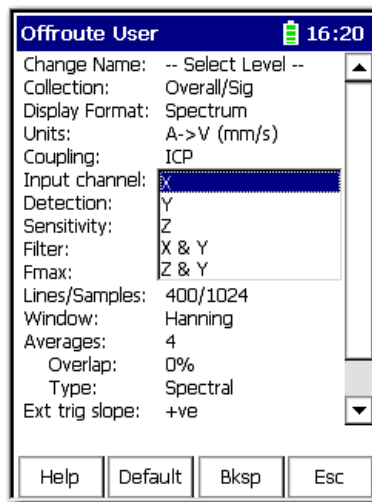
4. Press F2 (User).

The Offroute User screen appears.



5. Select Display Format and press the Right arrow to display choices.
 6. Choose a Display Format and press the Left arrow to save your choice.
- See [Offroute User Parameters on page 156](#) for details about the Offroute User screen.

7. Select Input Channel and press the Right arrow to display the input channel choices.



8. Select the channel and press the Left arrow key.

See [Connector A and Connector B Inputs on page 19](#) for complete information on the connectors and related channels.

9. Change the other parameters as needed.

See [Offroute User Parameters on page 156](#) for assistance.

You can also set the Acquisition parameter in the Instrument Configuration screen to Single Shot or Continuous.

- In Single Shot mode, the unit halts when the data collector has settled and the data is stable.
- In Continuous mode, the unit constantly analyzes and displays the moving signals until you store the data by pressing the Enter key.

See [Instrument Configuration Parameters on page 59](#).

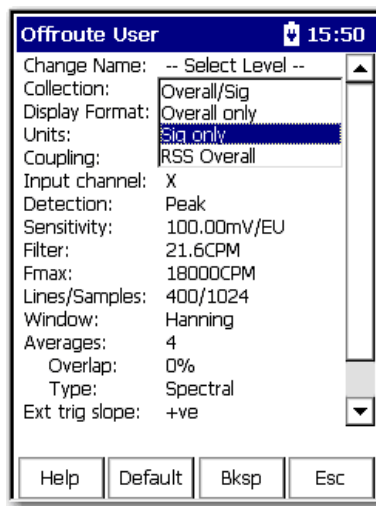
10. You are now ready to collect the dual channel measurement.

See [Collect a Cross Channel Phase Measurement on page 188](#).

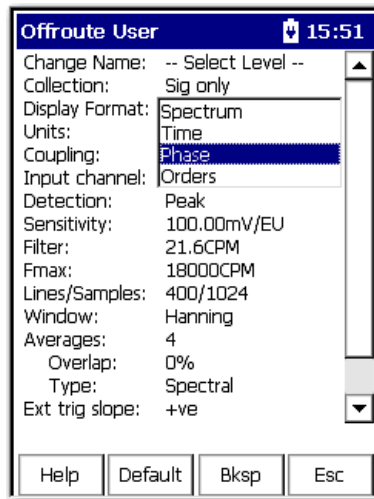
Magnitude and Phase Offroute Measurement

Follow these steps to collect a magnitude and phase measurement Offroute.

1. From the Route Manager screen, select the route that you setup in the Emonitor software as magnitude and phase.
2. Press Enter.
3. Press F2 (Offroute).
4. Press F2 (User).
5. Set Collection to Sig Only.



6. Set Display Format to Phase.



7. Press Enter to start taking the measurement.

TIP You press F1 (Config) on the Route Manager screen to set the trigger. You can also set the trigger on the Instrument Configuration screen by pressing 0 on the Data Collection screen:

- Set the trigger to Laser Tach if using the internal trigger.
- Set the trigger to External if using a external trigger device.

8. Point the data collector.

Notice that the Laser Tach is operational.



ATTENTION: When the laser on the data collector is active, viewing the laser beam can expose your eyes beyond the maximum permissible exposure recommendations and cause harm.

9. When the measurement stabilizes, press Enter to store the reading.

Multi-channel Measurements

You can collect measurements from a combination of X, Y, Z, R channels. When collecting data the multiple measurements are collected simultaneously and displayed on the Spectrum Display screen.

Collect a 4-channel Measurement

The 4-channel activation, catalog number 1441-DYN25-M4CH, is available as an upgrade for the Dynamix 2500 data collector. A cable assembly is required also, catalog number 1441-DYN25-CBL2CH.

These are the 4-channel functions.

- Simultaneous 4-channel magnitude
- Simultaneous 4-channel time waveform
- Simultaneous 4-channel spectra
- Offroute measurements

IMPORTANT The data collector supports the 4-channel functionality. Currently the 4-channel route function is not supported in the Emonitor software. A future release of the Emonitor software will have this capability.

See [Install Optional Extension Modules on page 205](#) for complete information on how to install an extension module.

Collect Multi-channel Measurements

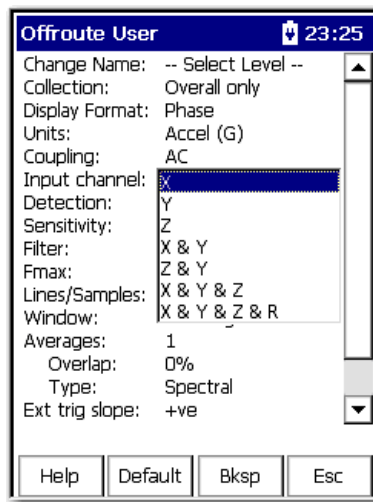
For multi-channel measurements, the cursor operates simultaneously on all traces, even when hidden. This applies to adjustments using the Up and Down arrows (amplitude axis), and the +/- adjusts the display/expand (frequency/time axis).

See [Connector A and Connector B Inputs on page 19](#) for complete information on the connectors and related channels.

Taking a two or more channel point requires two or more sensors, using Connector A and B. A multi-channel measurement displays a spectral for each channel. On the Offroute User screen, you can configure Offroute multichannel measurements.

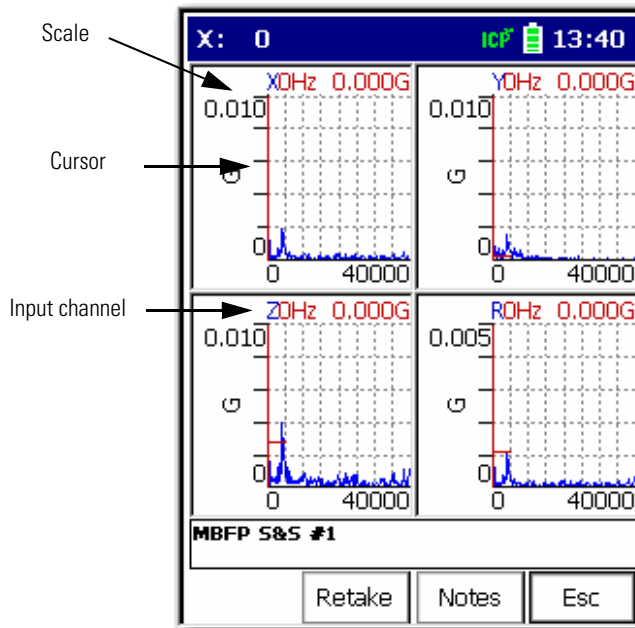
Follow these steps to take a multi-channel measurement.

1. Connect the transducer and attach it to the correct location.
2. Select the Display format as Spectrum or Time.
3. Select the Input Channels X & Y & Z & R.



4. Press Enter to start the measurement.

The Dynamix 2500 data collector ranges and collects the data. By default, all traces are displayed on the measurement screen.



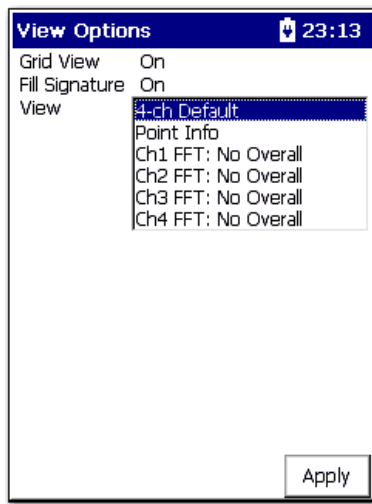
Item	Description
Overall value	The measurement's overall value displays in the upper left corner.
Cursor position/ amplitude	Use the Left and Right arrows to move the time waveform's cursor. The cursor position and amplitude display in the upper right corner.
Percent Changed Bar	<p>Provides information about the overall value of the measurement in comparison to alert and danger alarms (yellow and red arrows, respectively) and to the previous measurement (green arrow).</p> <p>The current measurement value is represented by the colored bar, which appears red if the point is in alarm, yellow if it is in alert, and green if there is no alarm.</p> <p>If the measurement amplitude extends beyond the display, an 'overall overflow' indicator appears at the top of the bar as a small, gray arrow.</p> <p>The bar also displays the percentage of change from the previous overall reading. A positive percentage indicates the measurement is greater than the previous reading. A negative percentage indicates the measurement is less than the previous reading.</p>

View Options

Use the view menu to apply measurement view display.

1. Press 0 (Shift) to display more functions.
2. Press F4 (View).
3. Select a view option and press F4 (Apply).

Each X, Y, Z and R measurement can be displayed independently as follows.



This is the channel Y measurement.

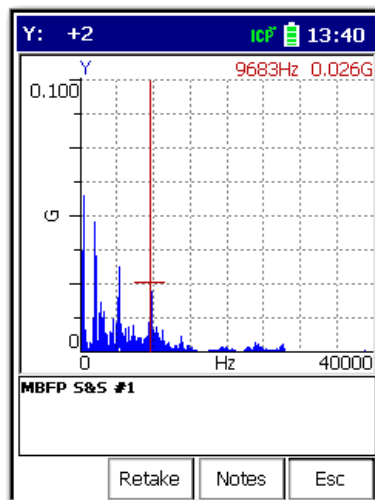


Table 2 - Screen Navigation Functions Descriptions

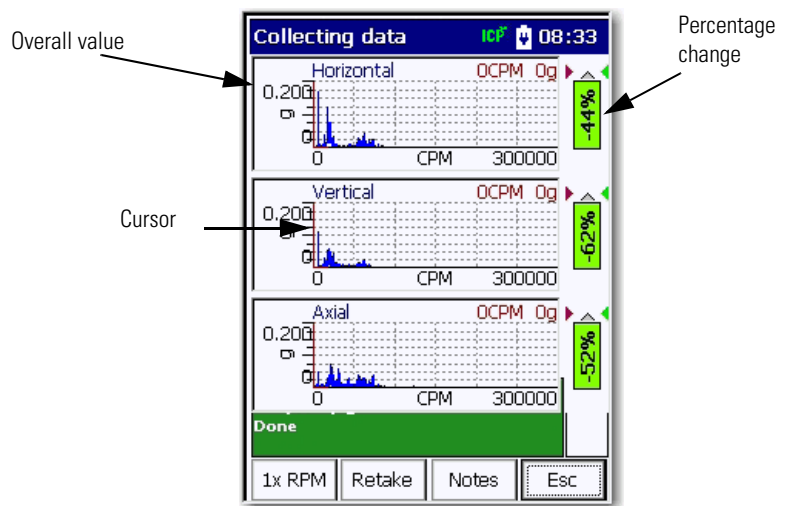
Screen Function	Description
Y-Axis Graph Scaling Adjustment	<p>You can use the Up and Down arrows to manually adjust the y-axis graph scaling on the spectrum. This lets you re-scale the plot to get a closer look at low amplitude components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Up arrow decreases the Y-axis graph scale setting by ½ of its current setting. • Down arrow doubles the Y-axis graph scale setting.
Harmonic Markers	<p>The H key displays harmonic markers for the current cursor position.</p> <p>Harmonic markers rapidly locate integral orders in relation to their fundamental (1X).</p> <p>The H key cycles the three harmonic cursor modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Simple, no harmonic cursors. • Harmonic, displays the harmonics of the current cursor position. The spectral cursor acts as the fundamental marker, and is re-positioned. • Fixed, the harmonics remain fixed and cursor can be moved independently. <p>The default is Simple (off).</p>
Peak cursor	<p>The P key lets you quickly jump the cursor to the next highest peak to the right of the cursor.</p>
Display Expansion	<p>The +/- key graphically expands or compresses the frequency domain display range horizontally around the cursor position. It reveals characteristics that may be hidden by the display mode or by the resolution without changing data collection parameters.</p> <p>When using +/-, the spectrum's fmax setting expands and the spectrum reforms to the new fmax. You can repeat to continue to expand up to the maximum resolution (based on the number of lines of resolution for the spectrum), after which the function switches to compression.</p> <p>Dot (.) key immediately toggles the +/- key between display expansion and compression.</p>

4. Once the Dynamix 2500 data collector collects the measurement, press Enter to accept the measurement.

Collect a Tri-axial Measurement

The Tri-axial functionality offers advanced data collection in Route and Offroute with three channels of data collected simultaneously on X, Y and Z. Tri-axial measurement points can be setup by using the Emonitor software then downloaded to the instrument.

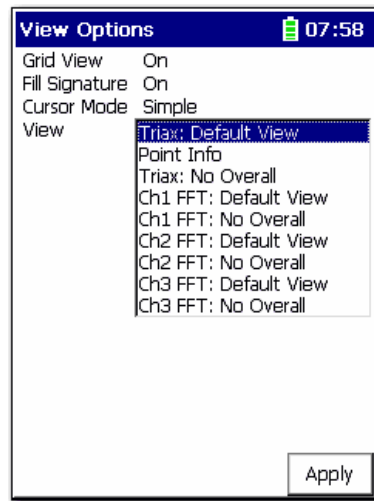
1. Once the Dynamix 2500 data collector collects the measurement, press Enter to accept the measurement.
2. When you are finished viewing the data, press Enter to proceed to the next point.



View Options

These are the View menu options:

- Triax: Default View
- POINT Info
- Triax: No Overall
- Ch1 FFT: Default View
- Ch1 FFT: No Overall
- Ch2 FFT: Default View
- Ch2 FFT: No Overall
- Ch3 FFT: Default View
- Ch3 FFT: No Overall



See [Set Up Tri-axial Measurements on page 102](#) for more information.

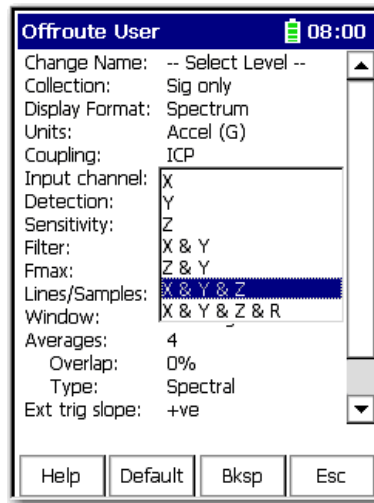
Follow these steps to configure an Offroute tri-axial measurement.

1. From the Route Manager screen, select a route and press Enter.
2. Press F1 (Config).
3. Select either Single Shot or Continuous operation.

Single Shot halts when the instrument front end has settled and the data is stable, where as in Continuous mode the instrument constantly analyzes and displays the moving signals until you store the data by pressing Enter.

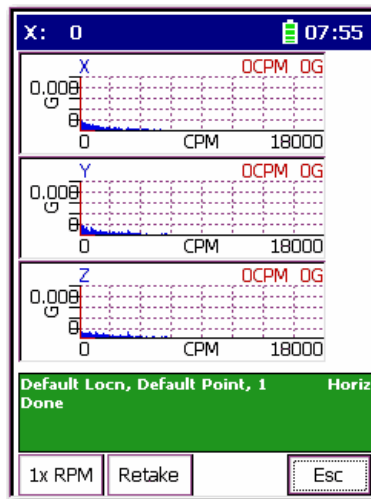
4. From the Offroute main menu, press F2 (User).

On the Offroute User screen, you can configure Offroute tri-axial measurements.



5. Select the Display format as Spectrum or Time.
6. Select the Input Channel to X & Y & Z.
7. Press Enter to start the measurement.

The Collecting Data screen appears.



TIP Tri-axial measurements can significantly speed-up route based data collection. A special tri-axial transducer kit is required. Contact your local Allen-Bradley distributor or Rockwell Automation sales representative.

Installing Optional Extension Modules

The data collector uses the Extension Manager to install and uninstall extension modules. These extension modules are licensed and ordered separately from the basic entry level product.

Topic	Page
Install Optional Extension Modules	205
Uninstall an Extension Module	207
Manage Extension Modules	209

Install Optional Extension Modules

The installation Secure Digital (SD) cards that you receive work with any Dynamix 2500 data collector. Once you have installed an extension module on a the data collector, the card is locked so that it can be used only with that instrument.

IMPORTANT One installation SD card is required for each instrument that needs to be upgraded.

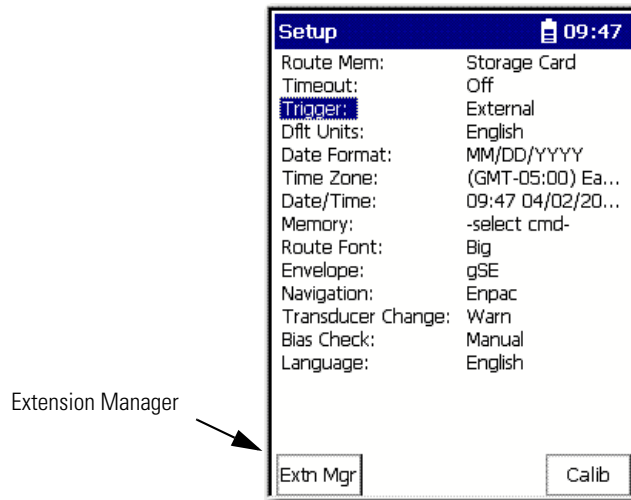
You can uninstall extension modules, if required. When uninstalling an extension module, you have the option to free up the license so that it can be used to install the extension module on another data collector. This allows the extension module to be transferred between units.

IMPORTANT When ever you re-run the OS Loader software, you will re-load only the main OS firmware. The OS loader will backup licence files and data, but not the optional extension modules. Once you have updated the OS firmware, install the latest version of your optional extension modules. See [Updating the Operating System on page 34](#), for more information.

Follow these steps to install an extension module.

1. Open the base cover at the bottom of the Dynamix 2500 data collector.
2. Place the extension module SD card contact-side-up into the unit until it is firmly seated in place.
3. Close the base cover.
4. Apply power to the data collector.

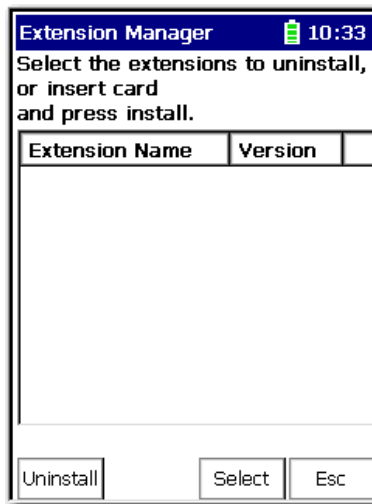
5. From the Main menu, select Setup Utility and press Enter.
6. Press 0 (Shift) to display the second set of functions.



The Extension Manager function remains on the screen for about three seconds after releasing 0 (Shift Key).

7. Press F1 (Extn Mgr).

The Extension Manager screen appears.



8. Press 0 (Shift) to display the Install Extension function.

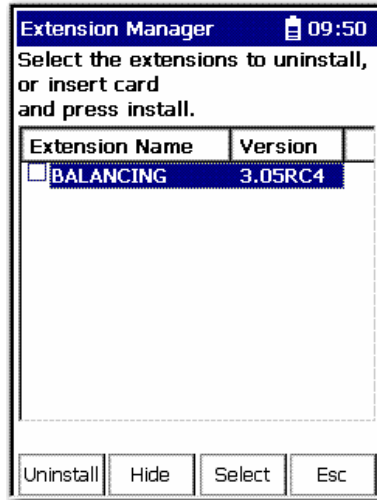


9. Press F2 (Install) to install the new extension module.

When the installation is complete, a confirmation prompt appears.

10. Press F4 (OK).

The new extension module appears in the list.



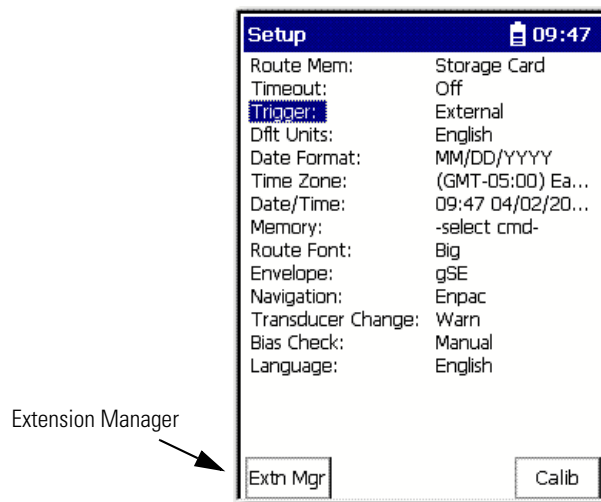
11. Press F4 (Esc) to exit the Extension Manager screen.

Uninstall an Extension Module

Follow these steps to uninstall an extension module.

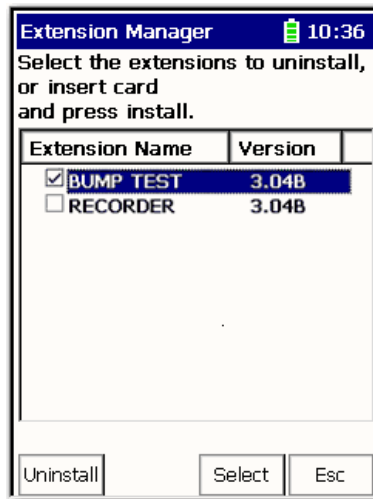
1. Press 0 (Shift) from the Setup Utility screen to display the Extension Manager function.

The Extension Manager function remains on the screen for about three seconds after releasing 0 (Shift).



2. Press F1 (Extn Mgr).

The Extension Manager screen appears.

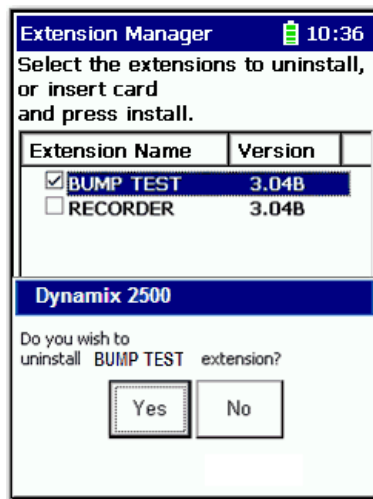


This screen lists the extension modules currently installed and the on the unit.

3. Select the extension module you want to uninstall and press F3 (Select).

F3 (Select) toggles the selection on and off.

A checkmark appears next to that extension module.



4. Press F1 (Uninstall).

A confirmation message appears.

5. Make sure your installation card is inserted into the unit.

TIP You must have the correct extension module card inserted to remove that option. If the wrong card or no card is inserted then a message displays telling you to insert the correct card.

IMPORTANT The extension module is uninstalled and the license on the card is released so that the card can be used to install the extension module on another Dynamix 2500 data collector.

If the installation card is not inserted in the data collector and no card is found or the card does not have the extension module license for the unit, you are prompted to insert the correct installation card or continue without freeing the license.

See [Insert and Remove a Storage Card on page 64](#) for more information.

6. Press F2 (Yes) to uninstall the extension module.
7. Press F4 (Esc) to exit the Extension Manager screen.

Manage Extension Modules

The Dynamix 2500 data collector lets you to hide installed extension modules from the Main menu. You may need to hide an advanced extension module icon from an inexperienced user, for example, RuCD and FRF. Also, you can use the Extension Manager to also show previously hidden icons.

IMPORTANT Once an extension module is hidden, its icon is not represented on the Main Menu or displayed in the Dynamix 2500 data collector About screen.

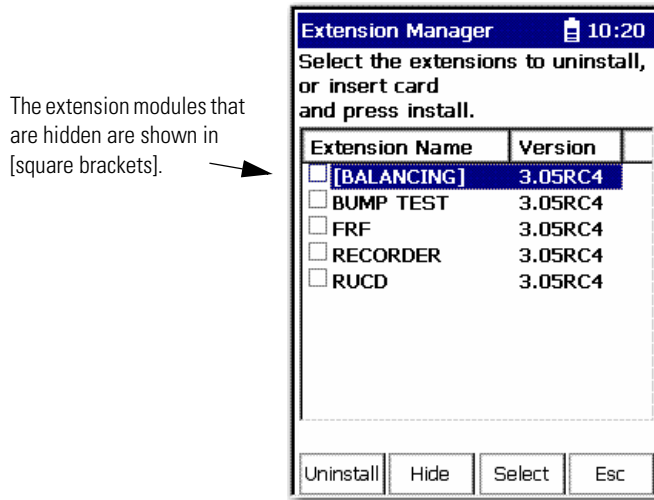
Follow these steps to hide or show an extension module icon on the Main Menu.

1. Press 0 (Shift) on the Setup Utility screen to display the Extension Manager function.

The Extension Manager function should remain on the screen for approximately three seconds after releasing 0 (Shift).

2. Press F1 (Extn Mgr). The Extension Manager screen appears.

The Extension Manager displays a list of installed extensions module.



The F2 function key toggles between Hide and Show depending if the highlighted extension module is hidden or not.

TIP You have to exit and re-enter the Extension Manager after hiding an extension module to have the Show function appear.

3. Select the extension module that you want to hide or show and press F2 (Show/Hide).

TIP If you want to show or hide multiple extension modules simultaneously, highlight each extension module and press F3 (Select).
A checkbox appears next to each selected extension module. If you select multiple extension module and some are hidden while others are shown, F2 (Show/Hide) reflects the status of the highlighted extension module.

4. Press F4 (Esc) to exit the Extension Manager.

Symbols

+/- key 18

Numerics

0 (Shift) key 18

2CHEnable 112

A

accel measurement 150

accel time measurement 150

acquisition 60

active collector 85

ActiveSync 30, 34, 108

add application to data collector 205

alarms

in the data collector 104

magnitude 87

numeric measurements 94

overriding collect on alarm 117

selecting alarms to load 104

setting trigger for loading 87

spectrum in the data collector 97

supported in data collector 104

Trigger 104

auto advance

display spectrum in data collector 60

instrument configuration parameter 60

auto reports on unload 126, 168

auto store

instrument configuration parameter 60

moving through a list 133

autoranging 61

averages 158

averaging

exponential 80

host software 80

linear 80

Offroute 158

peak hold 80

time synchronous 80, 95, 99

B

band filters 87

bands in host software 87

battery

capacity 24

checking 18, 24

inserting 26

removing 26

status icons 25

battery status icons 25

baud rate

setting in host software 111

bin zeroing 158

bitmap, screen captures 168

C

calibration 27

capturing screens 168

Change Name 156

collecting data

cross channel phase measurements 188

dual channel measurements 198

lists 131

magnitude and phase measurements 146

magnitude measurement 141

numeric measurements 138, 139, 141, 142

off route pre-defined measurements 150

Offroute 149

orbit measurements 178

preparing 129

process (DC) voltage measurement 139, 141

settings 130

spectrum measurement 142

time waveform measurement 145

Collection 156

collection specification

averaging 80

for magnitude and phase 91

input types 76

maximum frequency 78

measurement resolution 79

numeric measurement 94

options 75

overview 75

phase 89

signal detection type 77

spectrum measurement definitions 98

time waveform 100

transducer specification 76

unable to change 75

voltage measurements 101

window types 77

collection time, TWF 80

communication

installing ActiveSync 30, 108

overview 107

setting up 107

USB 107

configure

cross channel phase measurements 185

data collection parameters 57

dual channel measurements 193

instrument parameters 55

Offroute user parameters 155

connecting

Dynamix 2500 and computer using USB port 107

hardware to data collector 19

contrast, changing display 47

cross channel phase measurements

collecting data 188

measurement definitions 182

reviewing data 190

setting up 185

Current Baud 112

current data collector, selecting 110

Current Parity 112**cursor**

peak 166

D**data**

reviewing 164

data collection configuration

overview 130

settings 57

Data Collection screen 51**data collector**

active 85

alarms 104

choosing current 110

display contrast 47

driver version number 120

hardware resetting 42

magnitude alarms 87

operating system version number 46

rebooting 42

selecting active 85

spectrum alarms 97

Data Collector Advanced Settings**parameters**

2CHEnable 112

Current Baud 112

Current Parity 112

Datapac Enumeration 112

Direction 112

Log Display 112

Machine Speed 112

Operating System 112

Phone Number 112

Position 112

Sync Trigger Level 112

Sync Trigger Slope 112

Sync Trigger Type 113

Trigger Range 113

Datapac Enumeration 112**date**

format 50

setting 50

Date Format 56**Date/Time** 56**decimal key** 18**default filters** 72**deleting data** 168**deleting lists**

automatically before loading 114

manually 115

Detection 157**Dflt Units** 56**Diagnostic** 83**diagnostic frequencies**

loading 83

overview 82

Diagnostic Frequency cursor 166

loading 83

viewing 166

diagram

battery 26

hardware connection 19

hardware reset 42

digital overall 73**Direction** 112**display**

changing contrast 47

Display Format 156**Down arrow key** 18**dual channel measurements**

collecting data 198

measurement definitions 192

setting up 193

Dynamix 2500

assembling strap 23

basic operations 51

battery pack 24

external connectors 19

main screens 45

online help 11

status indicator 22

E**Engineer Mode Menu** 43**Enter/Read/Fire/OK key** 18**Envelope** 56**envelope filters** 69, 70**ESP**

filters in host 70

off route pre-defined measurement 150

exponential averaging 80**Ext Trig Slope** 158, 177**Extension Manager** 205

uninstall application 207

F**f1 through f4 overview** 18**Fast Averaging** 59**FFT**

See spectrum measurements

Filter 157**filters**

band 87

default in host software 72

ESP 70

gSE 69

high pass 70

in host software 67

order 71

Overall in host software 73

firmware 34, 37**Flattop window**

host software 77

off route measurement 158

Fmax

Offroute user-defined option 157
 See maximum frequency
Freq Units 59
frequency items 82
frequency labels
 loading 83
full scale value, numeric measurements 92

G

gSE
 filters in host 69
 off route pre-defined measurement 150

H

Hamming window
 host software 77
 off route measurement 158
Hanning window
 host software 77
 off route measurement 158
hardware connection, diagram 19
help
 accessing in Dynamix 11
high pass filters 70
high resolution measurement 150
hist data collect 63

I

initializing
 automatically before loading 115
 before loading a list 114
 manually 115
Input channel 157
input type
 AC coupled 76
 DC coupled 76
 Emonitor 76
 host software 76
 ICP accel 76
 manual entry 76
inspection codes
 entering 137
 loading 105, 116, 137
 overview 105
install ActiveSync 30, 108
Instrument Configuration parameters
 Fast Averaging 59
 Freq. Units 59
instrument configuration parameters
 acquisition 60
 auto advance 60
 auto store 60
 percent 60
 time 60
 autoranging 61
 hist data collect 63

mach. speed 62
 memory 62
 multi meas view 63
 setting delay 62
 trig level 63
 trigger 63

Instrument Setup parameters

Date Format 56
 Date/Time 56
 Dflt Units 56
 Envelope 56
 Language 57
 memory 56
 Navigation 56
 Route Mem 56
 Time Zone 56
 Timeout 56
 Trigger 56

Instrument Setup screen

 48

K

keys
 +/- 18
 0 (Shift) 18
 decimal 18
 function keys overview 18
 numeric 18
 ON/OFF 18

L

Language 57
Left arrow key 18
Level 158, 177
linear average 80
Lines/Samples 157
lists
 clearing in memory 121
 deleting 114
 in the data collector 105
 inspection codes 116
 loading 113, 119
 Quickload 119
 selecting 118
 unloading 121
load files, creating 101
loading
 alarms 104
 frequency items 117
 inspection codes 116
 lists 119
 Quickload files, rebuilding 127
locked up 42
Log Display 112

M

mach. speed 62
Machine Speed 112

machine speed setup 83
machine speed, taking measurements 93
magnitude alarms 94
magnitude alarms in data collector 87
magnitude and phase measurements
 collecting 146
 overview 67, 89
 reviewing 164
 setting up 90
magnitude measurements
 collecting 141
 in bands 87
 magnitude vs. overall values 147
 proximity probes 87
Main Menu screen 45
manual entry 138, 139, 141, 142
maximum frequency
 host software 78
measurement definitions
 combining 101
 cross channel phase measurements 182
 dual channel measurements 192
 ESP filters 70
 filters 67
 gSE filters 69
 high pass filters 70
 input types 76
 magnitude and phase 67
 magnitude in bands 87
 maximum frequency 78
 numeric 67, 92
 orbit measurements 173
 order filters 71
 order normalized spectrum 95
 resolution 79
 setting up in host software 86
 signal detection 77
 spectrum 67, 98
 time synchronous spectrum 95, 97
 time synchronous TWF 99
 time waveform 67, 98
 tri-axial measurements 102
 units 74
 unsupported selections 85
 voltage 100
 window types 77
memory 56, 62
 clearing 56, 62
 deleting routes from active memory 56, 62
 initialize active memory 56, 62
memory card
 inserting and removing 64
 overview 64
module licensing 40
multiple readings
 unloading 122

N

Navigation 56
Note Codes

 See inspection codes
numeric keys 18
numeric measurements
 (DC) voltage 139, 141
 full scale value 92
 manually entering 138, 139, 141, 142
 measurement definitions 67
 RPM 93
 setting up in host software 92
 temperature 93

O

off route measurements
 unloading 123
off route pre-defined measurements
 collecting 150
Offroute 125
Offroute Measurement screen 151
Offroute measurements
 collecting 149
 methods for collecting data 149
 overview 149
 pre-defined 150
Offroute Orbit parameters
 Ext Trig Slope 177
 Level 177
 Sensitivity 177
 Transducer 177
 Trigger 177
 Units 177
Offroute Orbit Setup screen 176
Offroute pre-defined measurements
 accel 150
 accel time 150
 ESP 150
 gSE 150
 high resolution point 150
 opposite 150
 Same 150
 Velocity 150
Offroute User parameters
 Averages
 Overlap 158
 Type 158
 Change Name 156
 Collection 156
 Detection 157
 Display Format 156
 Ext Trig Slope 158
 Level 158
 Filter 157
 Fmax 157
 Input channel 157
 Lines/Samples 157
 Sensitivity 157
 Units 156
 Window 158
Offroute user parameters
 averages 158
 bin zeroing 158

Offroute user-defined measurements

- collecting 159
- setting up 154

online help system

- Dynamix 11

Operating System 112**operating system** 34**opposite measurement** 150**orbit measurements**

- collecting data 178
- measurement definitions 173
- reviewing data 181

orbit plots, understanding 170**order filters** 71**order normalize**

- defining orders filters 71
- spectrum measurements 95

OS Loader 35, 37**Overlap** 158**overriding collect on alarm** 117**P****parts list** 15**peak cursor** 166**peak hold averaging** 80**peak signal detection, in host software** 78**percent** 60**phase measurements**

- collecting 146
- setting up in host software 89
- setting up order filters 71
- tachometer signal 146

Phone Number 112**Position** 112**powering down** 29**powering up** 29**printing**

- overview 168
- reports automatically on unload 168

protocol, communication setting in host

- software 111

proximity probes

- magnitude measurements 87
- spectrum measurements 96

Q**Quickload files**

- rebuilding 127
- saving time 119

R**rebooting data collector** 42**Rectangular window**

- host software 77

- off route measurement 158

reports

- print automatically after unload 126

resetting data collector 42**resolution** 79**Review Orbit Data screen** 182**reviewing data**

- cross channel phase 190
- orbits 181
- signature 164
- waterfall spectrum 167

Right arrow key 18**RMS signal detection, in host software** 77**Route Mem** 56**routes**

- collecting data 131
- moving through 133
- See also lists
- selecting 131

RPM measurements 93**RSS filter** 73**S****Same measurement** 150**saving screens** 168**screen capture**

- keys 168
- overview 168

screens in data collector

- 164
- Data Collection 51, 132
- help 11
- Instrument Configuration 59
- Instrument Setup 48
- Main Menu 45
- Notes 137
- Offroute Measurement 151
- Offroute User 155

Secure Digital (SD) card

- See memory card 64

Sensitivity 157, 177**serial number**

- data collector 46

Set Active Collectors command 85**Set Up Collector** 110**setting date and time** 50**settling delay** 62**Setup parameters** 55**signal detection** 77**skipping measurements** 86**skipping measurements and machines** 133**smart unscheduled mode** 125, 159**spectral lines** 79**spectrum alarms in data collector** 97**spectrum measurements**

- collecting 142
- measurement definitions 67, 98

- order normalized 95, 97
- proximity probes 96
- time synchronous 95, 97

spectrum, display in data collector 60

speed references 83

status indicators 22

Sync Trigger Level 112

Sync Trigger Slope 112

Sync Trigger Type 113

T

tachometer signal 146

temperature measurements 93

time 60

time samples

- calculating 79
- calculating time needed for collection 98

time synchronous averaging 80, 95

time waveform

- collection time 80
- measurement definitions 67
- measurements 98
- time synchronous averaging 99

time waveform measurements

- collecting 145
- reviewing 164

Time Zone 56

time/date

- display 50
- setting 50

Timeout 56

Transducer 177

transducer specification 75

- input type 76
- magnitude measurement definitions 88
- numeric measurement definitions 94
- spectrum measurement definitions 98
- voltage measurements 101

tri-axial measurements

- measurement definitions 102
- setting up 102

trig level 63

Trigger 56, 104, 177

trigger 63

Trigger Range 113

Trigger to Yes in host software 87

true peak signal detection 78

true peak-peak signal detection 78

turning off 29

turning on 29

Two Channel 169

- Offroute Orbit Setup screen 176
- overview 169
- Review Orbit Data screen 182

Type 158

U

uninstall application extension 207

Units 156, 177

units

- in host software 74
- Offroute user-defined option 156

unloading

- lists 121, 122
- multiple lists 119, 121
- multiple readings 122
- unscheduled data 123

unscheduled measurements

- See also Offroute
- storing in host software 159
- unloading 123

unscheduled smart mode 125, 159

Up arrow key 18

update 34, 37

USB

- communication with PC 107

User-defined point

- screen 155

V

Velocity measurement 150

version number

- data collector driver 120
- data collector operating system 46

voltage measurements

- collecting 139, 141
- setting up 100

W

waterfall display 167

Window 158

window type

- collection specification 77
- flattop 77
- Hamming 77
- Hanning 77
- rectangular 77

Rockwell Automation Support

Rockwell Automation provides technical information on the Web to assist you in using its products.

At <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support>, you can find technical manuals, technical and application notes, sample code and links to software service packs, and a MySupport feature that you can customize to make the best use of these tools. You can also visit our Knowledgebase at <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/knowledgebase> for FAQs, technical information, support chat and forums, software updates, and to sign up for product notification updates.

For an additional level of technical phone support for installation, configuration, and troubleshooting, we offer TechConnectSM support programs. For more information, contact your local distributor or Rockwell Automation representative, or visit <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/>.

Installation Assistance

If you experience a problem within the first 24 hours of installation, review the information that is contained in this manual. You can contact Customer Support for initial help in getting your product up and running.

United States or Canada	1.440.646.3434
Outside United States or Canada	Use the Worldwide Locator at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/americas/phone_en.html , or contact your local Rockwell Automation representative.

New Product Satisfaction Return

Rockwell Automation tests all of its products to ensure that they are fully operational when shipped from the manufacturing facility. However, if your product is not functioning and needs to be returned, follow these procedures.

United States	Contact your distributor. You must provide a Customer Support case number (call the phone number above to obtain one) to your distributor to complete the return process.
Outside United States	Please contact your local Rockwell Automation representative for the return procedure.

Documentation Feedback

Your comments will help us serve your documentation needs better. If you have any suggestions on how to improve this document, complete this form, publication [RA-DU002](#), available at <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/literature/>.

Rockwell Otomasyon Ticaret A.Ş., Kar Plaza İş Merkezi E Blok Kat:6 34752 İçerenköy, İstanbul, Tel: +90 (216) 5698400

www.rockwellautomation.com

Power, Control and Information Solutions Headquarters

Americas: Rockwell Automation, 1201 South Second Street, Milwaukee, WI 53204-2496 USA, Tel: (1) 414.382.2000, Fax: (1) 414.382.4444

Europe/Middle East/Africa: Rockwell Automation NV, Pegasus Park, De Kleetlaan 12a, 1831 Diegem, Belgium, Tel: (32) 2 663 0600, Fax: (32) 2 663 0640

Asia Pacific: Rockwell Automation, Level 14, Core F, Cyberport 3, 100 Cyberport Road, Hong Kong, Tel: (852) 2887 4788, Fax: (852) 2508 1846

Publication 1441-UM001B-EN-P - September 2012

Supersedes Publication 1441-UM001A-EN-P - May 2011

Copyright © 2012 Rockwell Automation, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S.A.