Services

Technical Information TH53, TH54 and TH55

Thermocouple assemblies in thermowells with spring loaded insert and enclosure for process industry



Application

The TH53, TH54 and TH55 temperature sensors are thermocouple assemblies installed in thermowells and designed for use in all types of process industries, including heavy industries, due to their rugged design. They are made up of a magnesium oxide insulated thermocouple as a measurement probe and a thermowell made of barstock material.

The sensor assemblies can be used in process industries such as:

- Chemicals
- Petrochemicals
- Power plants
- Refineries
- Offshore platforms

Head transmitter

All Endress+Hauser transmitters are available with enhanced accuracy and reliability compared to directly wired sensors. Easy customizing by choosing one of the following outputs and communication protocols:

- Analog output 4 to 20 mA
- HART
- PROFIBUS® PA
- FOUNDATION Fieldbus™

Field transmitter

Temperature field transmitters with HART® or FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ protocol for highest reliability in harsh industrial environments. Blue backlit display with large measured value, bargraph and fault condition indication for ease of reading.



[Continued from front page]

Your benefits

- One source shopping for temperature measurement solutions. World class transmitter with integrated sensor offering for heavy process industry applications.
- Remove and install straight out of the box!
- Improved galvanic isolation on most devices (2 kV).
- Simplified model structure: Competitively priced, offers great value. Easy to order and reorder. A single model number includes sensor, thermowell and transmitter assembly for a complete point solution. • All iTEMP transmitters provide long-term stability $\leq 0.05\%$ per year.

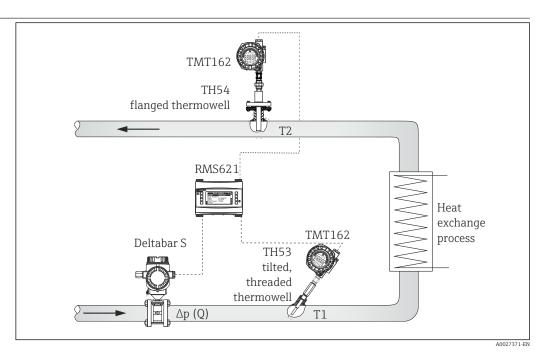
Function and system design

Measuring principle

Thermocouples (TC)

Thermocouples are comparatively simple, robust temperature sensors which use the Seebeck effect for temperature measurement: if two electrical conductors made of different materials are connected at a point, a weak electrical voltage can be measured between the two open conductor ends if the conductors are subjected to a thermal gradient. This voltage is called thermoelectric voltage or electromotive force (emf.). Its magnitude depends on the type of conducting materials and the temperature difference between the "measuring point" (the junction of the two conductors) and the "cold junction" (the open conductor ends). Accordingly, thermocouples primarily only measure differences in temperature. The absolute temperature at the measuring point can be determined from these if the associated temperature at the cold junction is known or is measured separately and compensated for. The material combinations and associated thermoelectric voltage/temperature characteristics of the most common types of thermocouple are standardized in the IEC 60584 and ASTM E230/ANSI MC96.1 standards.

Measuring system



■ 1 Application example

Calculation of heat quantity which is emitted or absorbed by a water flow in a heating or cooling system. The quantity of heat is calculated from the process variable for Δp flow (Q) and the differential from the feed and return temperature (T2 - T1). Bidirectional energy calculations, such as the calculating systems with changing flow direction (charging/ discharging the heat accumulator) are also possible.

Energy manager RMS621

Energy conservation and cost expenditures are significant issues in today's industry. Accurate flow monitoring and calculation is the basis for thorough analysis and billing of energy. This data can serve as a basis to maximize savings potential and help in controlling operational costs on a daily basis. Endress+Hauser's energy managers provide accurate and reliable calculations for the monitoring and control of energy consumption (both produced and consumed) according to international standards, e.g. IAPWS-IF 97, AGA8, ISO 5167 etc. For RMS621 details, see "Documentation".

iTEMP TMT162 Temperature Field Transmitter

Aluminum or stainless steel dual compartment explosion - proof enclosure and compact, fully potted electronics provide the ultimate protection in harshest environments. TMT162 prevents costly plant shutdowns by detecting corrosion on RTDs or thermocouples before it corrupts the measured value. Endress+Hauser's Field Temperature Transmitters with backlit display and sensor backup functionality are designed with safety in mind to keep your plant, equipment and personnel safe. More information on this can be found in the Technical Information, see "Documentation".

Deltabar S/Cerabar S

The evolution series of Cerabar S/Deltabar S represents a decisive step ahead in making pressure instrumentation better and safer for the process industry. The development of new products thrives especially on the knowledge, commitment and experience of staff members. Permanent high performance can only be achieved if dedicated and enthusiastic people provide their ideas. Endress+Hauser's instruments are not only supposed to distinguish themselves for customers and users by technological novelties but also by the presence of people supporting this progress, be it in service, sales or production. More information on this can be found in the Technical Information, see "Documentation".

Input

Measured variable

Temperature (temperature-linear transmission behavior)

Measurement range

Upper Temperature limits for various thermocouple types in °C (°F)						
Sheath OD Type T Type J Type E Type K Type N						
Ø 1/4"	370°C (700°F)	720 °C (1330 °F)	820 °C (1510 °F)	1150℃(2 100 °F)	
Maximum element temperature range limits	-270 to +400 °C (-454 to +752 °F)	−210 to +1200 °C (−346 to +2192 °F)	-270 to +1000 °C (-454 to +1832 °F)	-270 to +1372 ℃ (-454 to +2500 ℉)	-270 to +1300 °C (-454 to +2372 °F)	



These values are valid for single and duplex thermocouples. The temperature limits given are intended only as a guide to the user and should not be taken as absolute values or as guarantees of satisfactory life or performance. These types and sizes are sometimes used at temperatures above the given limits, but usually at the expense of stability or life or both. In other instances, it may be necessary to reduce the above limits in order to achieve adequate service.

Thermocouples with 316 SS sheath and assemblies with 316 SS thermowells are rated for a maximum temperature of 927 $^{\circ}$ C (1700 $^{\circ}$ F).

Output

Output signal

Generally, the measured value can be transmitted in one of two ways:

- Directly-wired sensors sensor measured values forwarded without a transmitter.
- Via all common protocols by selecting an appropriate Endress+Hauser iTEMP temperature transmitter. All the transmitters listed below are mounted directly in the terminal head or as field transmitter and wired with the sensory mechanism.

Family of temperature transmitters

Thermometers fitted with iTEMP transmitters are an installation-ready complete solution to improve temperature measurement by significantly increasing accuracy and reliability, when compared to direct wired sensors, as well as reducing both wiring and maintenance costs.

PC programmable head transmitters

They offer a high degree of flexibility, thereby supporting universal application with low inventory storage. The iTEMP transmitters can be configured quickly and easily at a PC. Endress+Hauser offers free configuration software which can be downloaded from the Endress+Hauser Website. More information can be found in the Technical Information.

HART® programmable head transmitters

The transmitter is a 2-wire device with one or two measuring inputs and one analog output. The device not only transfers converted signals from resistance thermometers and thermocouples, it also transfers resistance and voltage signals using $HART^{\circ}$ communication. It can be installed as an intrinsically safe apparatus in Zone 1 hazardous areas and is used for instrumentation in the terminal head (flat face) as per DIN EN 50446. Swift and easy operation, visualization and

maintenance by PC using operating software, Simatic PDM or AMS. For more information, see the Technical Information.

PROFIBUS® PA head transmitters

Universally programmable head transmitter with PROFIBUS® PA communication. Conversion of various input signals into digital output signals. High accuracy over the complete ambient temperature range. Swift and easy operation, visualization and maintenance using a PC directly from the control panel, e. g. using operating software, Simatic PDM or AMS. For more information, see the Technical Information.

FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ head transmitters

Universally programmable head transmitter with FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ communication. Conversion of various input signals into digital output signals. High accuracy over the complete ambient temperature range. Swift and easy operation, visualization and maintenance using a PC directly from the control panel, e.g. using operating software such as ControlCare from Endress +Hauser or NI Configurator from National Instruments. For more information, see the Technical Information.

Advantages of the iTEMP transmitters:

- Dual or single sensor input (optionally for certain transmitters)
- Pluggable display (optionally for certain transmitters)
- Unsurpassed reliability, accuracy and long-term stability in critical processes
- Mathematical functions
- Monitoring of the thermometer drift, sensor backup functionality, sensor diagnostic functions
- Sensor-transmitter matching for dual sensor input transmitters, based on Callendar/Van Dusen coefficients

HART® Field transmitter

Field transmitter with HART® communication and blue backlit display. Can be read easily from a distance, in sunlight and at night. Large measurement value, bargraph and fault indication displayed. Benefits are: dual sensor input, highest reliability in harsh industrial environments, mathematic functions, thermometer drift monitoring and sensor back-up functionality, corrosion detection.

Galvanic isolation

Galvanic isolation of Endress+Hauser iTEMP transmitters

Transmitter type	Sensor	
TMT181 PCP	Û = 3.75 kV AC	
TMT182 HART®	U = 2 kV AC	
TMT162 HART® Field transmitter	U = 2 kV AC	
TMT82 HART®		
TMT84 PA	U = 2 kV AC	
TMT85 FF		

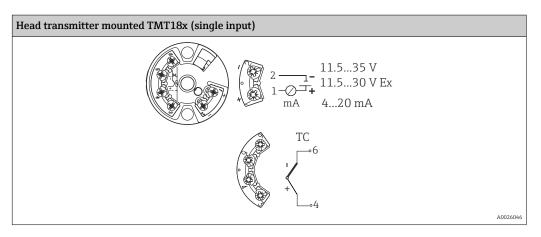


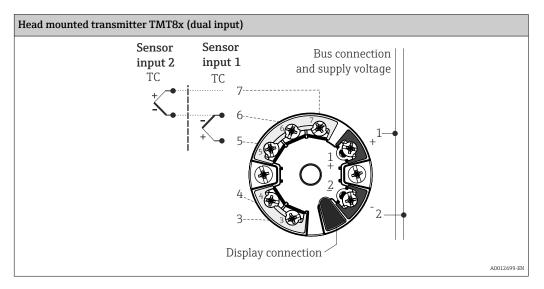
In applications where fast response time is needed, grounded thermocouples are recommended. This thermocouple design may cause a ground loop. This can be avoided by using iTEMP transmitters with high galvanic isolation.

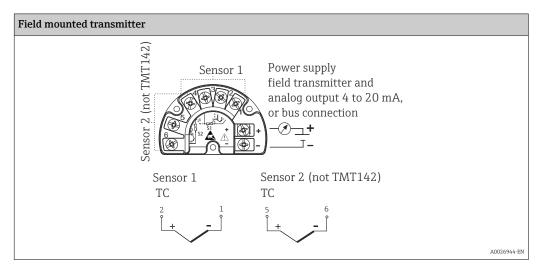
Wiring

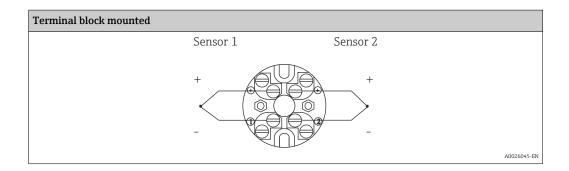
Wiring diagrams

Type of sensor connection









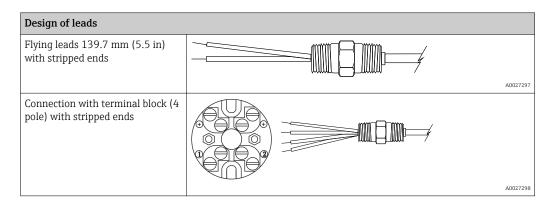
The blocks and transmitters are shown as they sit inside the heads in reference to the conduit opening.

Wire specifications

Thermocouple grade, TFE insulated 20AWG, 7 strands with stripped ends

Electrical connection

Flying leads, standard 139.7 mm (5.5 in) for wiring in connection head, head mounted transmitter or terminal block mounted, and for wiring with TMT162 or TMT142 assemblies



Thermocouple color codes according to ASTM E-230

T.C. Type	POS	Material	MAGNETIC		Insulation	
	NEG		YES	NO	Single conductor	Overall T.C. wire
Е	EP (+)	Nickel - 10% chromium		Х	Purple	Brown
	EN (-)	Copper - 45% nickel (constantan)		Х	Red	
J	JP (+)	Iron	Х		White	Brown
	JN (-)	Copper - 45% nickel (constantan)		Х	Red	
K	KP (+)	Nickel - 10% chromium		Х	Yellow	Brown
	KN (-)	Nickel - 5% (aluminum, silicon) 1)	Х		Red	
Т	TP (+)	Copper		Х	Blue	Brown
	TN (-)	Copper - 45% nickel (constantan)		Х	Red	
N	NP (+)	Nickel - 14% chromium - 1.5% silicon		Х	Orange	Brown
	NN (-)	Nickel - 4.5% silicon - 0.1% magnesium		Х	Red	

1) Silicon, or aluminum and silicon may be present in combination with other elements.

Performance characteristics

Reference conditions

These data are relevant for determining the accuracy of the temperature transmitters used. More information on this can be found in the Technical Information of the iTEMP temperature transmitters.

Response time

63% response time per ASTM E839

Thermocouple assembly TH55 without thermowell

Junction style	Thermocouple insert Ø ¹ / ₄ "
Grounded	1.3 s
Ungrounded	2.9 s



Response time for the sensor assembly without transmitter.

Response time examples for thermocouples assemblies with thermowell TH53 and TH54

Construction	Stepped thermowell	Tapered thermowell	³ / ₄ " straight thermowell
Time	15 s	20 s	25 s



Response times for thermocouple assemblies with thermowell are provided for general design quidance without transmitter.

When the temperature of a process media changes, the output signal of a Thermocouple assembly follows this change after a certain time delay. The physical cause is the time related to heat transfer from the process media through the thermowell and the insert to the sensor element (thermocouple). The manner in which the reading follows the change in temperature of the assembly over time is referred to as the response time. Variables that influence or impact the response time are:

- Wall thickness of thermowell
- Spacing between thermocouple insert and thermowell
- Sensor packing
- Process parameters such as media, flow velocity, etc.

Maximum measured error

Thermocouples corresponding to ASTM E839

Туре	Temperature range	Standard tolerance (IEC class 2)	Special tolerance (IEC class 1)
		[°C] whichever is greater	[°C] whichever is greater
Е	0 to 870 °C (32 to 1600 °F)	±1.7 or ±0.5%	±1 or ±0.4%
J	0 to 760 °C (32 to 1400 °F)	±2.2 or ±0.75%	±1.1 or ±0.4%
K	0 to 1260 °C (32 to 2300 °F)	±2.2 or ±0.75%	±1.1 or ±0.4%
T	0 to 370 °C (32 to 700 °F)	±1 or 0.75%	±0.5 or ±0.4%
N	0 to 1260 °C (32 to 2300 °F)	±2.2 or ±0.75%	±1.1 or ±0.4%



For measurement errors in ${}^{\circ}F$, calculate using equation above in ${}^{\circ}C$, then mulitply the outcome by 1.8.

Transmitter long-term stability

 $\leq 0.1 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (0.18 \,^{\circ}\text{F}) / \text{year or} \leq 0.05 \,^{\circ}\text{M} / \text{year}$

Data under reference conditions; % relates to the set span. The larger value applies.

Insulation resistance

Insulation resistance for MgO insulated thermocouples with ungrounded hot junction between terminals and probe sheath, test voltage 500 $V_{\text{DC}}.\,$

1000 MΩ at 25 °C (77 °F)

These values for insulation resistance also apply between each thermocouple wire at single and duplex constructions with ungrounded hot junction.

Calibration specifications

The manufacturer provides an option to provide comparison temperature calibrations from -20 to 300 °C (-4 to 572 °F) ¹⁾ on the International Temperature Scale of 1990. Calibrations are traceable to standards maintained by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). Calibration services are in conformance with ASTM E220, IEC 17025 and ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994. The report of calibration is referenced to the serial number of the assembly.

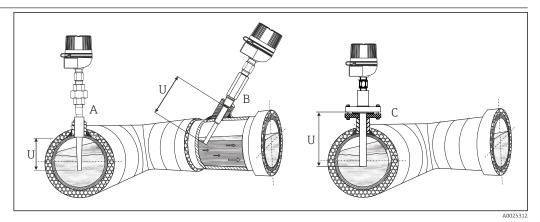
Three point calibrations are provided, given that the specified temperatures are within the recommended range and the minimum length requirements are met as specified. The minimum length is based on the overall length "x" of the spring loaded insert.

Installation conditions

Orientation

No restrictions.

Installation instructions



■ 2 Installation examples

A-C In pipes with a small cross section the thermowell tip should reach or extend slightly past the center line of the pipe (= U)

- B Threaded, angled installation of TH53 assembly
- C Flange installation of TH54 assembly

The immersion length of the thermometer influences the accuracy. If the immersion length is too small then errors in the measurement are caused by heat conduction via the process connection and the container wall. If installing into a pipe then the immersion length should be at least half of the pipe diameter. A further solution could be an angled (tilted) installation (see B). When determining the immersion length all thermometer parameters and the process to be measured must be taken into account (e.g. flow velocity, process pressure).

- Installation possibilities: Pipes, tanks or other plant components
- Minimum immersion length per ASTM E644, $\Delta T \le 0.05$ °C (0.09 °F):

For temperature assemblies with thermowell (TH53 and TH54) the minimum immersion is the depth to which the thermowell is immersed in the medium, measured from the tip. To minimize errors from ambient temperature the following minimum immersion lengths are recommended:

Construction	Minimum immersion
Stepped thermowell	63.5 mm (2.5 in)
Tapered thermowell	114.3 mm (4.5 in)

¹⁾ Other ranges may be available on request.

Construction	Minimum immersion
¾" straight thermowell	101.6 mm (4 in)
Weld-in thermowell	114.3 mm (4.5 in)



TH55 assemblies can only be used in existing thermowells.

Environment

Ambient temperature

Terminal head	Temperature in °C (°F)
Without mounted head transmitter	Depends on the terminal head used and the cable gland or fieldbus connector, see Terminal heads' section
With mounted head transmitter	-40 to 85 °C (-40 to 185 °F)
With mounted head transmitter and display	−20 to 70 °C (−4 to 158 °F)

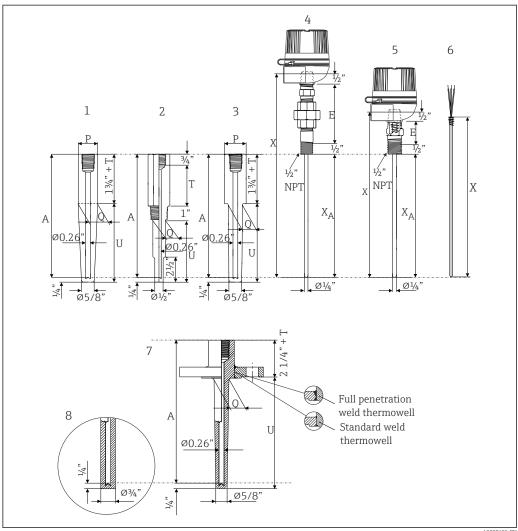
Shock and vibration resistance

 $4\ \text{g/2}$ to $150\ \text{Hz}$ as per IEC 60068-2-6

Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

All dimensions in inch. For values related to the graphics please refer to the tables and equations below.



- ₩ 3 Dimensions of the sensor assemblies
- TH53 weld-in thermowell (tapered) 1
- 2 TH53 threaded thermowell (stepped)
- 3 TH53 socket weld thermowell (tapered)
- TH53/TH54 extension, nipple-union-nipple (NUN), without thermowell
- TH55 extension hex nipple without thermowell
- 6 TU121 spring loaded insert
- TH54 flange thermowell (tapered)
- 8 Straight thermowell tip
- Е Extension length
- P Pipe size
- Q Thermowell root diameter
- Lag dimension
- U Thermowell immersion length
- ΧA Immersion length thermocouple sensor
- Drill depth of thermowell
- Overall insert length
- For TH53 thermowells with ½" NPT and 1" process thread length and ¾" hex length dimensions, spring loaded sensor assemblies must be used with the thermowells.

All thermowells are marked with a material ID, CRN (Canadian Registration Number) and heat number.

Dimensions of TH53

U	E (nominal dimension)	Т	Process connection	Shape of thermowell	ØQ
63.5 mm (2.5 in)	specified length	specified length	½" NPT	Stepped (standard duty)	16 mm (5% in)
	Hex nipple = 25.4 mm (1 in) Nipple Union Nipple (NUN) =	25.4 to 152.4 mm (1 to 6 in) in ½" increments		Tapered (heavy duty)	16 mm (5/8 in)
114.3 mm (4.5 in)	101.6 mm (4 in) 177.8 mm (7 in)		³ ⁄4" NPT	Stepped (standard duty)	19.05 mm (¾ in)
				Tapered (heavy duty)	22.3 mm (% in)
190.5 mm (7.5 in)			1" NPT	Stepped (standard duty)	22.3 mm (% in)
				Tapered (heavy duty)	26.9 mm (1 ¹ / ₁₆ in)
266.7 mm (10.5 in)			³ ⁄ ₄ " socket weld	Stepped (standard duty)	19.05 mm (¾ in)
			Tapered (heavy duty)	22.3 mm (% in)	
342.9 mm (13.5 in)			1" socket weld	Stepped (standard duty)	22.3 mm (% in)
				Tapered (heavy duty)	25.4 mm (1 in)
419.1 mm (16.5 in)			³ ⁄ ₄ " weld in	Tapered (heavy duty)	26.6 mm (1.050 in)
571.5 mm (22.5 in)			1" weld in	Tapered (heavy duty)	33.4 mm (1.315 in)
specified length					
50.8 to 609.6 mm (2 to 24 in) in ½" increments					
Immersion length	thermocouple sensor = thermowell drilled leng	th	$X_A = A = U + 38.1$	mm (1.5 in) + T	
Overall insert leng	th		X = A + E		

P = Pipe size

- ¾" Nominal utilizes 1.050"1" Nominal utilizes 1.315"

Dimensions of TH54

U	E (nominal dimension)	Т	Flange size	ØQ, tapered version
50.8 mm (2 in)	Hex nipple = 25.4 mm (1 in) or	specified length	25.4 mm (1 in)	22.3 mm (⁷ / ₈ in)
101.6 mm (4 in)	Nipple Union Nipple (NUN) =	25.4 to 254 mm (1 to 10 in) in $\frac{1}{2}$ " increments	38.1 mm (1½ in)	26.9 mm (1½ in)
177.8 mm (7 in)	101.6 mm (4 in) 177.8 mm (7 in)		50.8 mm (2 in)	26.9 mm (1½ in)
254 mm (10 in)	, ,		76.2 mm (3 in)	
330.2 mm (13 in)				
406.4 mm (16 in)				
558.8 mm (22 in)				

U	E (nominal dimension)	Т	Flange size	ØQ, tapered version	
specified length 50.8 to 609.6 mm (2 to 24 in) in ½" increments					
Immersion length thermocouple sensor = thermowell drilled $X = A = U + 50.8 \text{ mm}$ (2 in) + T length					
Overall insert length		X = A + E			

Dimensions of TH55 (without thermowell)		Extension E
Immersion length	Thermocouple sensor X _A	
	101.6 mm (4 in) 152.4 mm (6 in) 228.6 mm (9 in) 304.8 mm (12 in) 355.6 mm (14 in) specified length 101.6 to 762 mm (4 to 30 in) in ½" increments	Hex nipple = 25.4 mm (1 in) or Nipple Union Nipple (NUN) = 101.6 mm (4 in) 177.8 mm (7 in)

Hot or measuring junction

Grounded junction



■ 4 Grounded junction

The thermocouple junction is welded securely into the closure end of the sheath, becoming an integral part of the weld. This is a good general purpose, low cost junction providing faster response times than an ungrounded junction of similar sheath diameter. Grounded junctions should not be used with Type T thermocouples, due to the copper wire. For a reliable temperature reading of grounded thermocouples transmitters with galvanic isolation are strongly recommended. iTEMP transmitters have galvanic isolation of min. 2 kV (from the sensor input to the output and the housing).

Ungrounded junction



■ 5 Ungrounded junction

The welded thermocouple junction is fully isolated from the welded closed end sheath. This junction provides electrical isolation to reduce problems associated with electrical interference. Ungrounded junctions are also recommended for use in extreme positive or negative temperatures, rapid thermal cycling and for ultimate corrosion resistance of the sheath alloy. iTEMP transmitters have an excellent noise immunity (EMC) meeting all requirements listed under IEC 61326 for use in noisy environments.

Weight

1 to 30 lbs

Material

Process connection and thermowell

The temperatures for continuous operation specified in the following table are only intended as reference values for use of the various materials in air and without any significant compressive load. The maximum operation temperatures are reduced considerably in some cases where abnormal conditions such as high mechanical load occur or in aggressive media.

Material name	Short form	Recommended max. temperature for continuous use in air	Properties
AISI 316/ 1.4401	X5CrNiMo17-12-2	650 °C (1202 °F) ¹⁾	 Austenitic, stainless steel High corrosion resistance in general Particularly high corrosion resistance in chlorine-based and acidic, non-oxidizing atmospheres through the addition of molybdenum (e.g. phosphoric and sulfuric acids, acetic and tartaric acids with a low concentration)
AISI 316L/ 1.4404 1.4435	X2CrNiMo17-12-2 X2CrNiMo18-14-3	650 °C (1202 °F) ¹⁾	 Austenitic, stainless steel High corrosion resistance in general Particularly high corrosion resistance in chlorine-based and acidic, non-oxidizing atmospheres through the addition of molybdenum (e.g. phosphoric and sulfuric acids, acetic and tartaric acids with a low concentration) Increased resistance to intergranular corrosion and pitting Compared to 1.4404, 1.4435 has even higher corrosion resistance and a lower delta ferrite content
Alloy600	NiCr15Fe	1100°C (2012°F)	 A nickel/chromium alloy with very good resistance to aggressive, oxidizing and reducing atmospheres, even at high temperatures Resistant to corrosion caused by chlorine gas and chlorinated media as well as many oxidizing mineral and organic acids, sea water etc. Corrosion from ultrapure water Not to be used in a sulfur-containing atmosphere

¹⁾ Can be used to a limited extent up to $800\,^{\circ}$ C (1472 $^{\circ}$ F) for low compressive loads and in non-corrosive media. Please contact your Endress+Hauser sales team for further information.

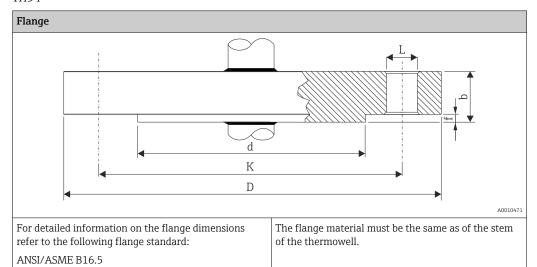
Process connection

The process connection is the means of connecting the thermometer to the process. The following process connections are available:

TH53

Thread	Version	
	NPT thread	NPT 1/2"
A0026110		NPT 3/4"
1003010		NPT 1"
	NPS for socket weld	NPS 3/4"
A0026111		NPS 1"
	NPS for weld-in	NPS 3/4"
A0026108		NPS 1"

TH54



TH55

Туре				Thermowell connection	Extension neck lengths in mm (in)
*			Type N	½" NPT external thread	25.4 mm (1 in)
Type N	N Type NUN		Type NUN	1/2" NPT external thread	101.6 mm (4 in) 177.8 mm (7 in)
		A0026181			

Housing

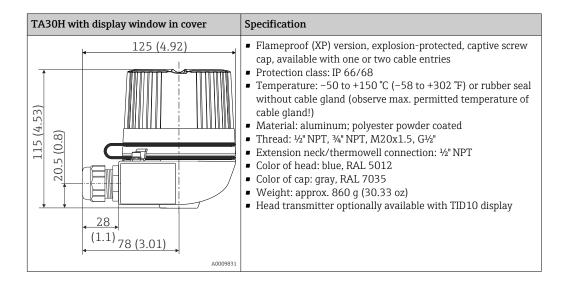
Terminal heads

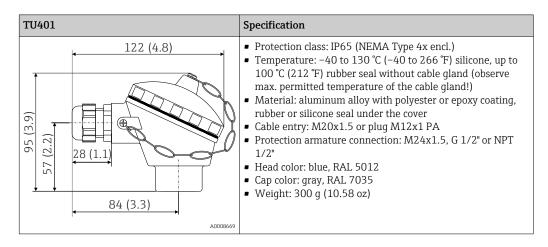
All terminal heads have an internal shape and size in accordance with DIN EN 50446, flat face and a thermometer connection with a $\frac{1}{2}$ " NPT thread. All dimensions in mm (in). Specifications without head transmitter installed. For ambient temperatures with head transmitter installed, see the Environment' section. $\rightarrow \blacksquare 10$

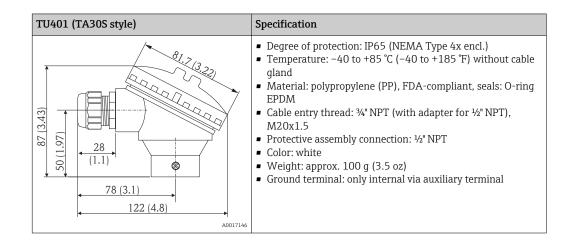
As a special feature, Endress+Hauser offers terminal heads with optimized terminal accessibility for easy installation and maintenance.

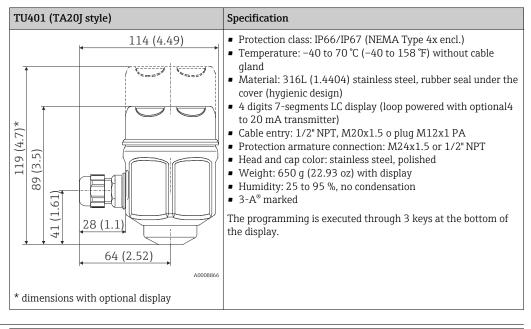


Some of the specifications listed below may not be available on this product line.

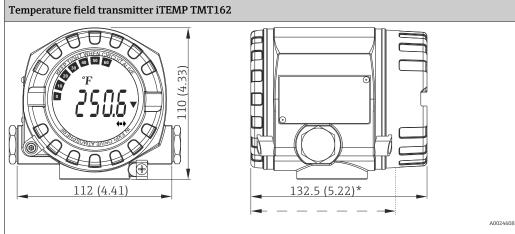








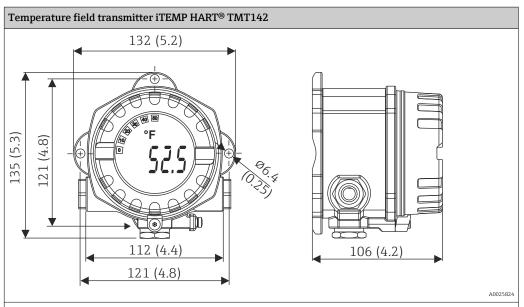
Field housings



- Separate electronics compartment and connection compartment
- Protection class: IP67, NEMA type 4x

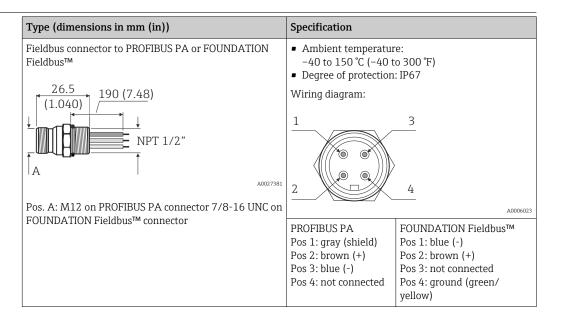
* Dimensions without display = 112 mm (4.41 in)

- Material: Die-cast aluminum housing AlSi10Mg with powder coating on polyester base, 316L
- Display rotatable in 90° increments
- Cable entry: 2x 1/2" NPT
- Brilliant blue backlit display with ease of visibility in bright sunshine or pitch darkness
- Gold plated terminals to avoid corrosion and additional measurement errors



- Protection class: IP67, NEMA type 4x
- Material: Die-cast aluminum housing AlSi10Mg with powder coating on polyester base
- Display rotatable in 90° increments
- Cable entry: 3x ½" NPT
- Brilliant blue backlit display with ease of visibility in bright sunshine or pitch darkness
- Gold plated terminals to avoid corrosion and additional measurement errors

Fieldbus connector



Certificates and approvals

CE Mark

The device meets the legal requirements of the EC directives if applicable. Endress+Hauser confirms that the device has been successfully tested by applying the CE mark.

Other standards and guidelines

- IEC 60529: Degree of protection of housing (IP code)
- IEC 61010-1: Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use – Part 1: General requirements
- IEC 60584 and ASTM E230/ANSI MC96.1: Thermocouples
- ASTM E-230: Standard Specification and Temperature-Electromotive Force (EMF) Tables for Standardized Thermocouples

- ASTM E839: American society for testing and materials, standard test methods for sheathed thermocouples and sheathed thermocouple material
- NEMA ANSI/NEMA 250: Enclosures for Electrical Equipment
- ASME PTC 19.3 TW2010: Performance test codes

UL Temperature transmitters UL recognized components under Category Code.file number QUYX8.E225237 and QUYX2.E225237

CSA GP

The installed and assembled temperature transmitters (iTEMP series) are CSA GP approved.

Ordering information

Product Configurator



Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration

Detailed ordering information is available from the following sources:

- In the Product Configurator on the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com → Select country → Instruments → Select device → Product page function: Configure this product
- From your Endress+Hauser Sales Center: www.endress.com/worldwide
- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
- Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress+Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

Communication-specific accessories

Configuration kit TXU10	Configuration kit for PC-programmable transmitter with setup software and interface cable for PC with USB port Order code: TXU10-xx
Commubox FXA195 HART	For intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB interface. For details, see "Technical Information" TI00404F
Commubox FXA291	Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with a CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) and the USB port of a computer or laptop. For details, see "Technical Information" TI00405C
HART Loop Converter HMX50	Is used to evaluate and convert dynamic HART process variables to analog current signals or limit values. For details, see "Technical Information" TI00429F and Operating Instructions BA00371F
Wireless HART adapter SWA70	Is used for the wireless connection of field devices. The WirelessHART adapter can be easily integrated into field devices and existing infrastructures, offers data protection and transmission safety and can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks with minimum cabling complexity. For details, see Operating Instructions BA061S
Fieldgate FXA320	Gateway for the remote monitoring of connected 4-20 mA measuring devices via a Web browser. For details, see "Technical Information" TI00025S and Operating Instructions BA00053S
Fieldgate FXA520	Gateway for the remote diagnostics and remote configuration of connected HART measuring devices via a Web browser. For details, see "Technical Information" TI00025S and Operating Instructions BA00051S
Field Xpert SFX100	Compact, flexible and robust industry handheld terminal for remote configuration and for obtaining measured values via the HART current output (4-20 mA). For details, see Operating Instructions BA00060S

Service-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Applicator	Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices: Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum measuring device: e.g. pressure loss, accuracy or process connections. Graphic illustration of the calculation results
	Administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project.
	Applicator is available: Via the Internet: https://wapps.endress.com/applicator On CD-ROM for local PC installation.

Configurator*temperature	Software for selecting and configuring the product depending on the measuring task, supported by graphics. Includes a comprehensive knowledge database and calculation tools: For temperature competence Quick and easy design and sizing of temperature measuring points Ideal measuring point design and sizing to suit the processes and needs of a wide range of industries The "Configurator" is available: On request from your Endress+Hauser sales office on a CD-ROM for local PC installation.
W@M	Life cycle management for your plant W@M supports you with a wide range of software applications over the entire process: from planning and procurement, to the installation, commissioning and operation of the measuring devices. All the relevant device information, such as the device status, spare parts and device-specific documentation, is available for every device over the entire life cycle. The application already contains the data of your Endress+Hauser device. Endress +Hauser also takes care of maintaining and updating the data records. W@M is available: Via the Internet: www.endress.com/lifecyclemanagement On CD-ROM for local PC installation.
FieldCare	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S

System components

Accessories	Description
Energy manager RMS621	Accurate and reliable calculations for the monitoring and control of energy consumption (both produced and consumed) according to international standards. For details, see the "Technical Information" document TI092R/24/AE
Deltabar S/Cerabar S	Pressure transmitters with diaphragm seal for level measurements in gases or liquids. For details, see "Technical Information"

Documentation

Brief operating instructions

- TH53 Thermocouple assembly in thermowell, KA00196R/24/EN
- TH54 Thermocouple assembly, KA00197R/24/AE
- TH55 Thermocouple assembly, KA00198R/24/AE

Technical Information

- Temperature transmitter iTEMP HART® TMT82, TI01010T/09/EN
- Temperature field transmitter iTEMP TMT162, TI00086R/09/EN
- Temperature field transmitter iTEMP HART® TMT142, TI00107R/09/EN
- Temperature head transmitter iTEMP PCP TMT181, TI00070R/09/EN
- Temperature head transmitter iTEMP HART® TMT182, TI00078R/09/EN

Application example

- Temperature transmitter iTEMP PCP DIN rail TMT121, TI00087R/09/EN
- Technical information Cerabar S, TI00383P/00/EN
- Technical information Deltabar S, TI384r/24/AE



www.addresses.endress.com

